

PROPAGATION OF UHE HEAVY NUCLEI IN THE GALACTIC MAGNETIC FIELD

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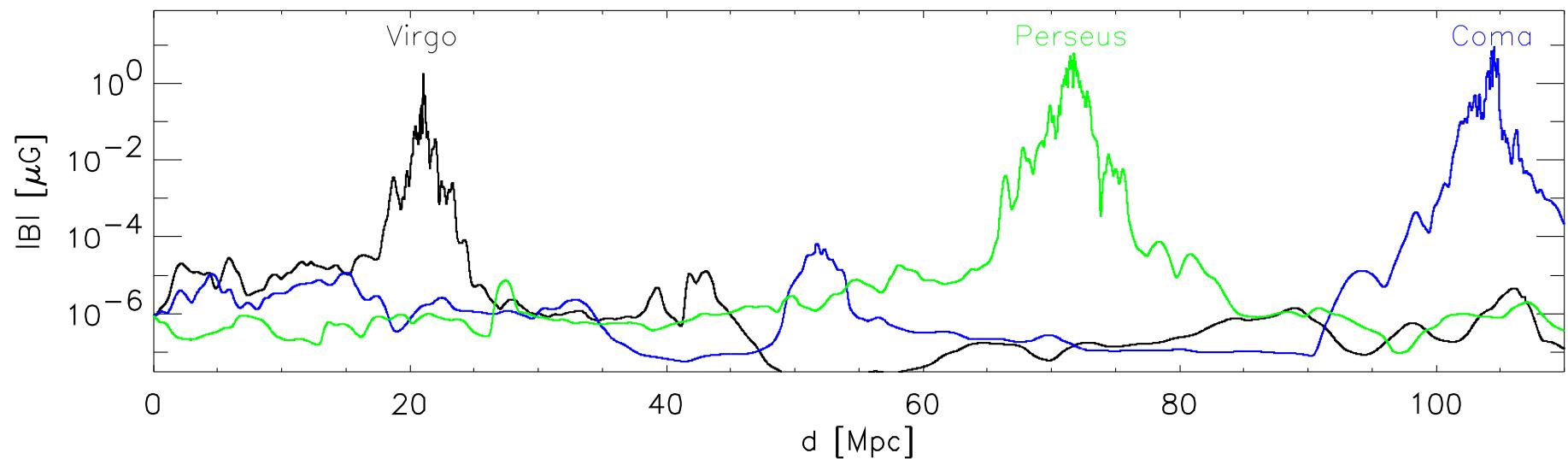
arXiv:1006.5416

Goal of the study:

- Composition at the highest energies:
Auger, Yakutsk vs HiRes.
 - > Study the propagation of UHE heavy nuclei (iron), with $E > 60$ EeV, in the Galactic Magnetic Field.
- Most of the previous works done for protons and light nuclei: search for sources, etc.

I - Models of the Galactic Magnetic Field

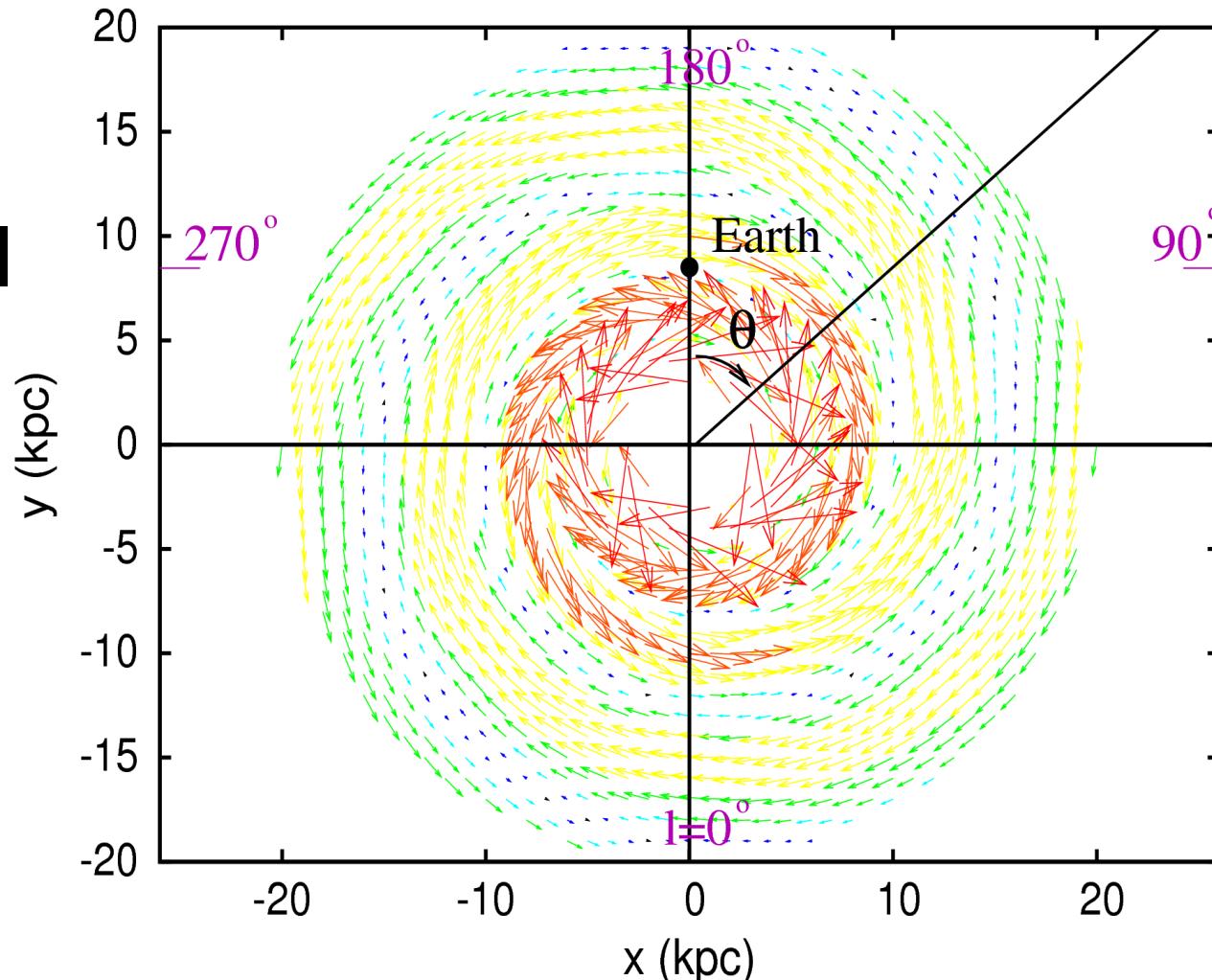
Extragalactic magnetic field neglected here
K. Dolag *et al.* vs G. Sigl et al. ([astro-ph/0401084](#))



K. Dolag *et al.*, [astro-ph/0410419](#)

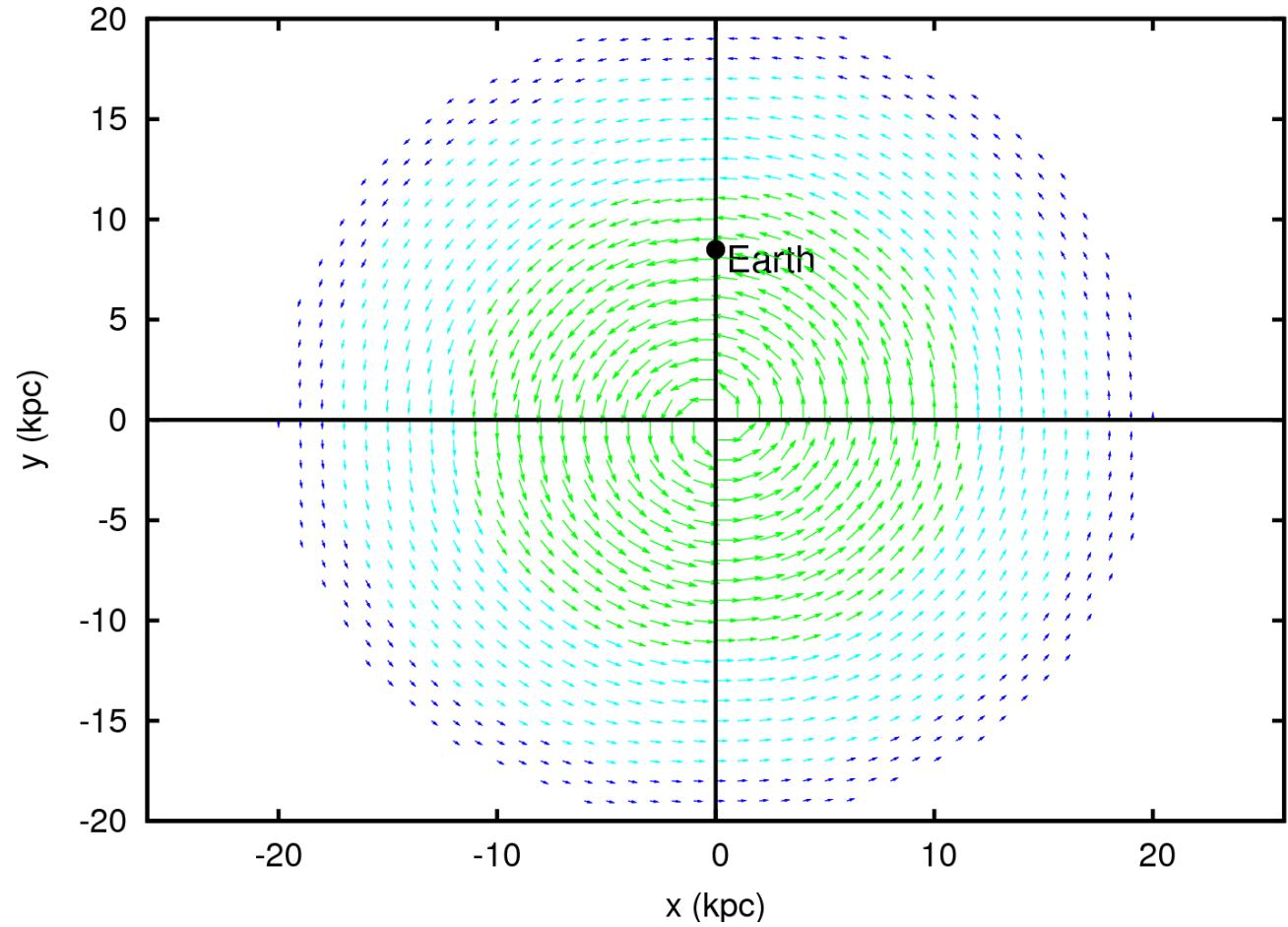
The regular Galactic MF: disk + toroidal component (+ central dipole)

PS
disk model
[astro-ph/
0510444](#)



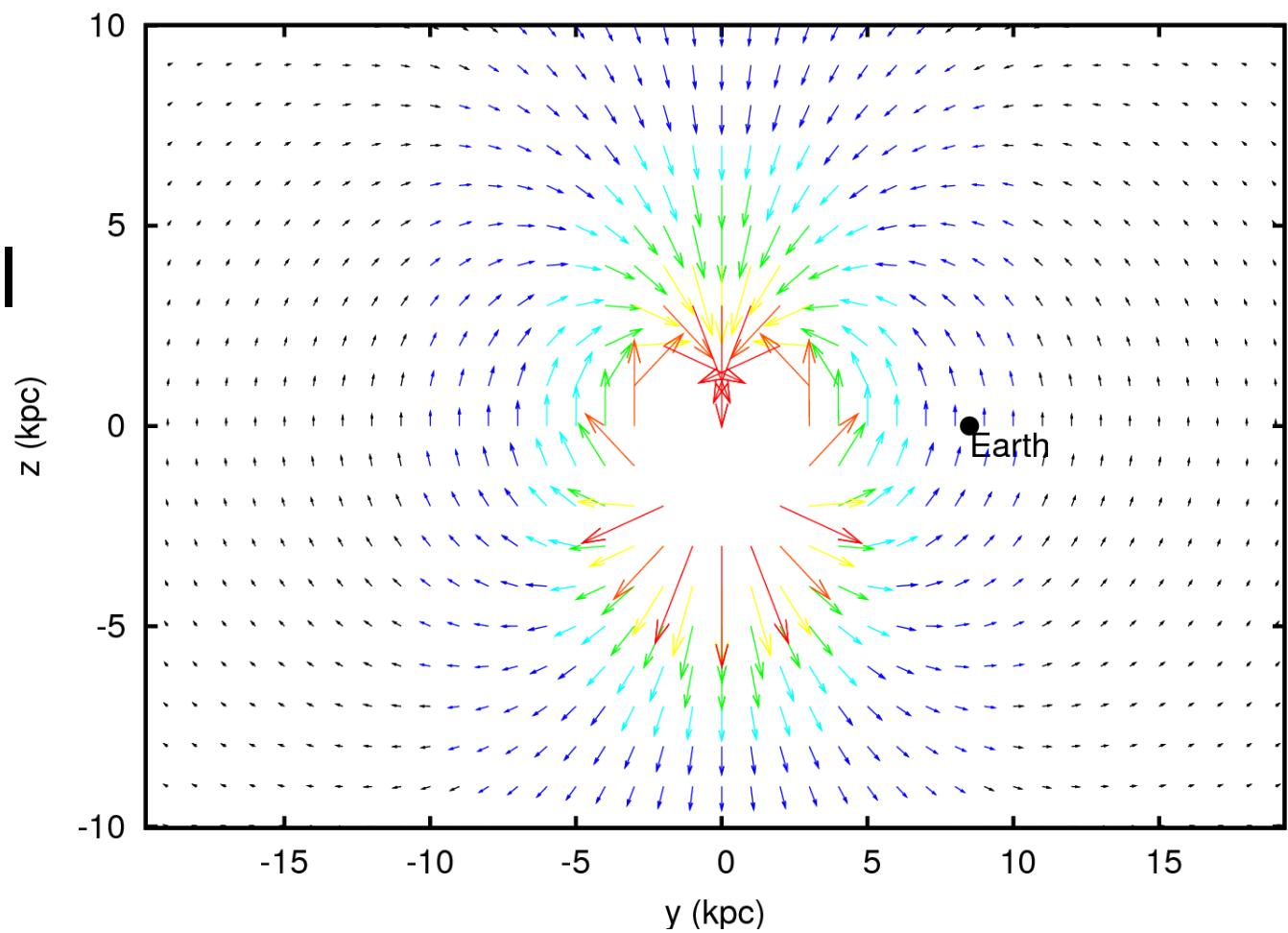
The regular Galactic MF:

PS
halo model
(here,
 $z=1.5\text{kpc}$)



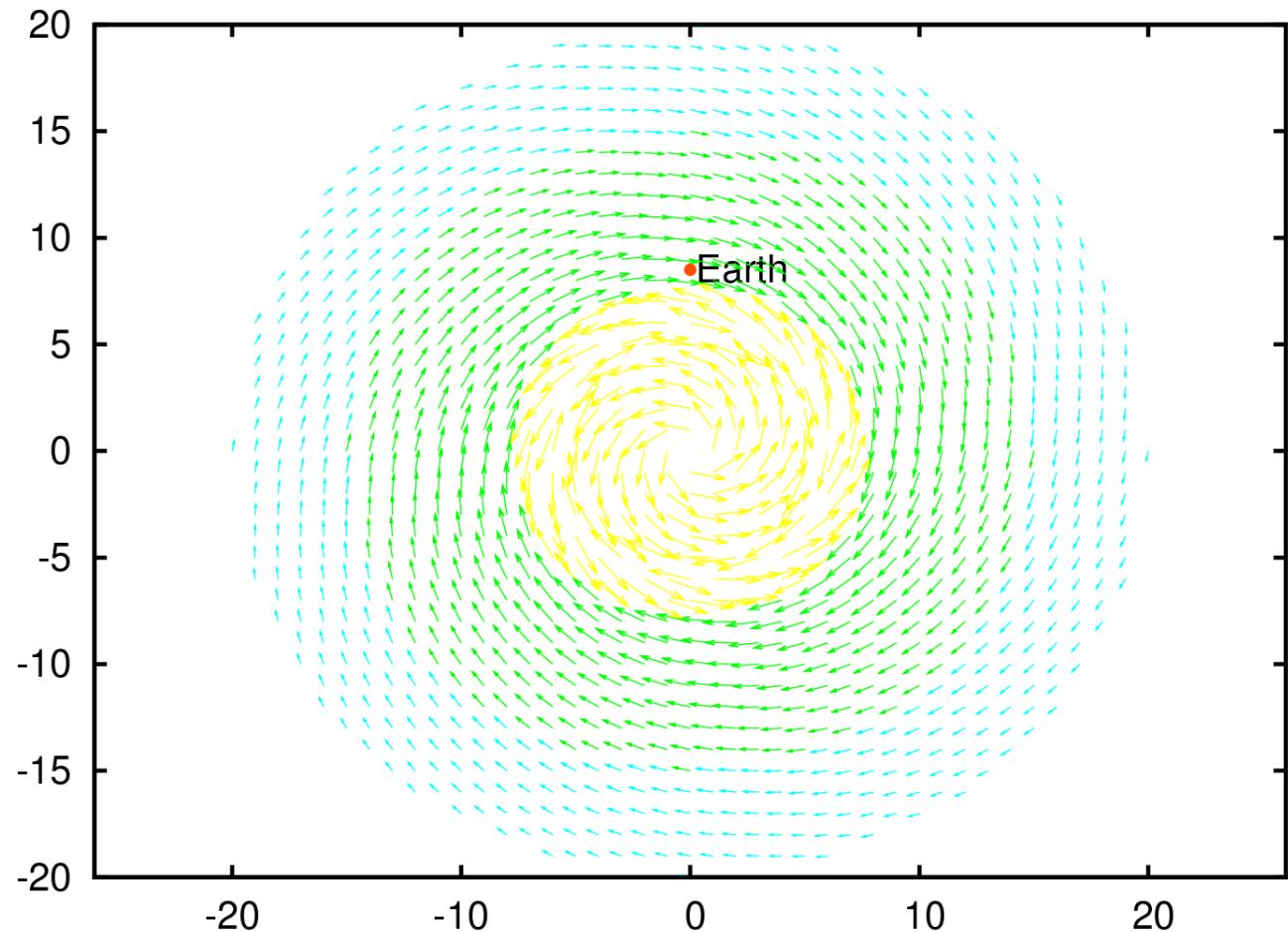
The regular Galactic MF:

PS
dipole model



The regular Galactic MF:

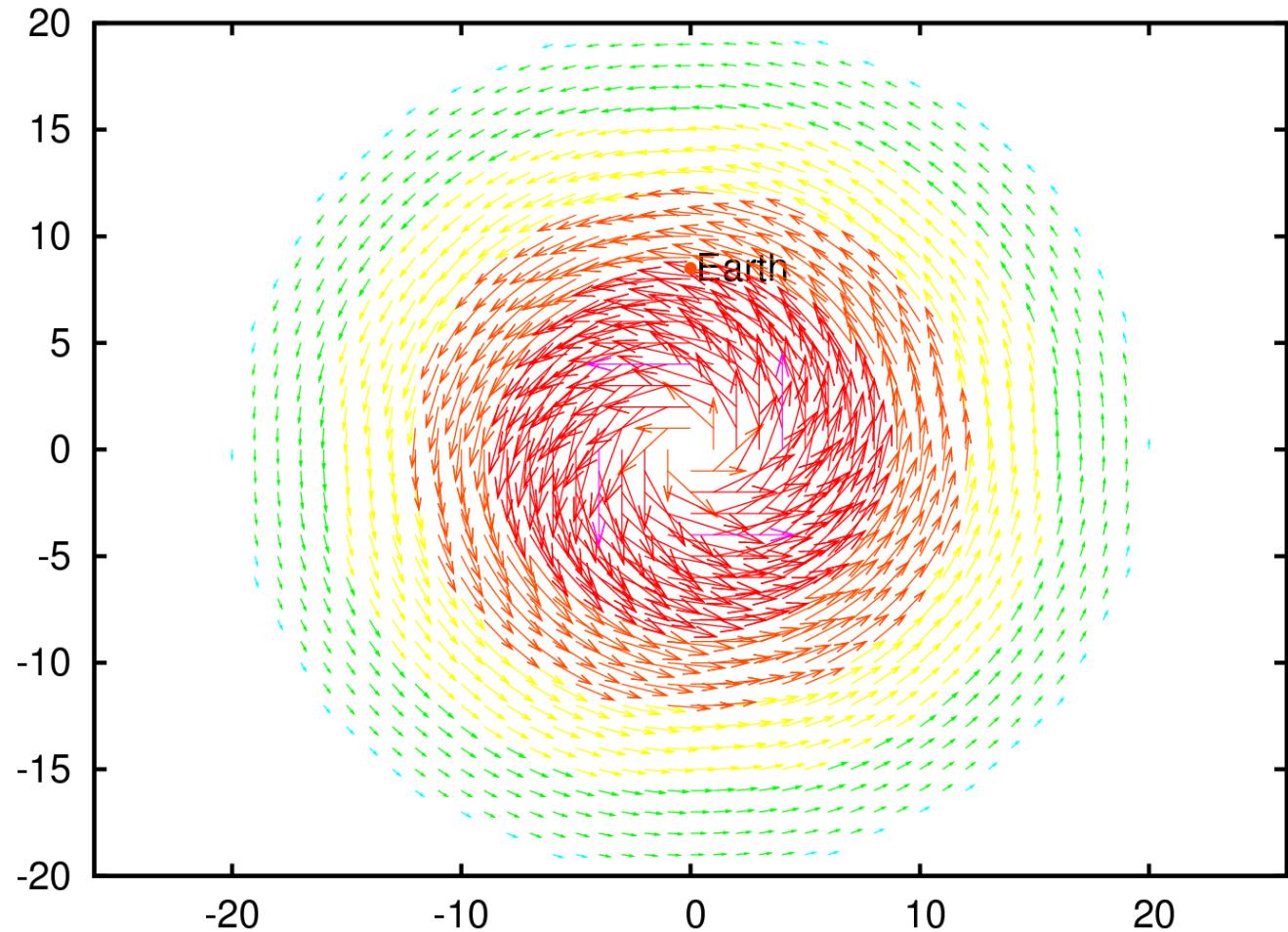
Sun08
disk model



Sun *et al.* astro-ph/0711.1572

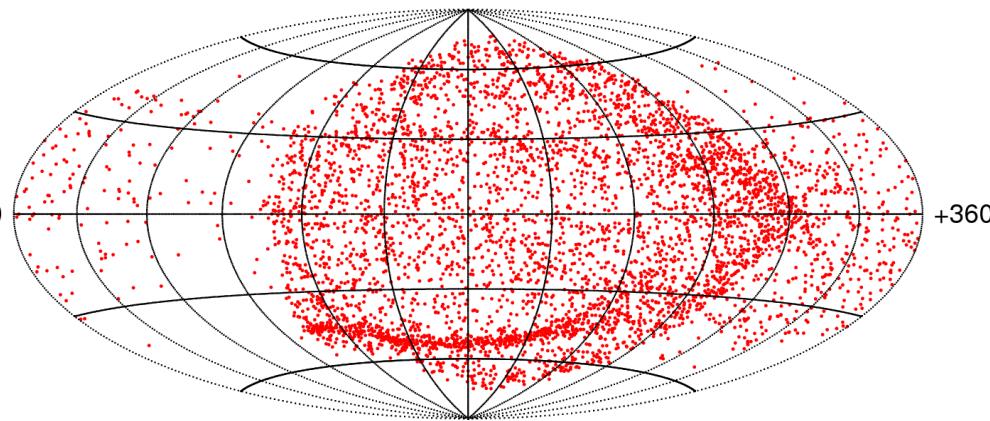
The regular Galactic MF:

Sun08
halo model



The turbulent Galactic MF:

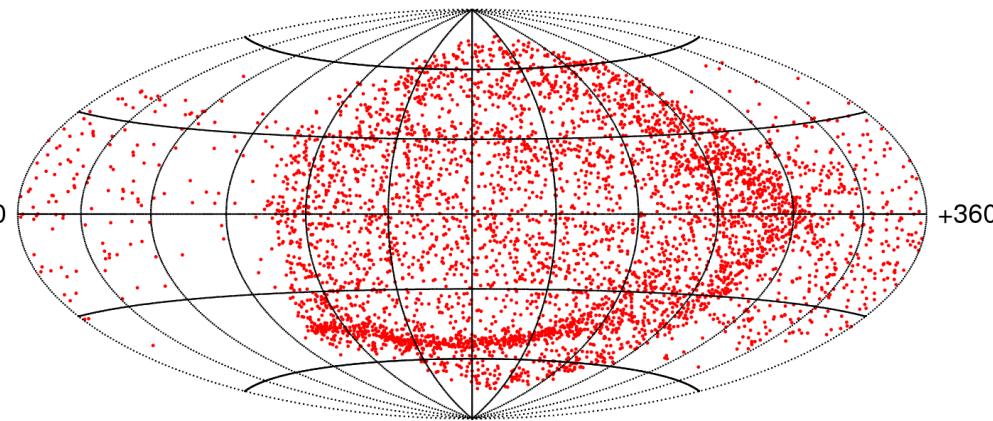
Regular GMF



60 EeV iron in the PS model. $\Delta E/E=6\%$.

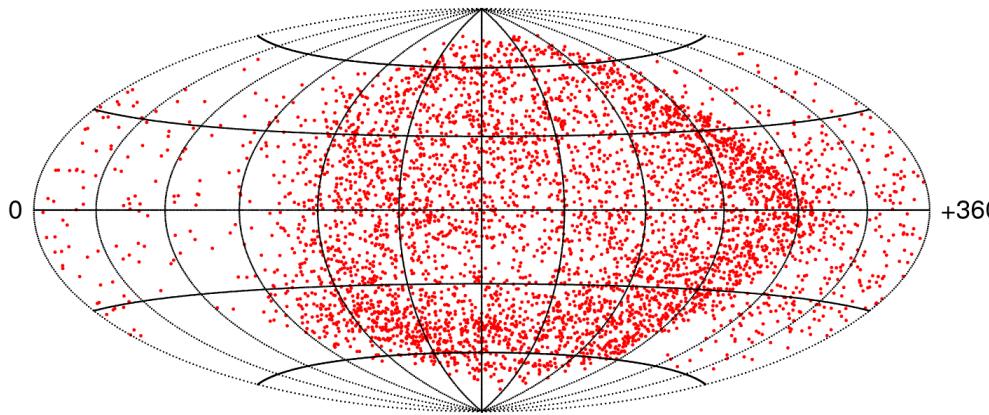
The turbulent Galactic MF:

Regular GMF



60 EeV iron in the PS model. $\Delta E/E = 6\%$.

**Regular +
turbulent GMF**

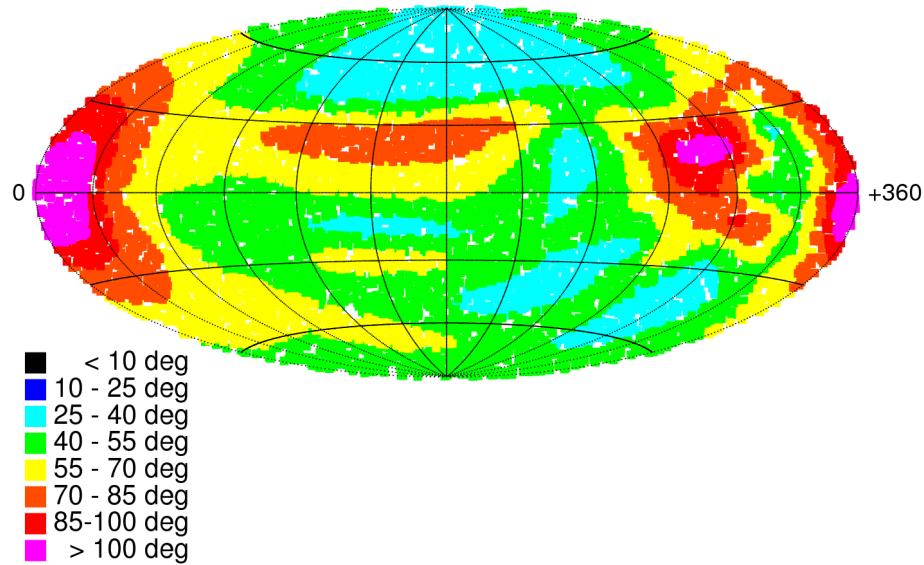


Turbulent field: $B_{rms}(\text{Earth}) = 4 \mu\text{G}$, $L_c = 50 \text{ pc}$

II – Backtracing heavy nuclei in the GMF

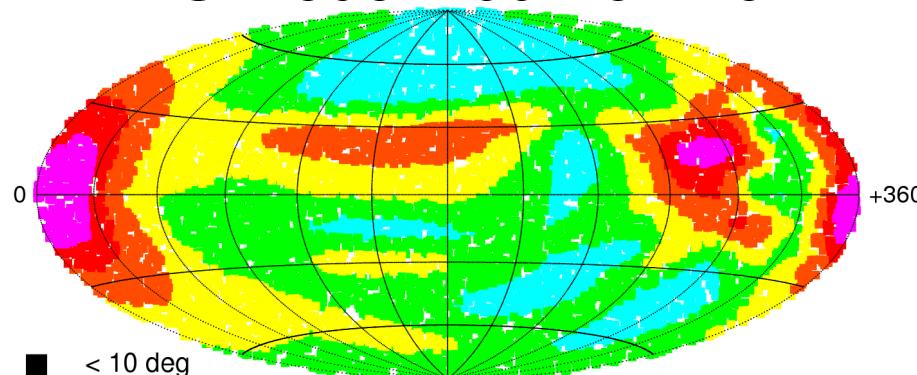
Deflection angles on the celestial sphere:

PS model - 60 EeV iron



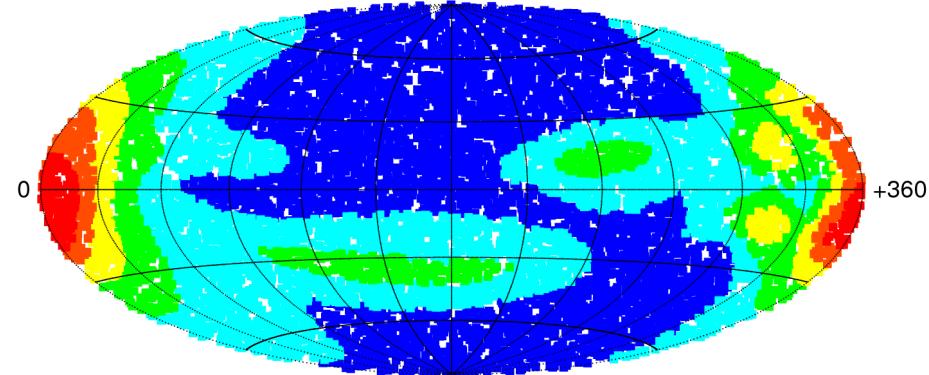
Deflection angles on the celestial sphere:

PS model - 60 EeV iron



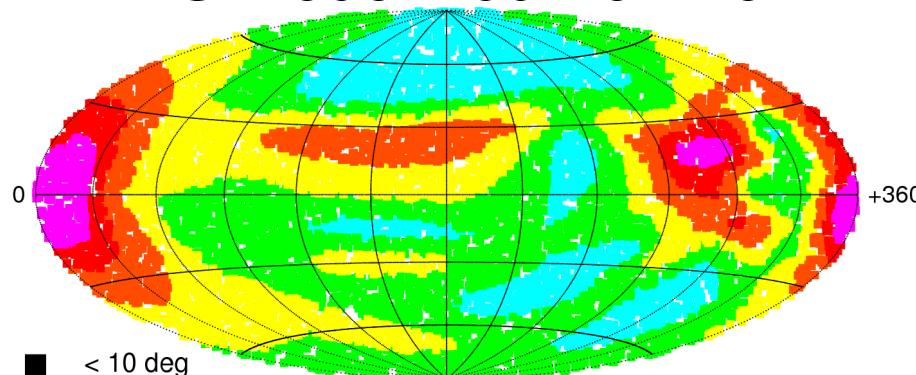
- < 10 deg
- 10 - 25 deg
- 25 - 40 deg
- 40 - 55 deg
- 55 - 70 deg
- 70 - 85 deg
- 85-100 deg
- > 100 deg

140 EeV



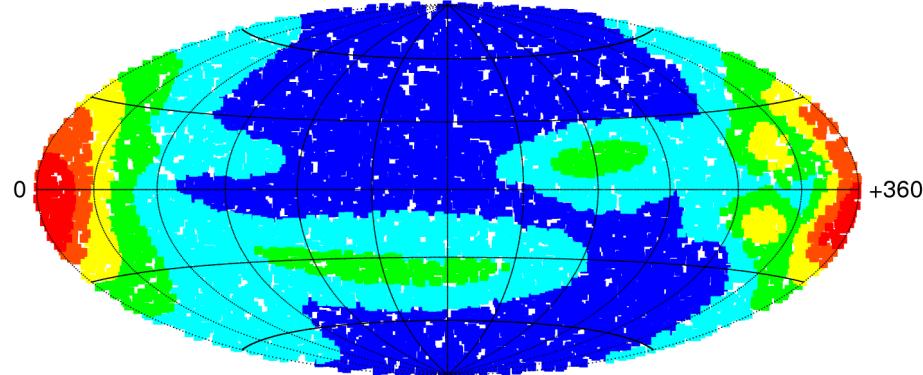
Deflection angles on the celestial sphere:

PS model - 60 EeV iron

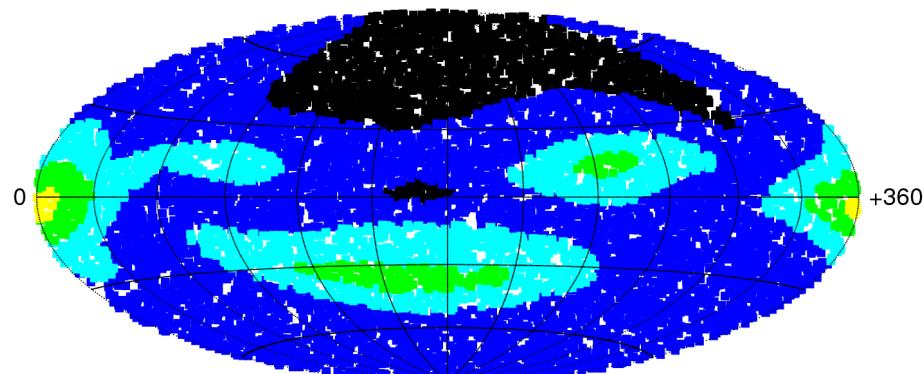
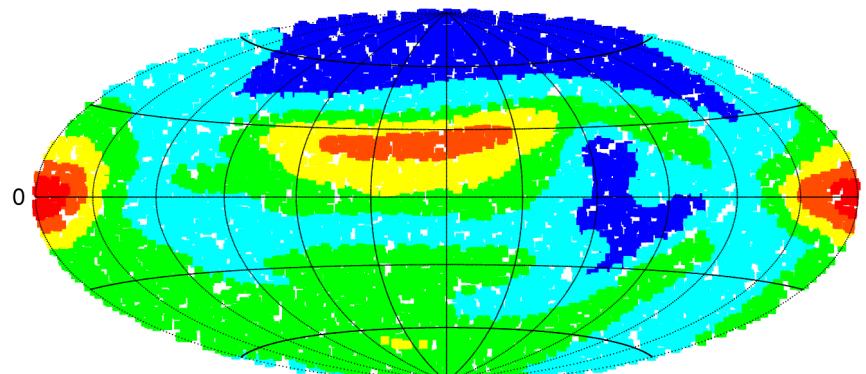


- < 10 deg
- 10 - 25 deg
- 25 - 40 deg
- 40 - 55 deg
- 55 - 70 deg
- 70 - 85 deg
- 85-100 deg
- > 100 deg

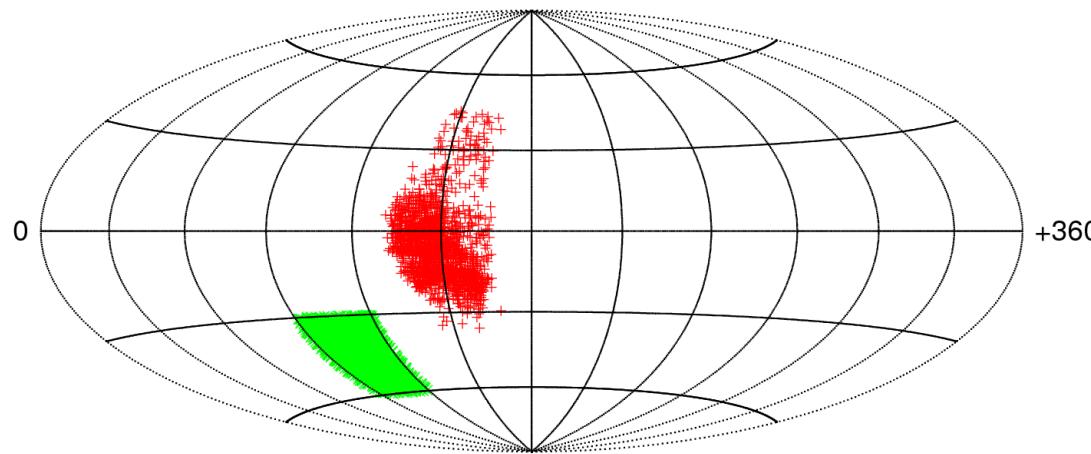
140 EeV



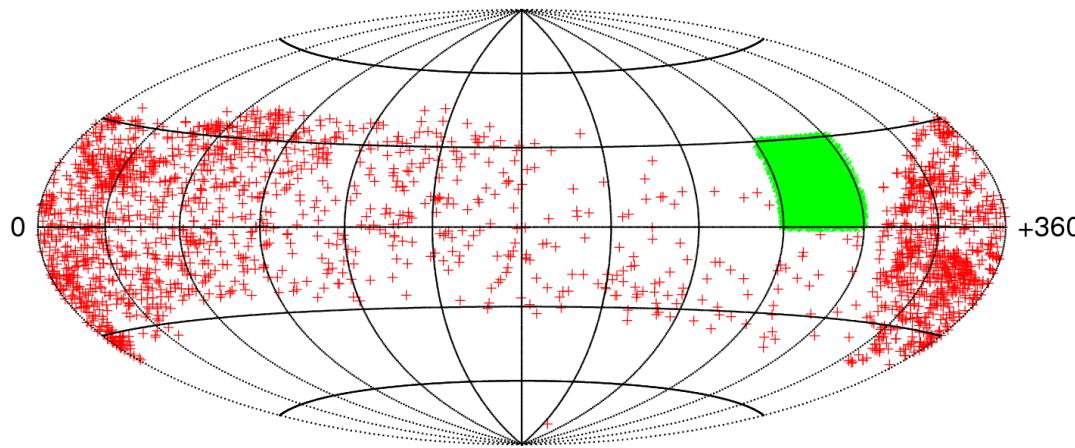
10 times weaker dipole field :



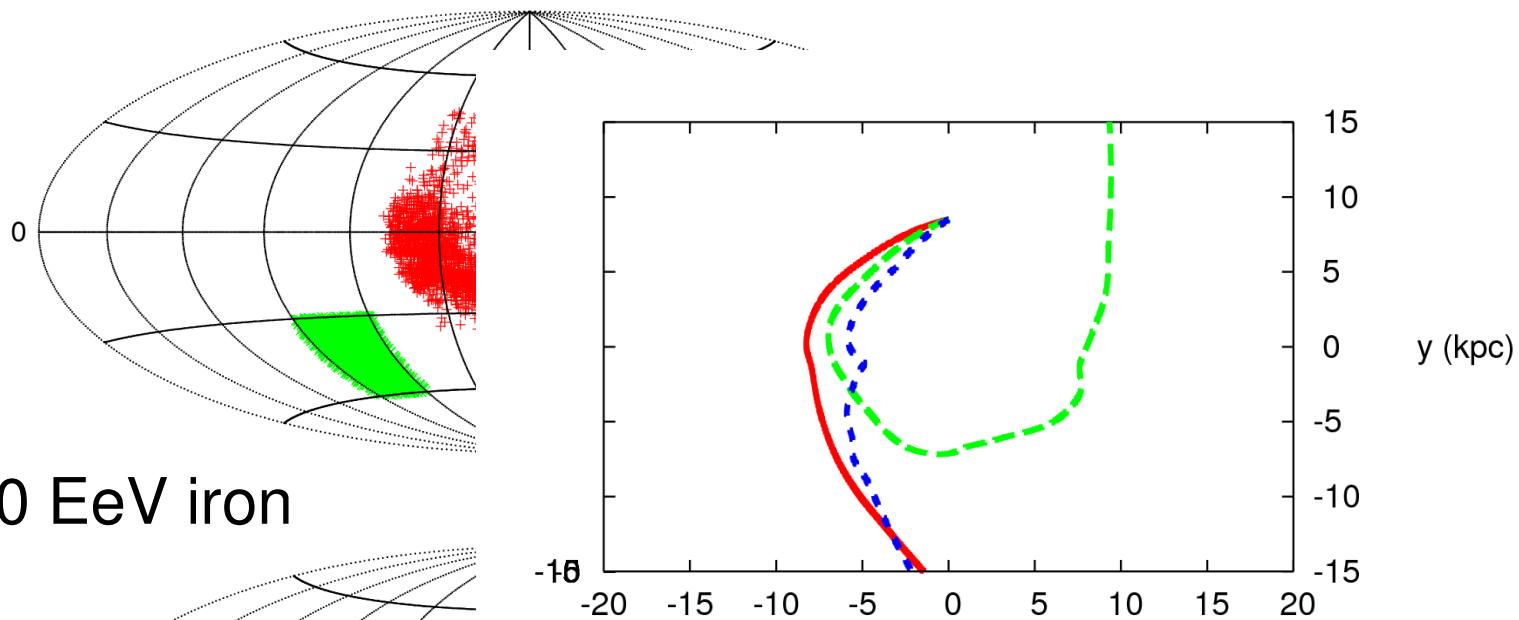
Extragalactic sources contributing in a part of the sky:



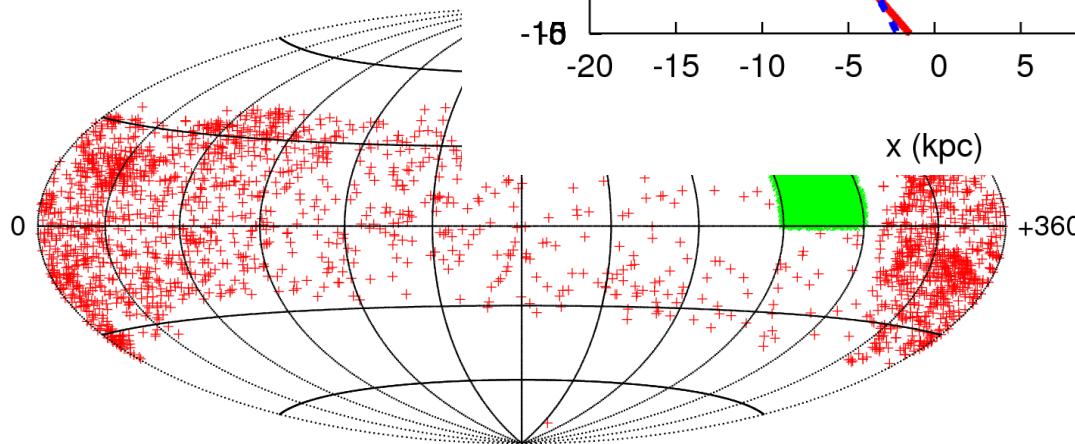
PS model - 60 EeV iron



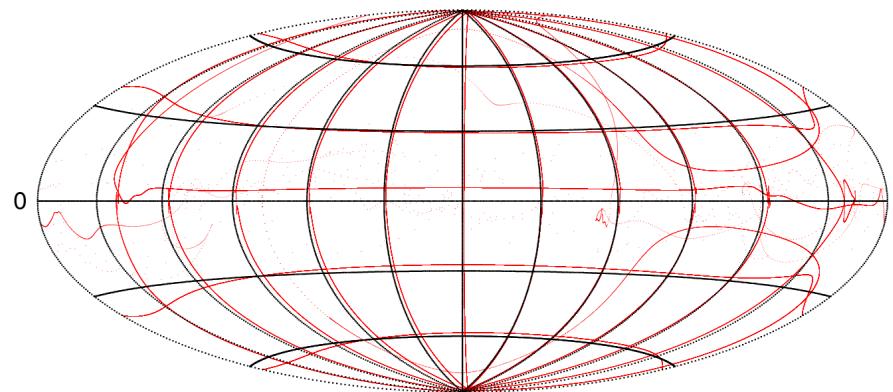
Extragalactic sources contributing in a part of the sky:



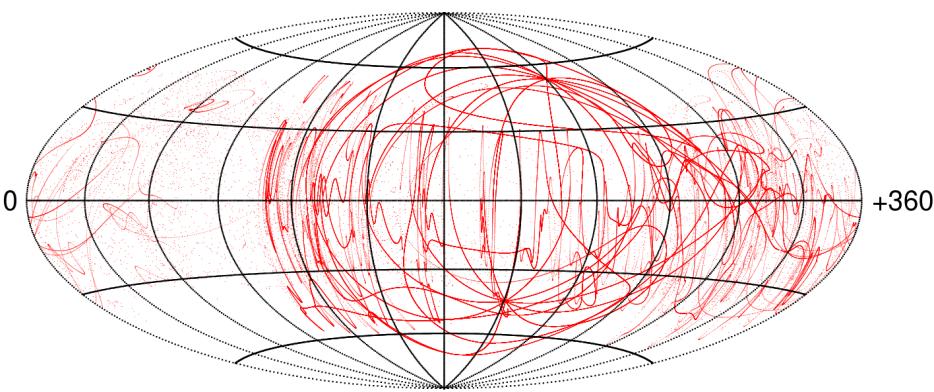
PS model - 60 EeV iron



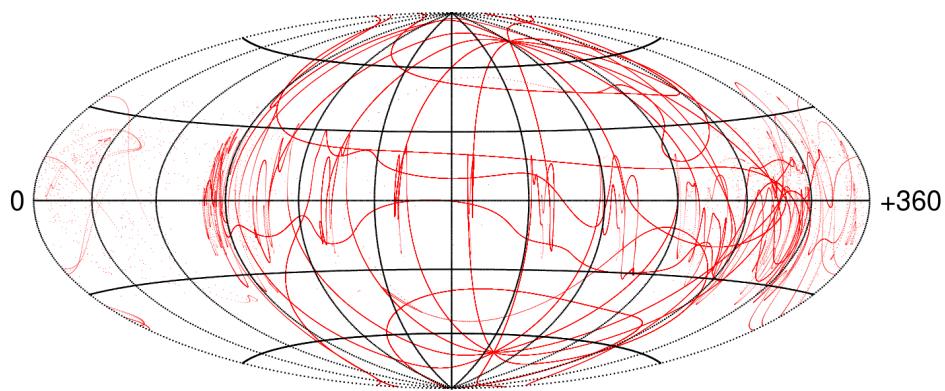
Grids backtraced in the GMF (PS model):



60 EeV protons



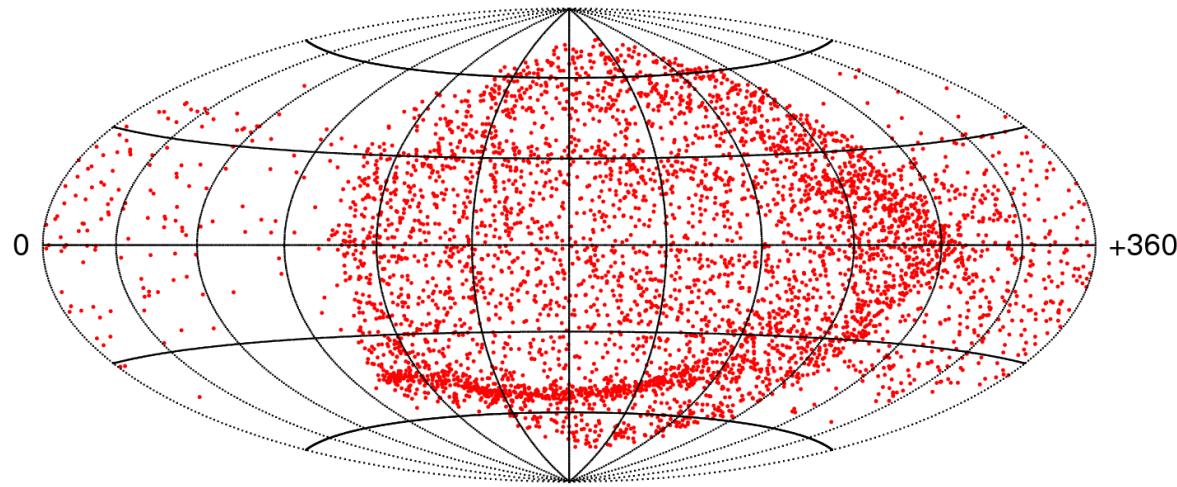
60 EeV iron nuclei



140 EeV iron nuclei

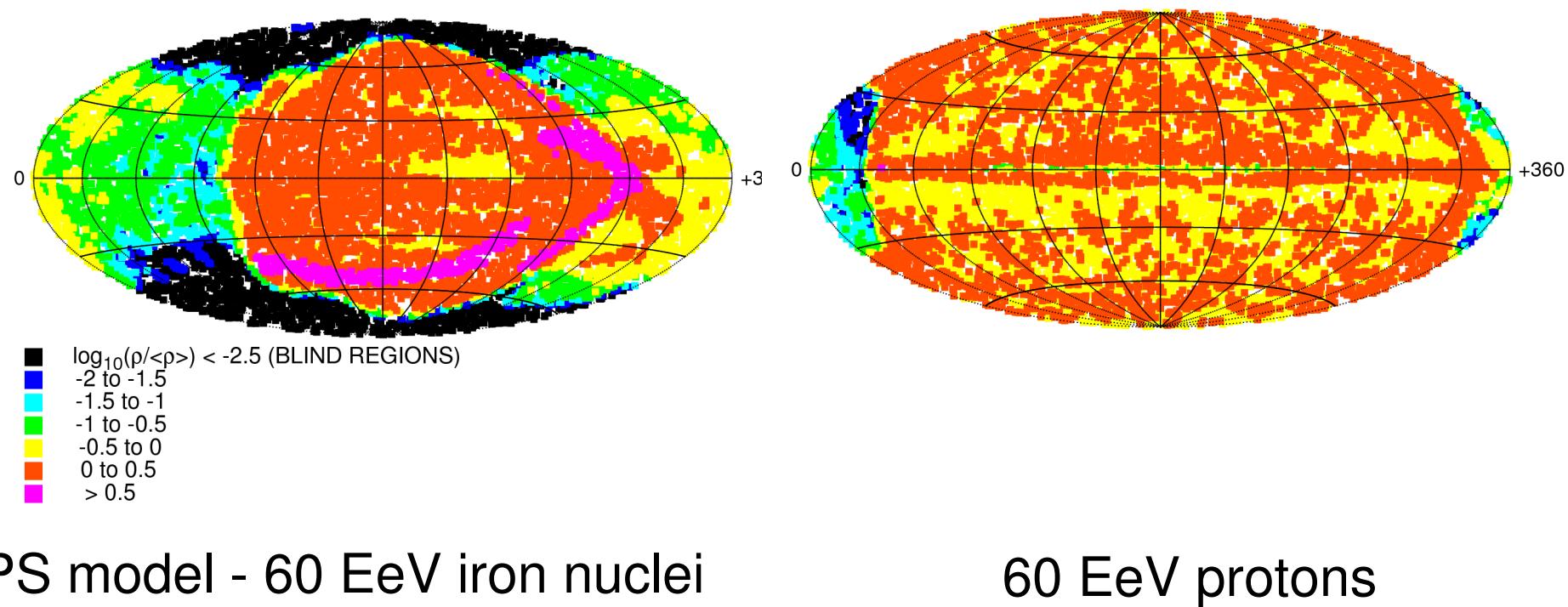
III – Magnetic lensing: (de)magnification of fluxes

Densities of outgoing backtraced nuclei and amplification factor:

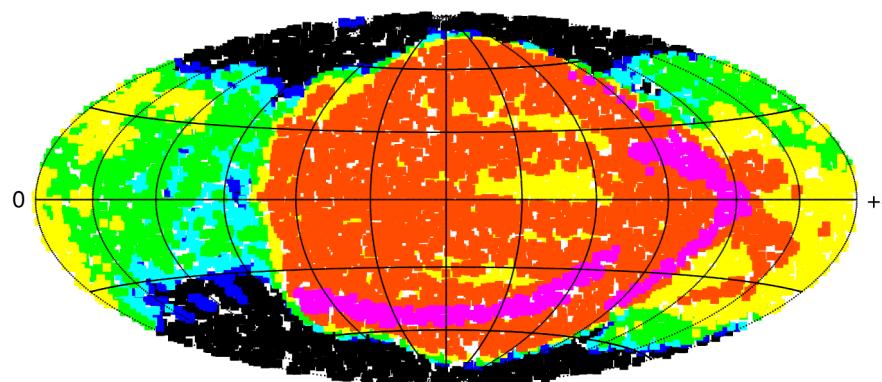


PS model - 60 EeV iron

(De)magnification of fluxes of individual sources:

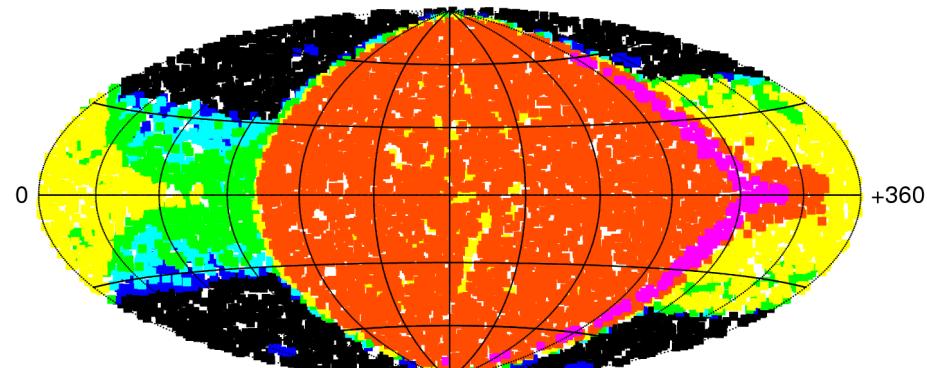


(De)magnification of fluxes of individual sources:

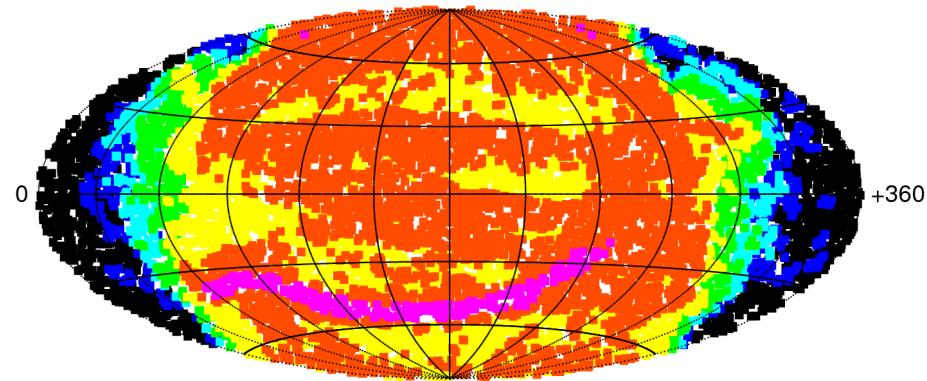


$\log_{10}(\rho/\langle\rho\rangle) < -2.5$ (BLIND REGIONS)
-2 to -1.5
-1.5 to -1
-1 to -0.5
-0.5 to 0
0 to 0.5
 > 0.5

PS model - 60 EeV iron nuclei

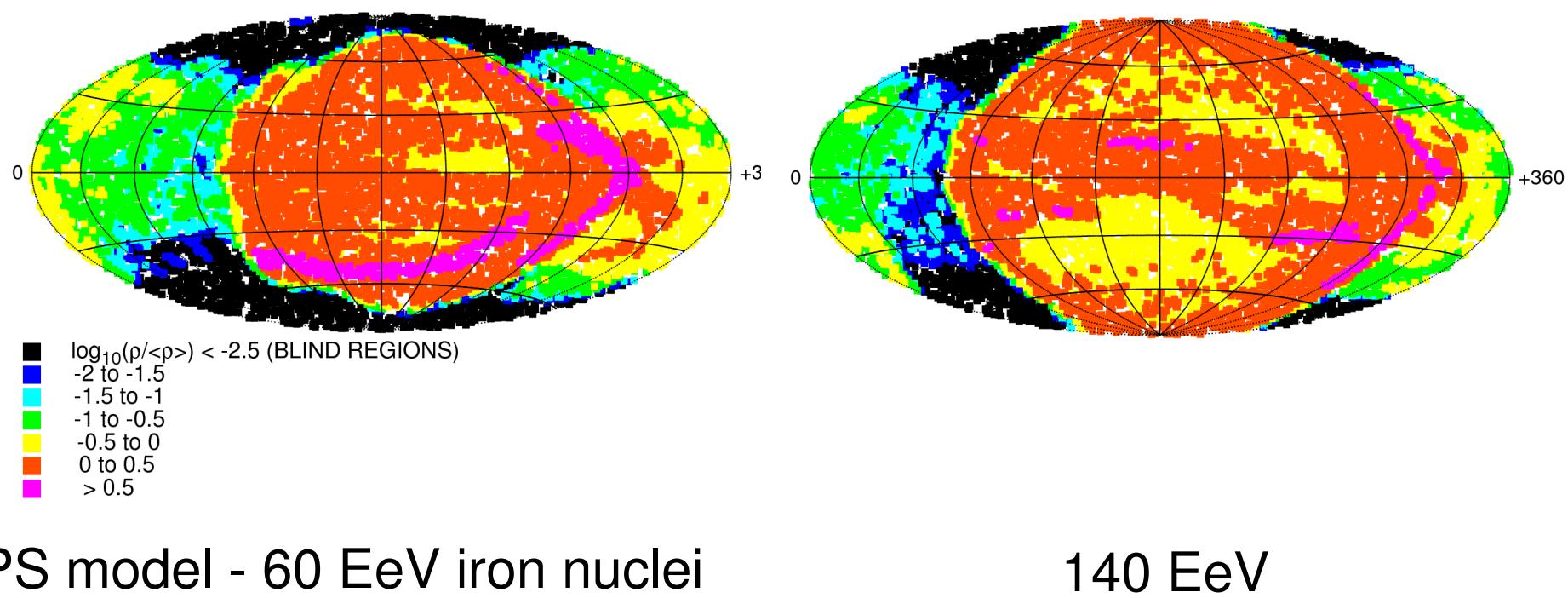


Dipole only

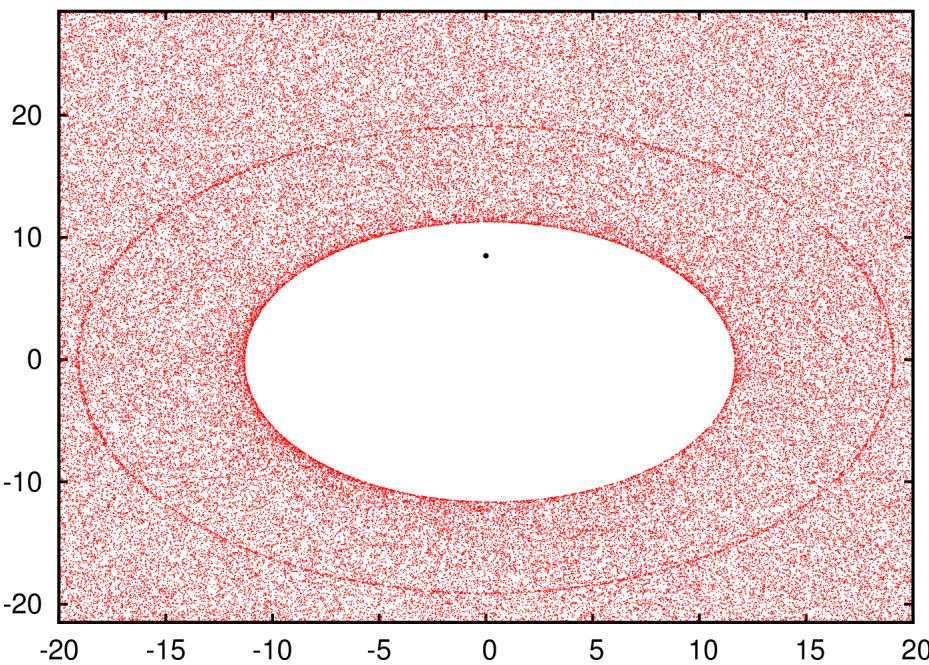


No dipole

(De)magnification of fluxes of individual sources:

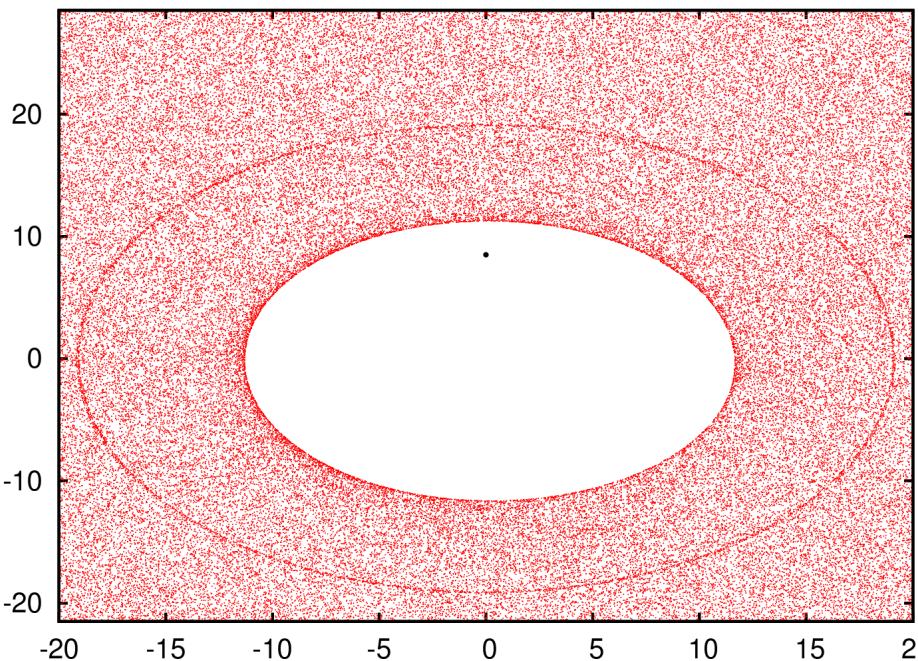


UHE iron nuclei, from a point source at the
Galactic North pole, crossing the Galactic plane:

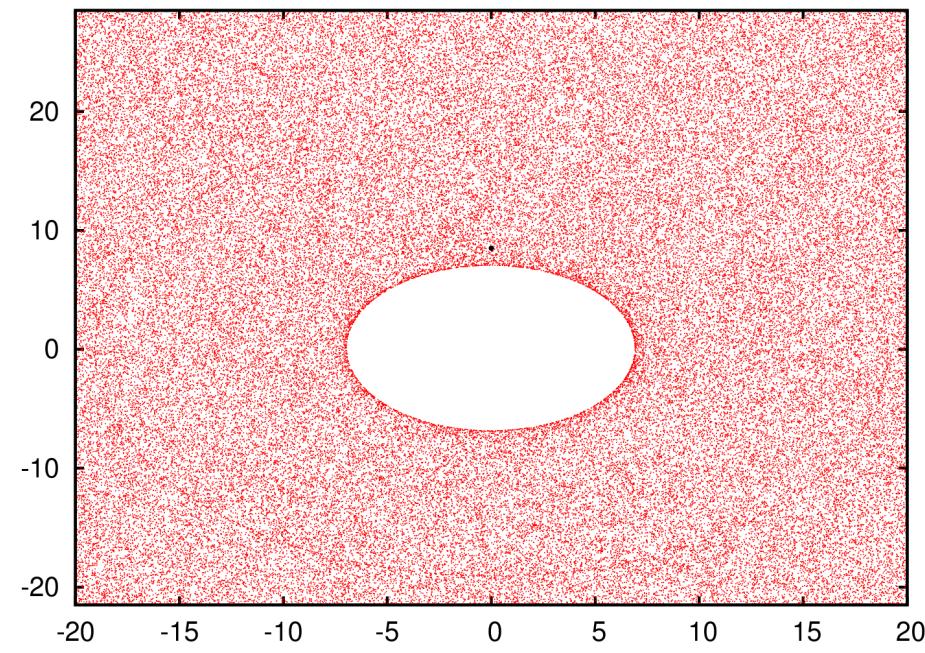


PS model - 60 EeV

UHE iron nuclei, from a point source at the
Galactic North pole, crossing the Galactic plane:

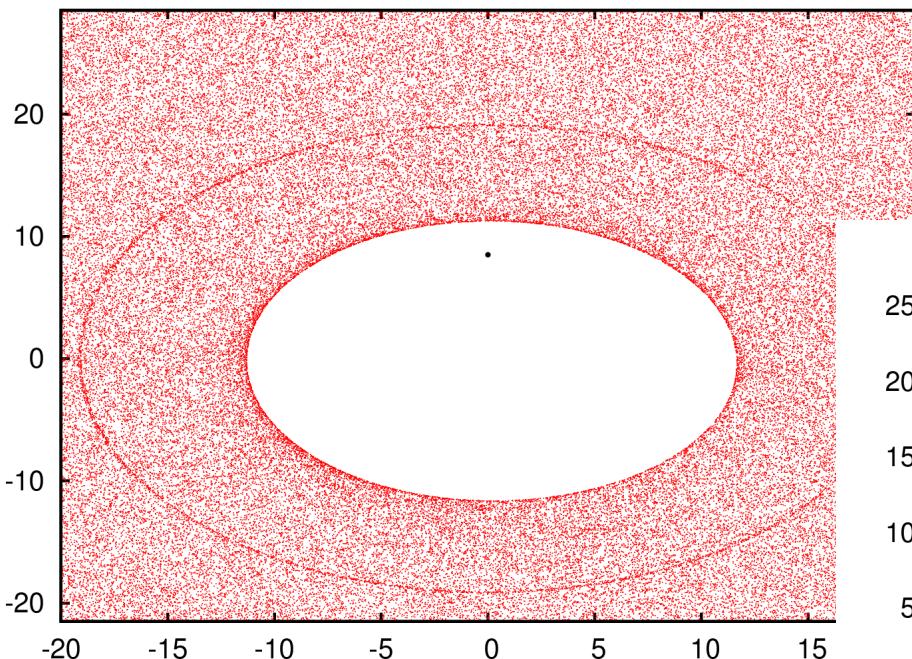


PS model - 60 EeV

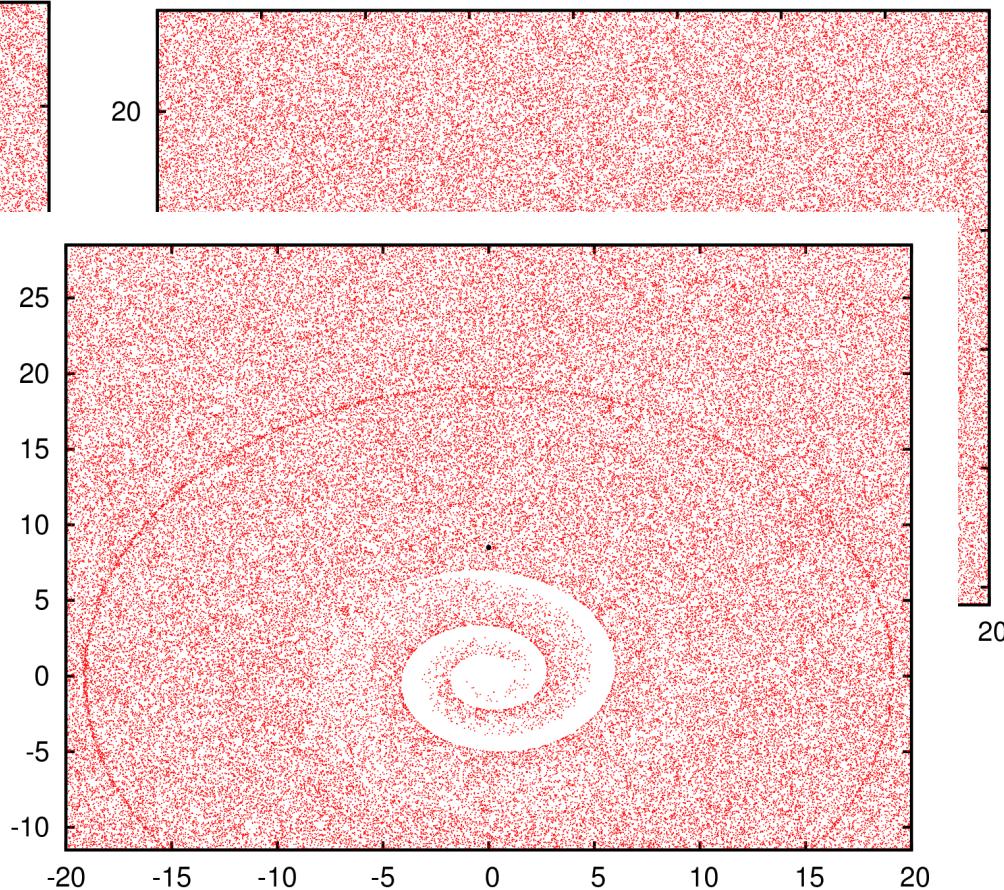


140 EeV

UHE iron nuclei, from a point source at the
Galactic North pole, crossing the Galactic plane:

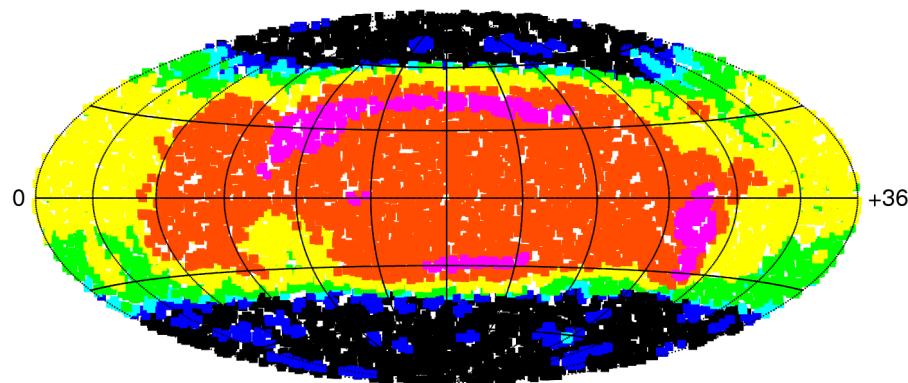


PS model - 60 EeV

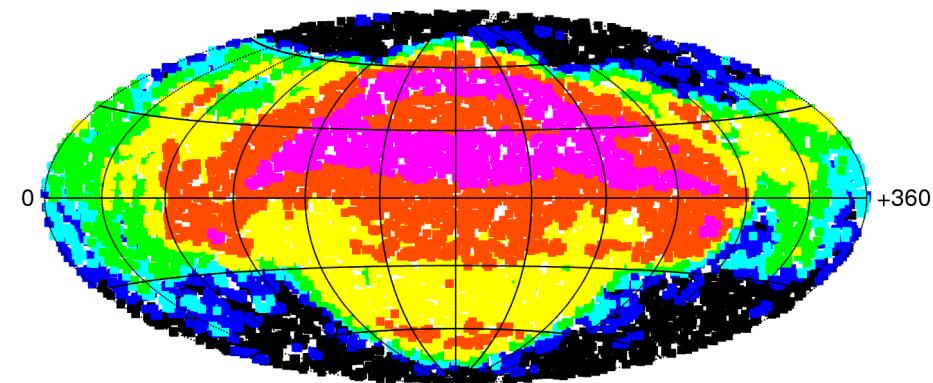


60 EeV – no dipole

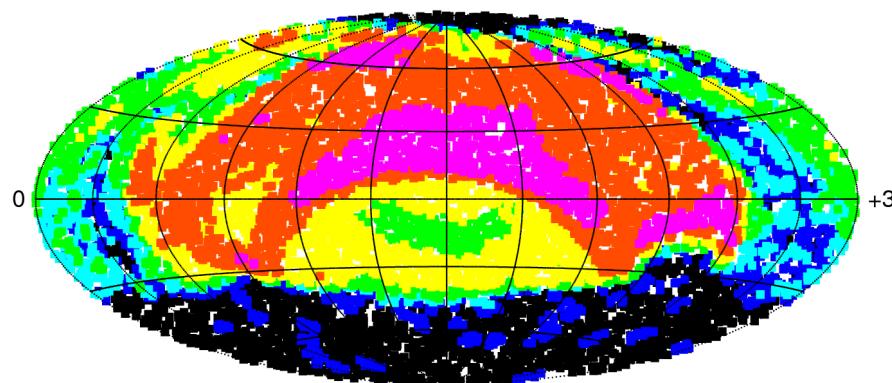
Model dependence :



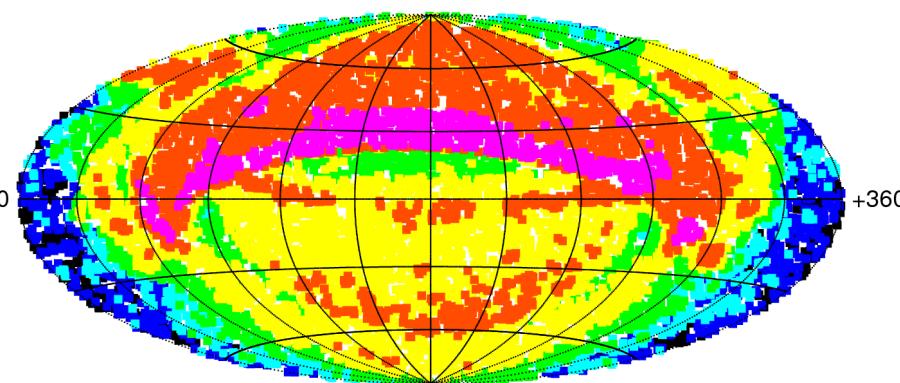
Sun08 - 60 EeV iron nuclei



Sun08 - 140 EeV

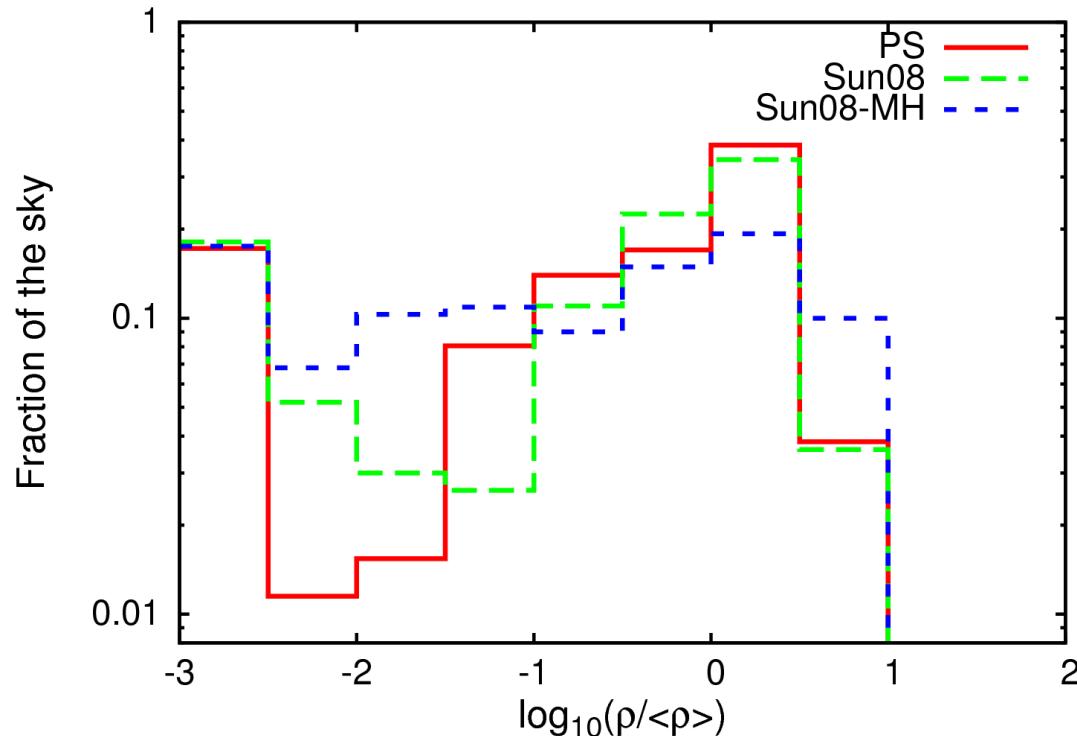


Sun08-MH - 60 EeV

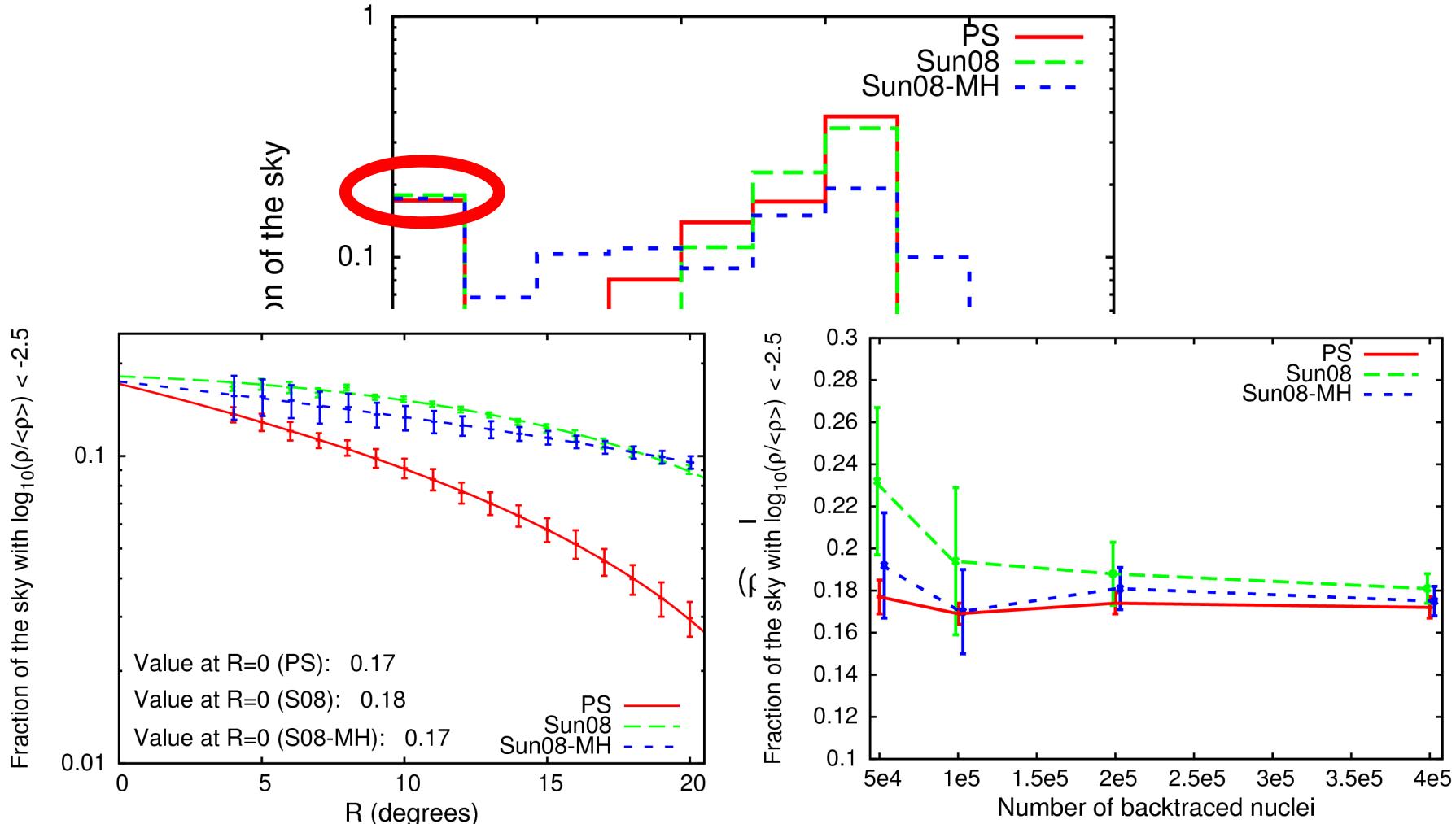


Sun08-MH - 140 EeV

Histogram of fractions of the sky outside the Galaxy with given (de)magnification (60EeV iron):

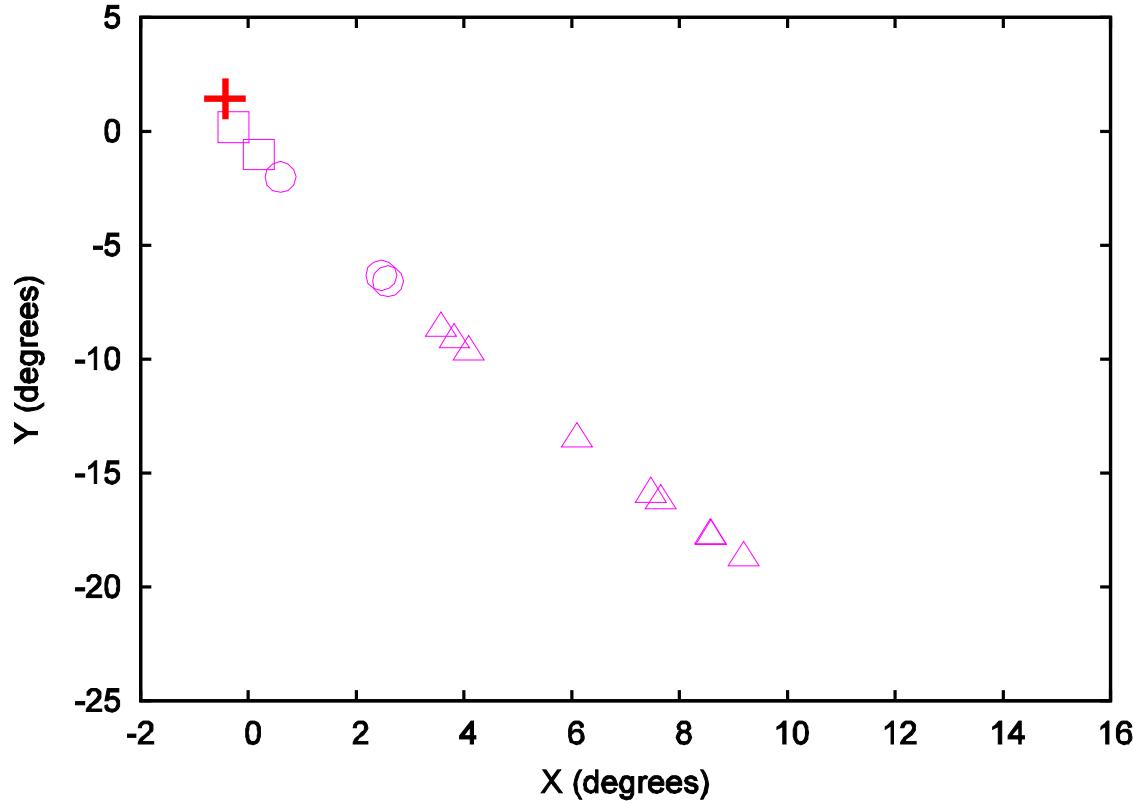


Histogram of fractions of the sky outside the Galaxy with given (de)magnification (60EeV iron):



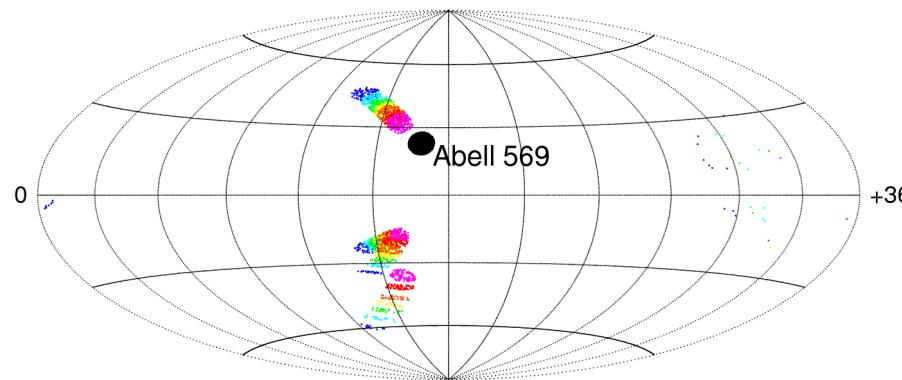
IV – Search for astrophysical sources of UHE heavy nuclei

Search for UHE proton (or light nuclei) sources :

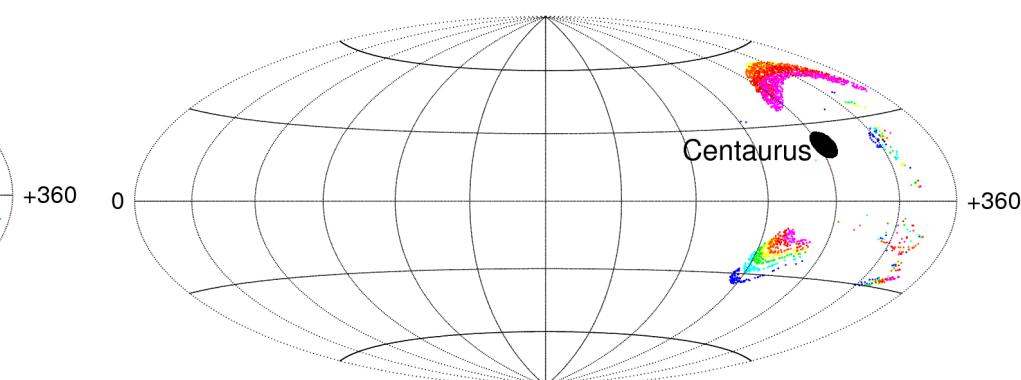


For example: G.G., X.Derkx, D.V.Semikoz, [astro-ph/0907.1035](https://arxiv.org/abs/0907.1035)

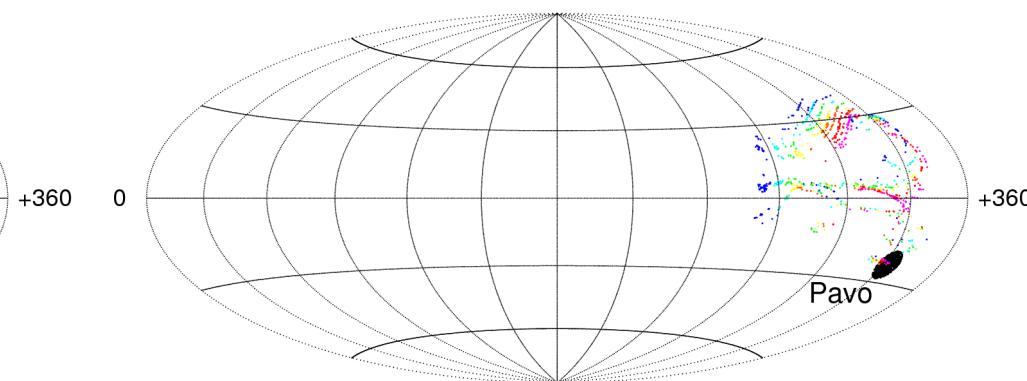
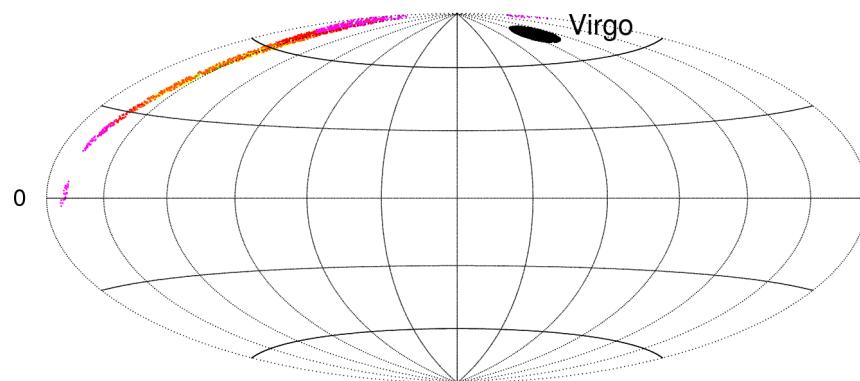
Search for UHE heavy nuclei sources :



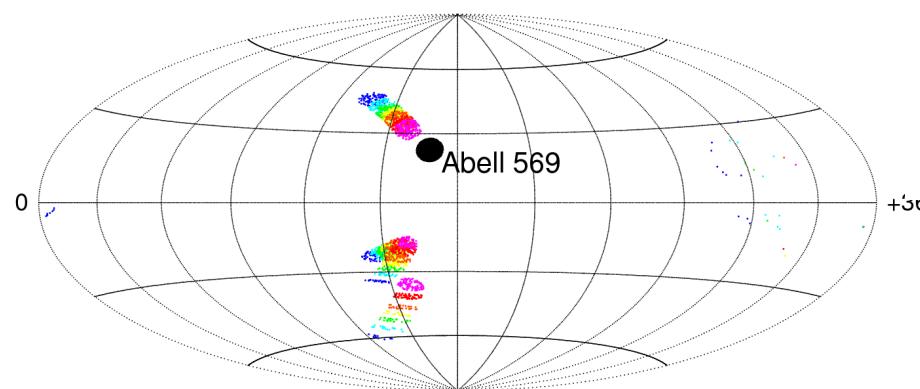
60 EeV
70 EeV
80 EeV
90 EeV
100 EeV
120 EeV
140 EeV



PS model

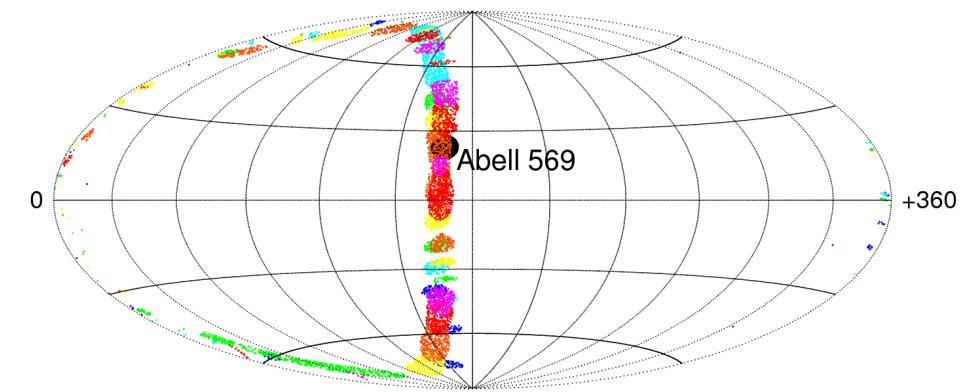


Model dependence :

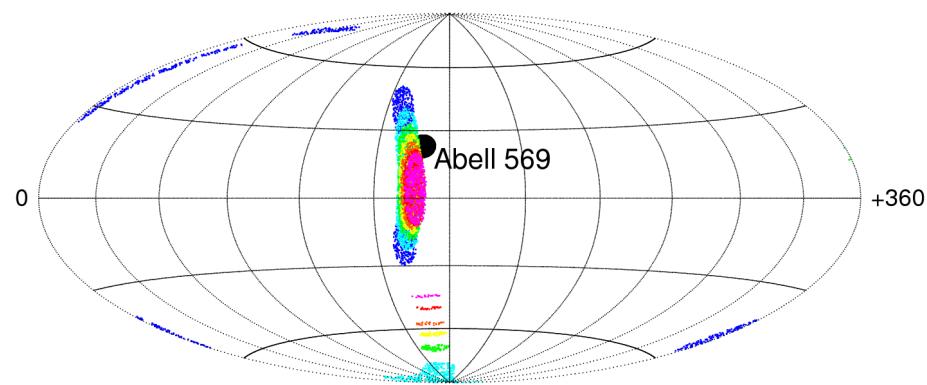


60 EeV
70 EeV
80 EeV
90 EeV
100 EeV
120 EeV
140 EeV

PS

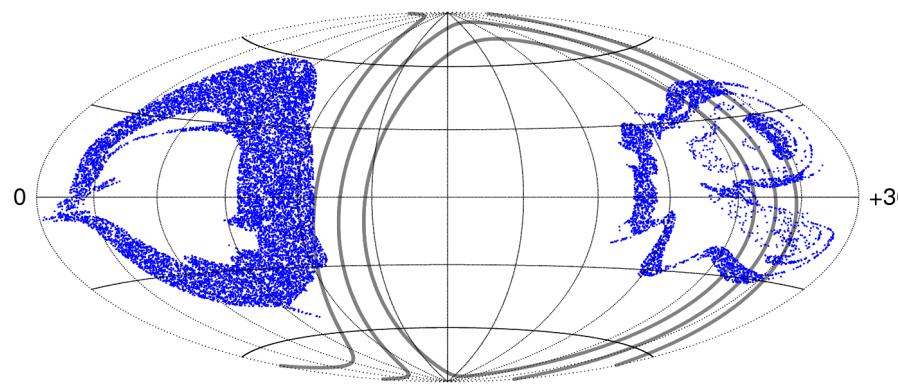


Sun08



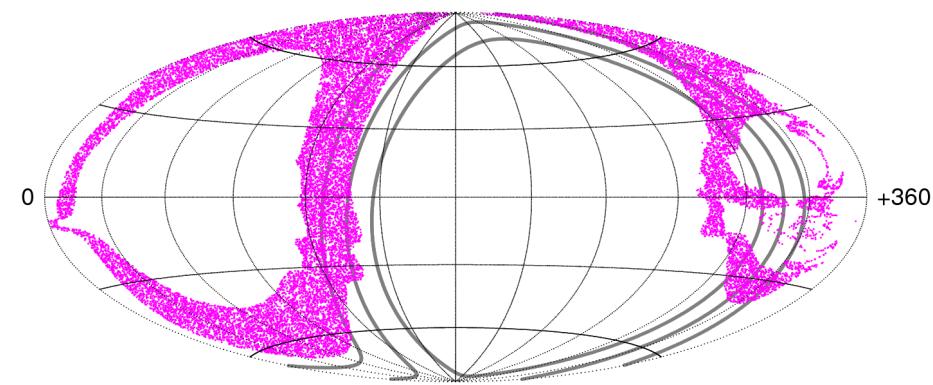
Sun08-MH

Image of the supergalactic plane ($|sgb| < 10^\circ$) :



60 EeV iron

PS model



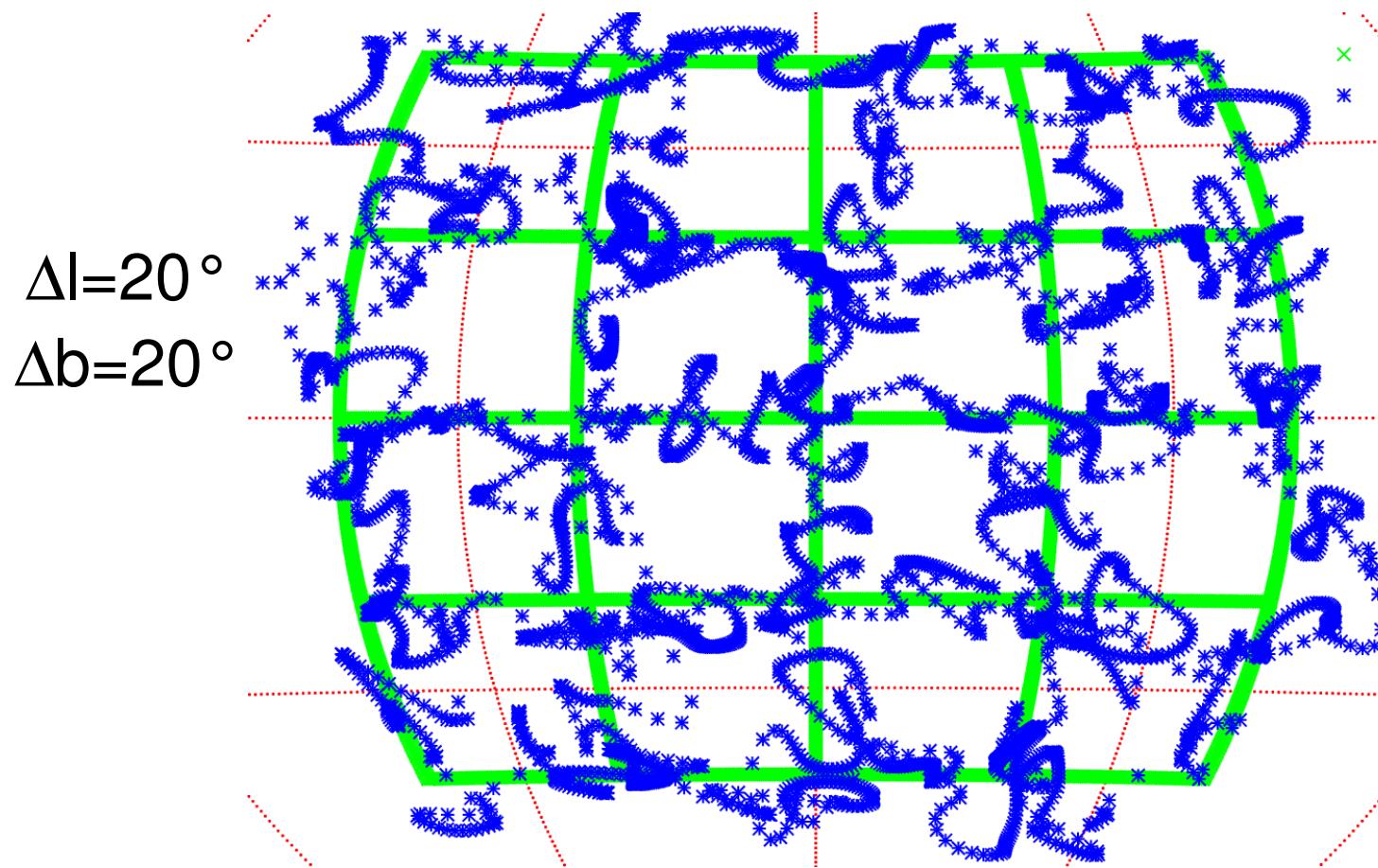
140 EeV iron

Conclusion - perspectives :

- We backtraced iron nuclei with $E > 60 \text{ EeV}$ in models of the regular GMF,
- Studied effects of no « one-to-one » correspondance, and of magnetic lensing,
- « Blind regions »: some sources do not contribute to the flux detected at Earth,
- Effects rarely noticeable with proton or light nuclei sources,
- Some sources may be detectable, but a better knowledge on the GMF (SKA, LOFAR,...) would be needed for better algorithms.
- Model dependent results, but general ideas to keep in mind when analysing data.

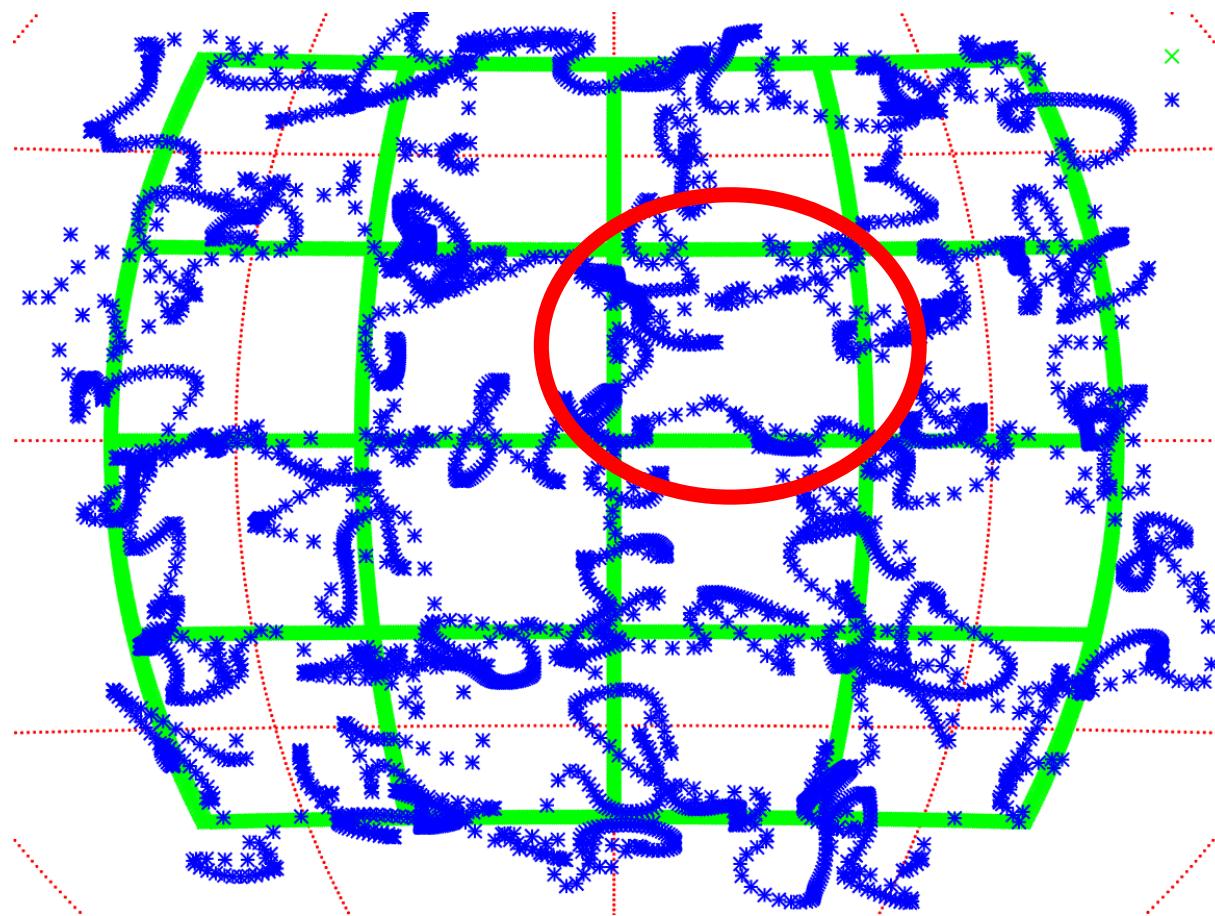
Backup

The turbulent Galactic MF:



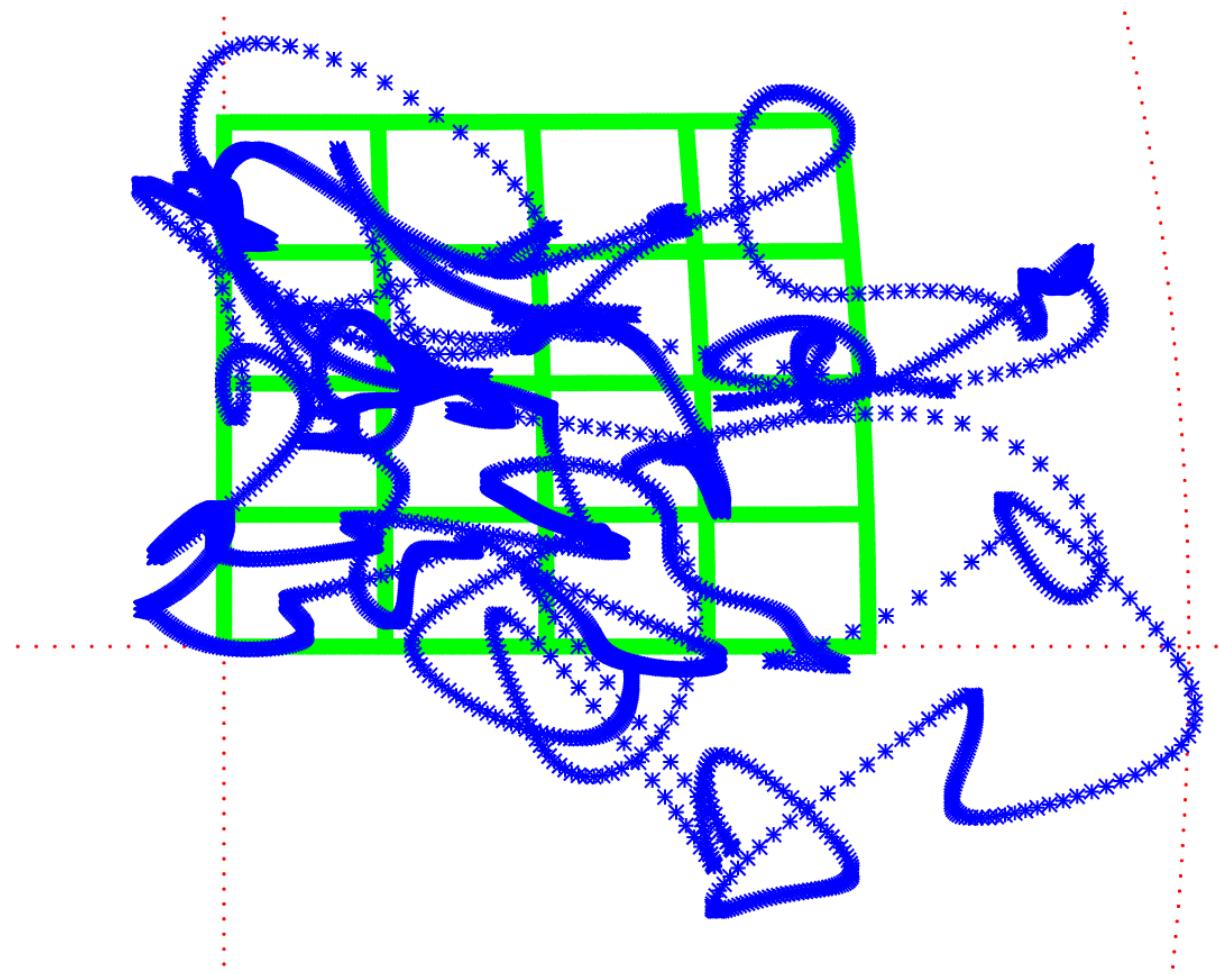
140 EeV iron, $B_{rms}=4\mu G$, $L_c=50pc$, $L=750pc$

The turbulent Galactic MF:



140 EeV iron, $B_{rms} = 4 \mu G$, $L_c = 50 pc$, $L = 750 pc$

The turbulent Galactic MF:



140 EeV iron, $B_{\text{rms}} = 4 \mu\text{G}$, $L_c = 50 \text{ pc}$, $L = 750 \text{ pc}$