

High-Pressure Gas TPC Development for Double Beta Decay Studies in $^{136}\text{Xenon}$

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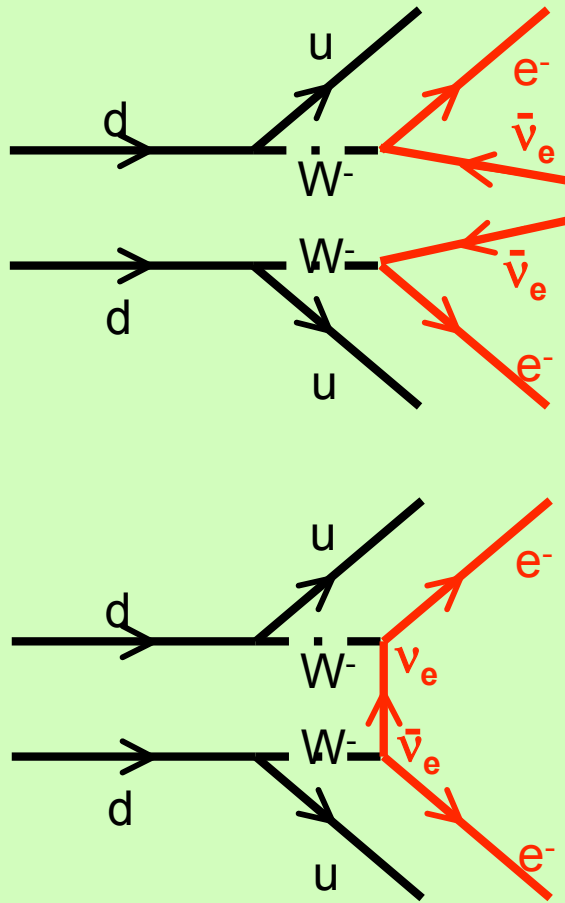
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Neutrinoless Double Beta Decay

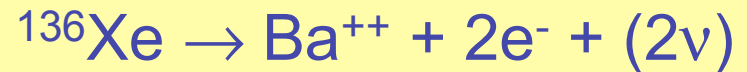


$$\Gamma_{0\nu} = G_{0\nu} |M_{0\nu}|^2 \langle m_{\beta\beta} \rangle^2$$

G = phase space factors (easy)
|M| = nuclear matrix elements (hard)
 $m_{\beta\beta}$ = effective neutrino mass (want to measure)
 $\Gamma_{0\nu}$ → half-life/count rate (limit already 10^{25} yrs)

neutrino must
be Majorana

$$\langle m_{\beta\beta} \rangle = \sum_i |U_{e,i}|^2 m_i \mathcal{E}_i$$



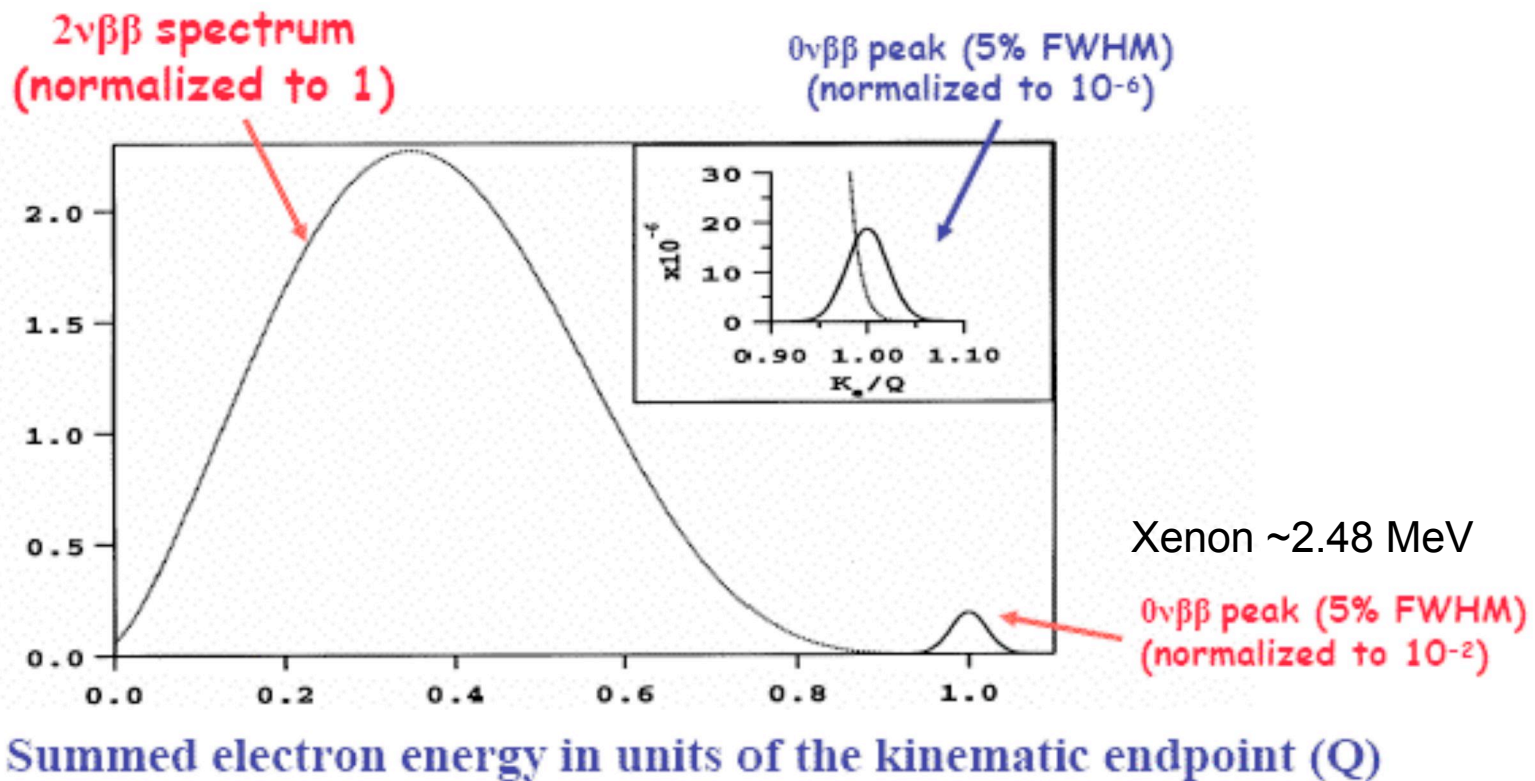
$\Delta L=2$ lepton number violation? Neutrino mass scale, neutrino mass hierarchy?

Observing $0\nu\beta\beta$

$$T_{1/2}^{0\nu}(\text{y}) \approx \sqrt{\frac{\text{Mass} \cdot \text{time}}{N_{\text{Bkg}} \cdot \Delta E}}$$

Event Selection:

- 2 electrons (tracks+dE/dx)
- single vertex
- total energy 2.48 MeV



From G. Gratta

background suppression & good energy resolution paramount

EXO Program: First measurement of $^{136}\text{Xe } 2\nu\beta\beta$
 Search for $0\nu\beta\beta$ with 200 kg liquid xenon TPC
 EXO200 installed at WIPP (New Mexico)

Double beta decay in ^{136}Xe - Liquid vs Gas

	Liquid Phase TPC	Gas Phase TPC
Energy resolution	challenging	Better in principle
Position reconstruction	single site	Identify two electron tracks with Bragg peaks
Barium tag	ex-situ experimental tour de force	in-situ may be possible less difficult
Scale up	straightforward	gets large pressure vessel
Physics	rates, energy spectrum	plus angular correlation

- both options being pursued at present

-Gas TPC R&D items: Barium tag, scintillation light detection, simulation

This talk

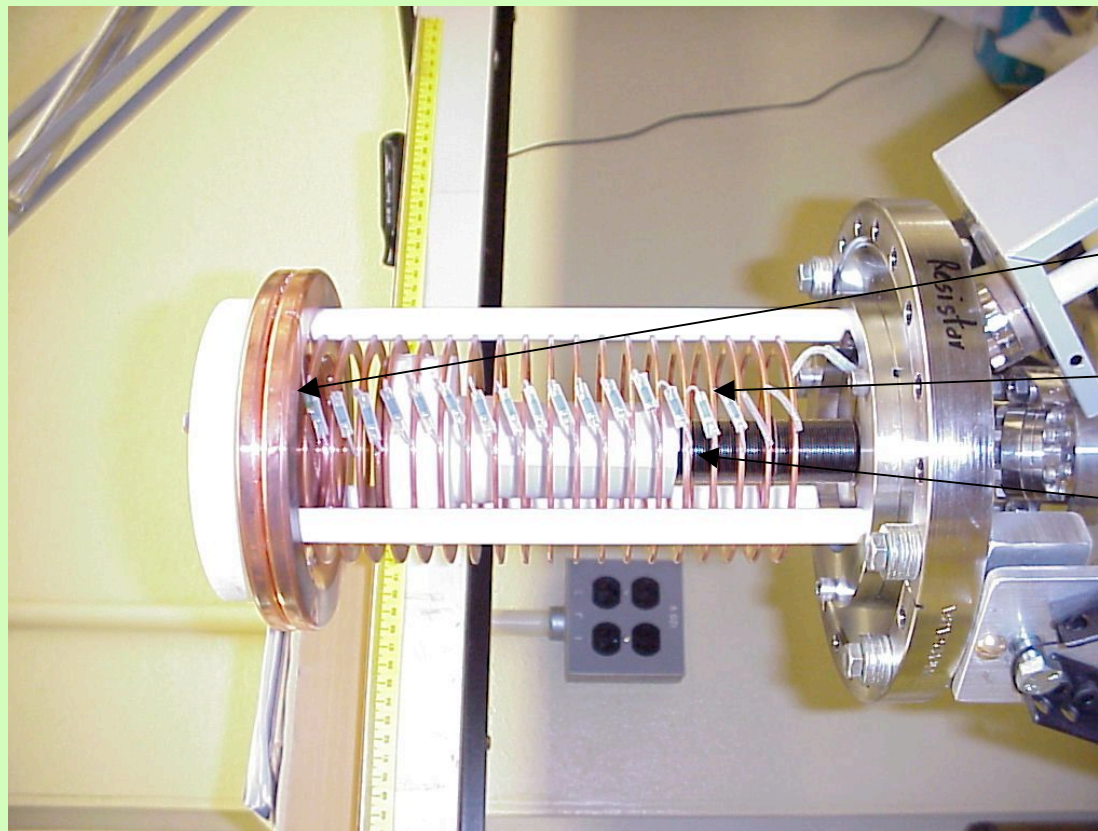


Energy resolution for mono-energetic electron tracks in a high pressure xenon gas TPC

High pressure gas TPC drift cell

- Adjustable maximum 16 cm drift, moveable source holder
- operated at 2 bar pressure with argon and xenon
- **single readout channel**
- ^{55}Fe , ^{109}Cd , and ^{241}Am sources (~ 5.5 MeV)

Measurements
in ion chamber
mode & with
Micromegas



readout

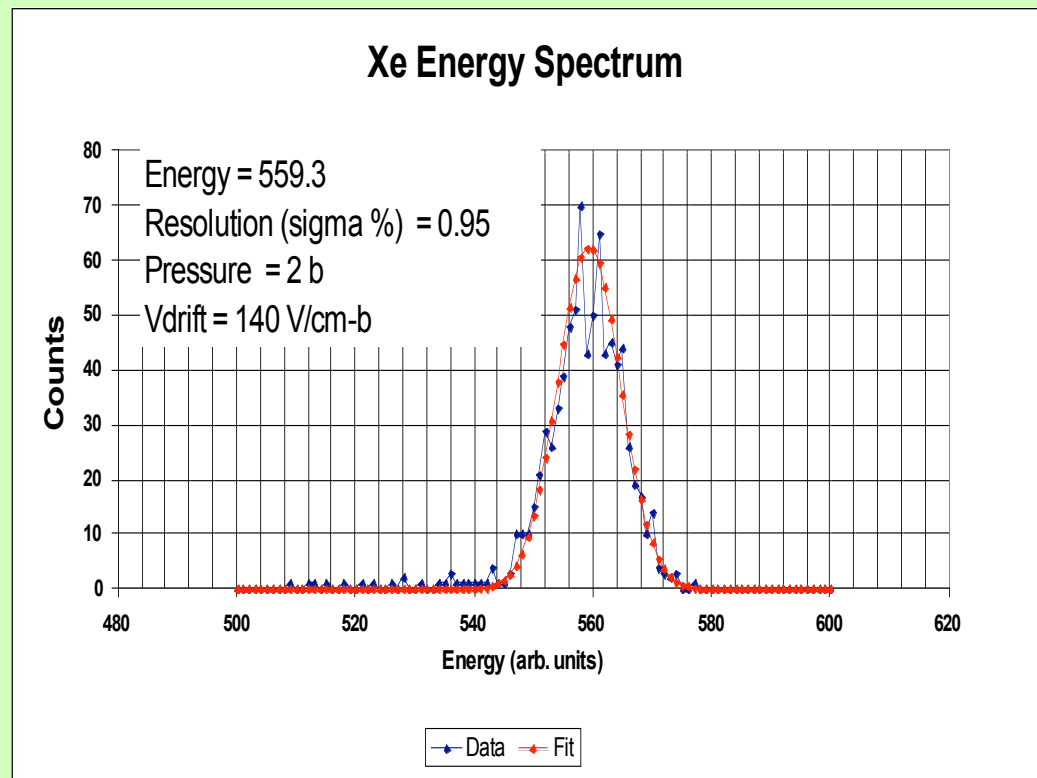
field cage

source holder

connected to vacuum/gas
system with purification

Ion Chamber Results ^{241}Am 5.5 MeV

Gases studied: Argon, Xenon, P10, Xe + CH₄ (1,2,5 %), Xe + TEA (1 and 2 %)



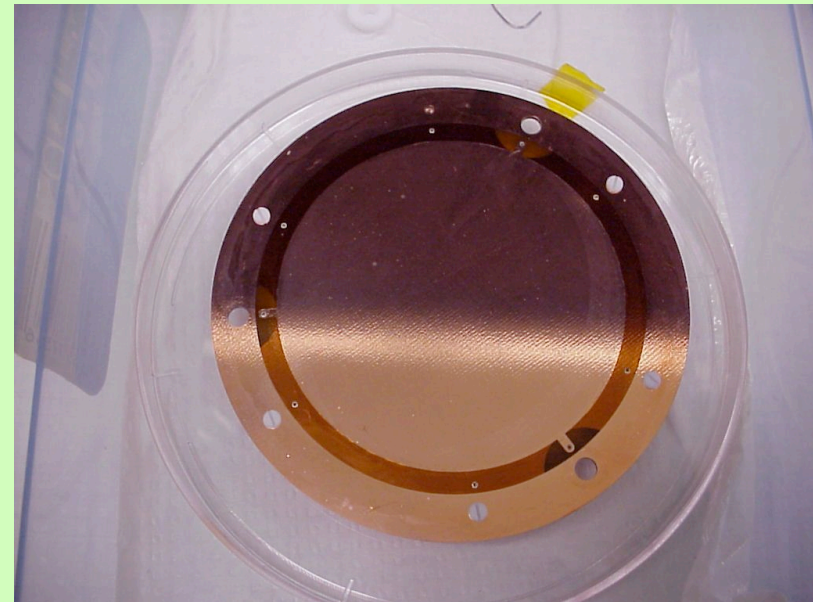
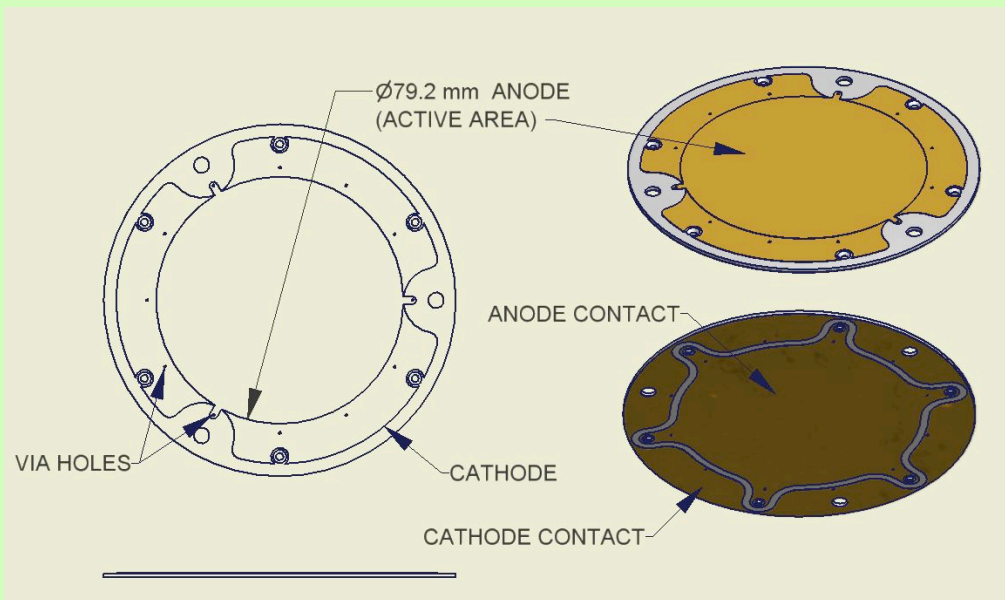
~1% E resolution (σ) for all cases

but electron loss due to attachment with TEA

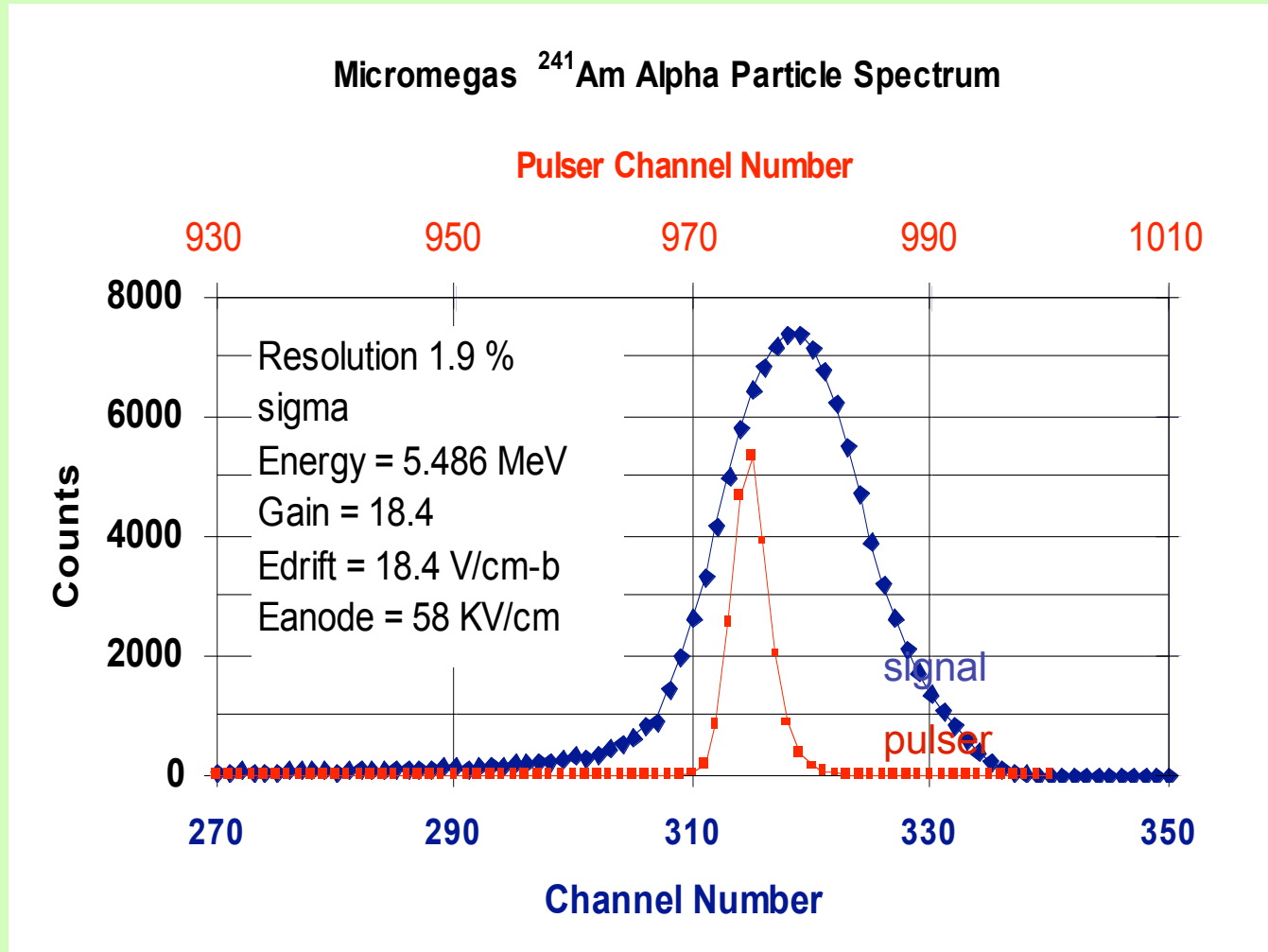
➔ a gas purity question?

Micromegas (Microbulk)

- Micromesh thickness 5 μm (copper)
- Micromesh hole diameter 30 μm
- Micro-holes (square grid) 100 μm pitch,
- Pillar height (anode-cathode gap) 50 μm
- Optical Transparency: 7%
- Capacitance ~3 nF

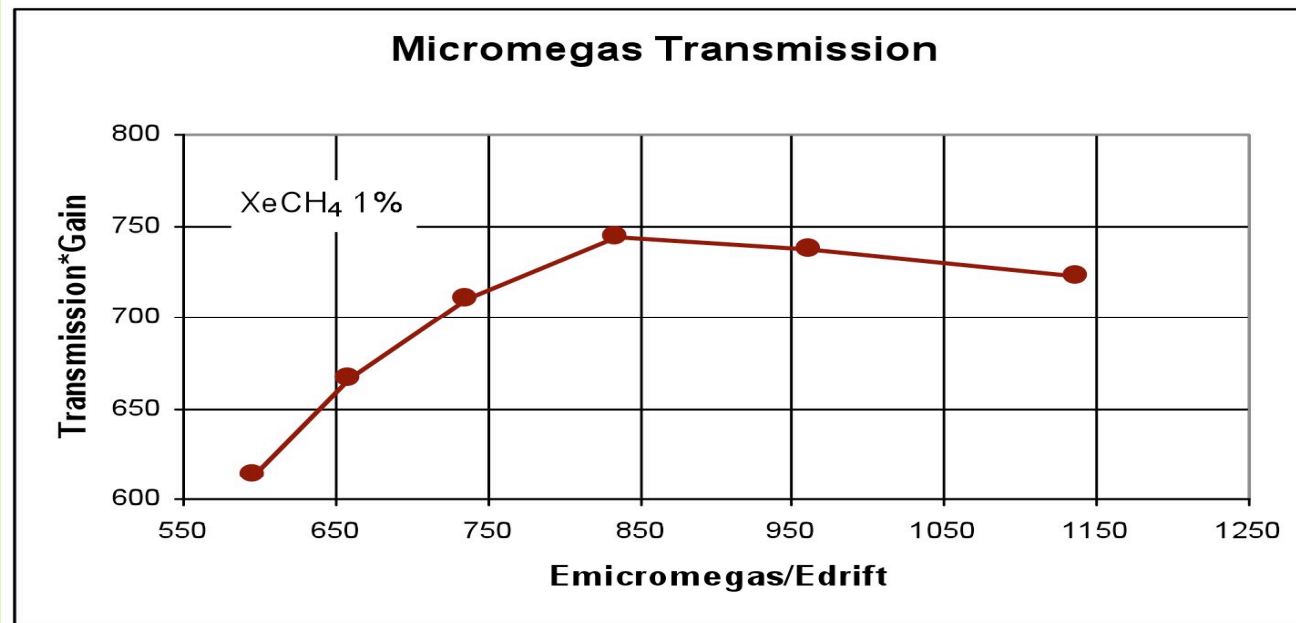


Resolution for 5.5 MeV α s in P10

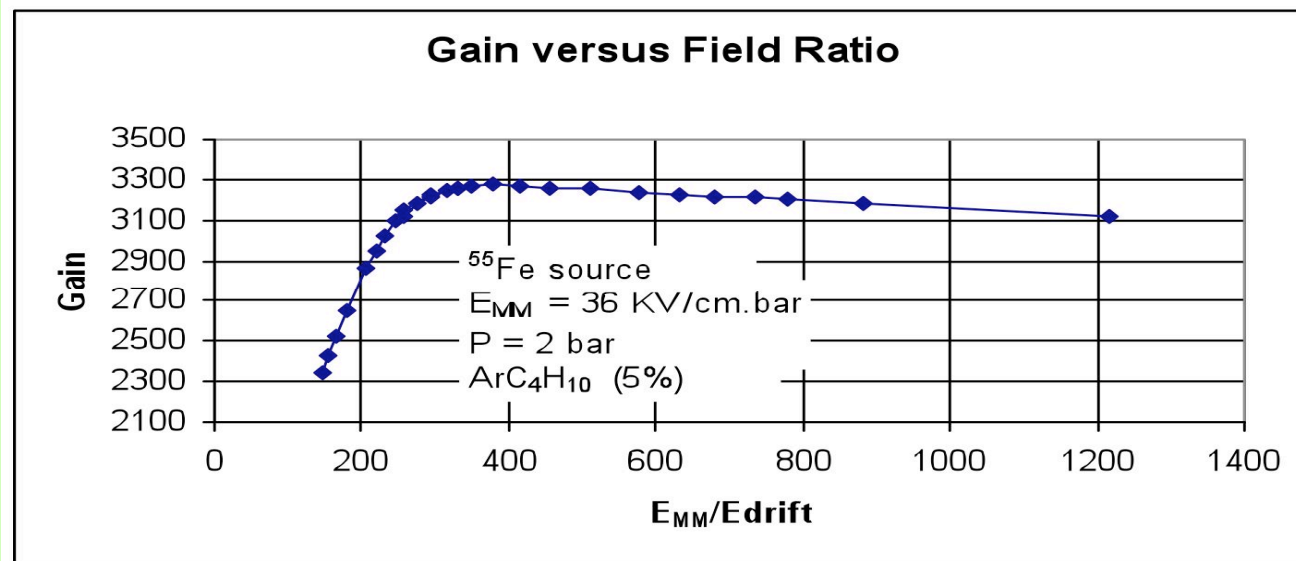


Relatively high Micromegas field ratios required!

Gain x Trans. differ for α s & ^{55}Fe and ^{109}Cd



- ^{241}Am



- ^{55}Fe

^{109}Cd electron source $\sim 150 \mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ Mylar window

Electron capture to ^{109}Ag m (40 s)

Complicated spectrum

Strong conversion electron lines

➤ 62.5 keV from K conversion (40 per 100 disintegrations)

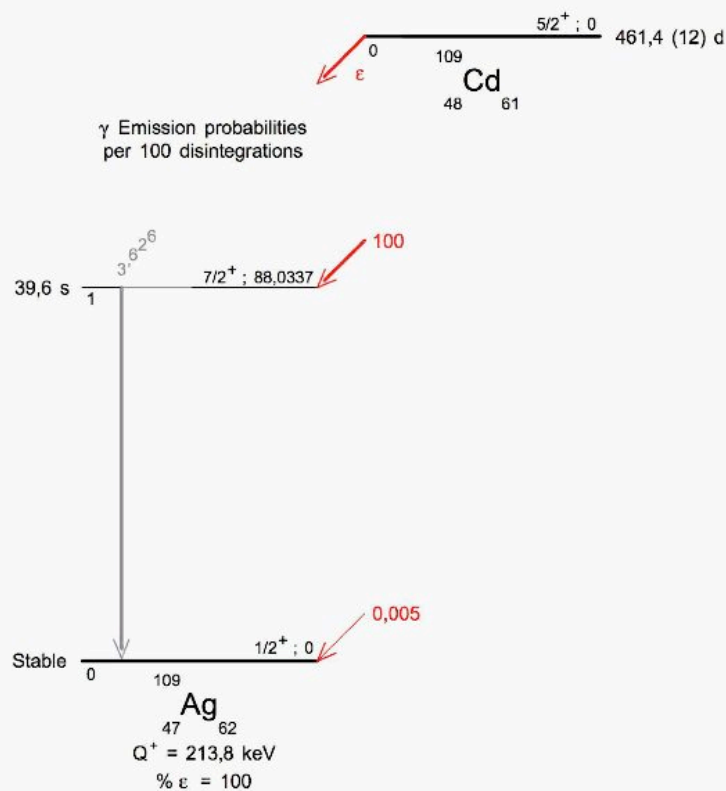
➤ 85 keV L conversion (45 per 100 disint.)

➤ 87 keV M conversion (10 per 100 disint.)

18-25 keV Auger e^- ($\sim 20/100$ disint.)

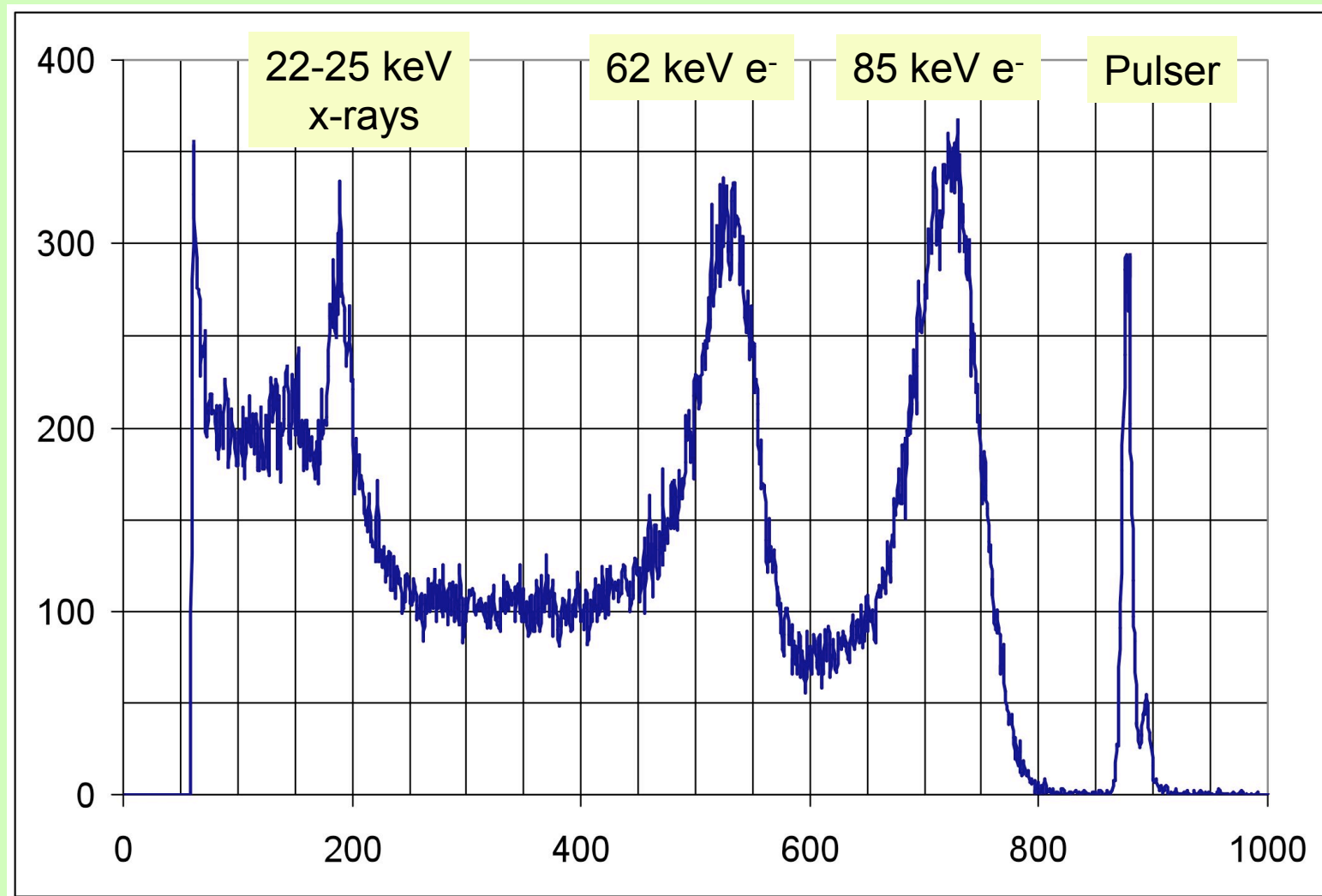
22-25 keV Ag x rays

88 keV gamma (4 per 100 disint.)



Observed ^{109}Cd spectrum distorted by Mylar window

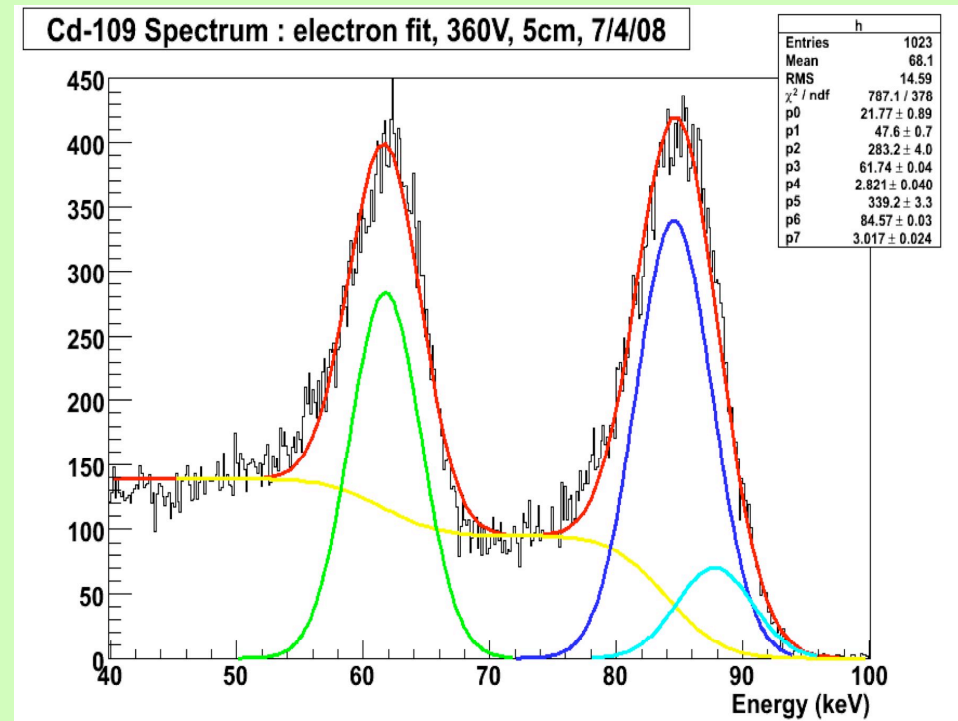
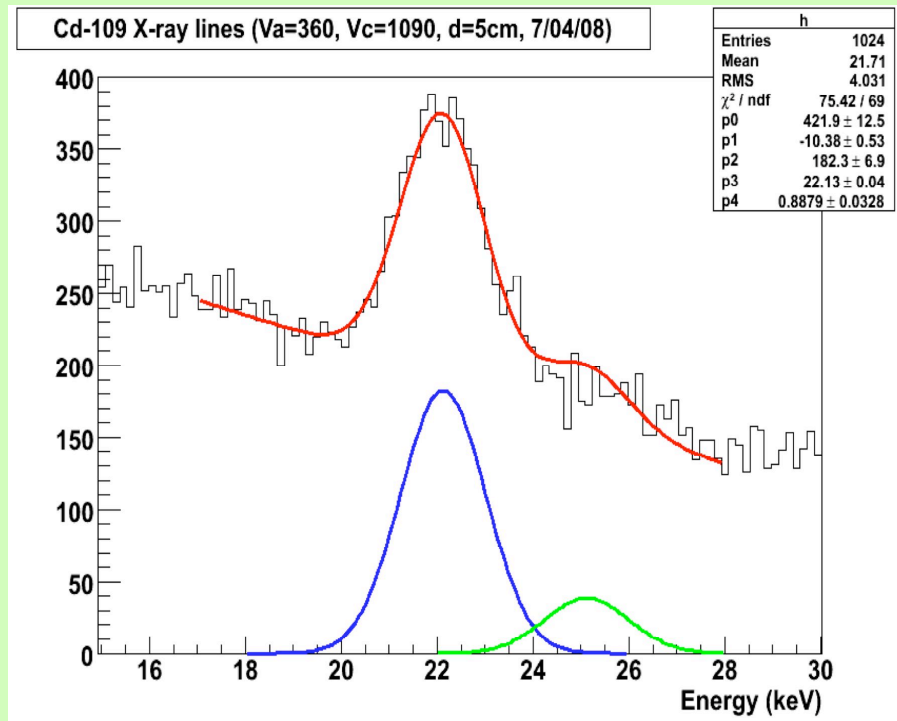
^{109}Cd spectrum in Ar + 5% $i\text{C}_4\text{H}_{10}$ @2bar



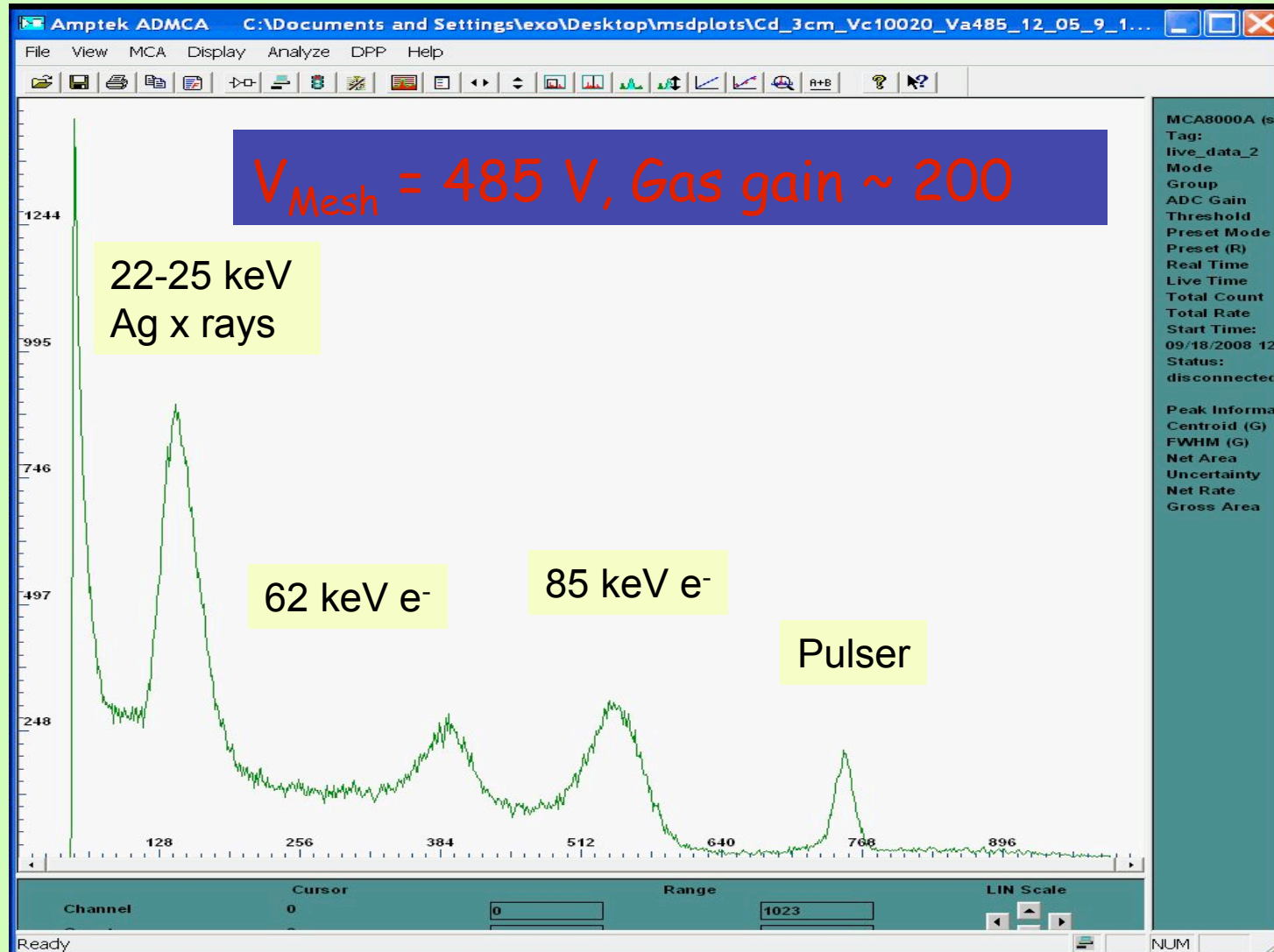
^{109}Cd energy resolution with Micromegas in Ar + 5% $i\text{C}_4\text{H}_{10}$ @2bar

22-25 keV Ag x rays

62-85 keV electron lines



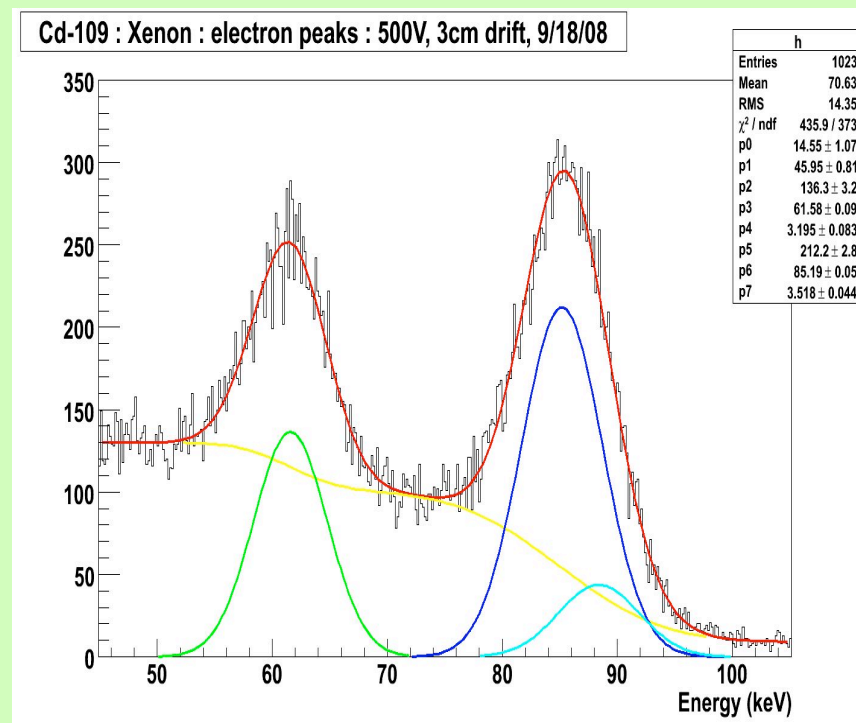
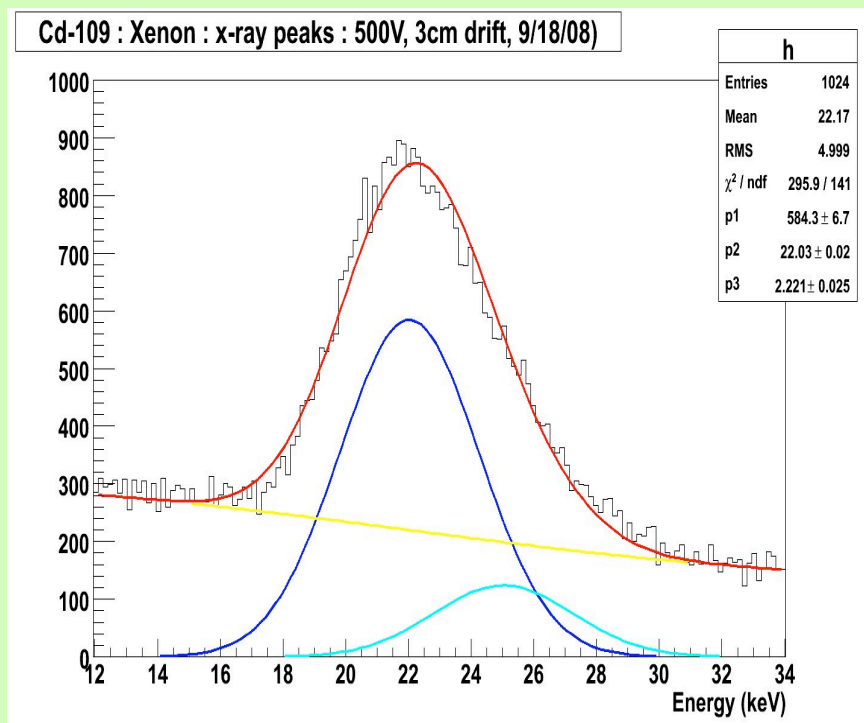
^{109}Cd electrons & x rays in Xenon + 5% $i\text{C}_4\text{H}_{10}$ @2bar



^{109}Cd measurement with Micromegas in Xe + 5% $i\text{C}_4\text{H}_{10}$ @2bar

22-25 keV Ag x rays

62-85 keV electron lines



Measurements limited by high backgrounds and low gain

Summary

- Good energy resolution for 5.54 MeV ^{241}Am α s in a Xenon TPC ion chamber
- Alphas non-representative for double beta decay studies with our Microbulk. Large difference in field ratios observed for highly ionizing α particles and ^{55}Fe & ^{109}Cd
- A first measurement of extended electron track energies in a Xenon gas TPC at 2 bar with Micromegas readout
- Measured ^{109}Cd spectrum distorted by $\sim 150 \mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ Mylar window. About 5% (σ) energy resolution for 62 keV electrons
- Simple $1/\sqrt{E}$ scaling would give less than 1% resolution at 2.5 MeV for the ^{136}Xe zero neutrino double beta decay electrons
- Microbulks appear to be less robust than conventional Micromegas
- Micromegas as large as 1 meter x 2 meter with segmented mesh and pad readout may be needed for ^{136}Xe high pressure gas TPC

Extra Slides

^{109}Cd gammas and electron spectrum in xenon after passing through $\sim 150 \mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ Mylar window

Cd109 gammas and electrons in xenon at 2 bar after energy loss in ~ 150 micro-gm Mylar window						
Mylar thickness ~ 150 micro-gm/cm ²		Mylar density 1.4				
Xenon density (gm/ml) 0.01180		at 2 bar				
Particle emitted in 109 Cd decay	Gamma or electron energy keV	No. per 100 disint.	Gamma or electron energy in gas keV	Relative probability %	Electron range /gamma att. lenth xenon at 2 bar	
electron eal	1.8 - 3.8	167.0	0	72.3	Stops in Mylar	
photon Ll, Lgamma	2.63-3.75	10.3	2.63-3.75	4.5	0.23 cm@4 keV	
electron eak KLL	17.8 - 18.7	14.0	13.9 - 14.8	6.1	0.046cm@15keV	
electron eak KLX	20.9 - 22.2	6.0	17.9 - 19.2	2.6	0.075mm@19keV	
electron eak KXY	24.1 - 25.5	0.6	21.4 - 23.1	0.3	1.1mm@23keV	
photon XKalpha2	21.99	29.0	21.99	12.6	4 cm@22keV	
photon XKalpha1	22.16	54.7	22.16	23.7	4 cm@22keV	
photons XK'beta1	24.91-25.15	15.1	24.91-25.15	6.6	5.3 cm@25keV	
photons XK'beta2	25.46 - 25.51	2.6	25.46 - 25.51	1.1	5.5cm@25.5keV	
electron ex1,0 K	62.50	40.8	61.5	17.7	0.73 cm	
electron ec1,0 L	84.2 - 84.7	44.8	83.3 - 83.8	19.4	1.2 cm	
electron ec1,0 M	87.3 - 88.0	9.3	86.4 - 87.1	4.0	1.3 cm	
gamma1,0	88.03	3.6	88.03	1.6	42.4 cm	
All		230.9		100.0		
Atten length at 4 keV in Mylar = 18.5 mg/cm²						
Gamma energy (keV)	mu/rho in xenon (cm ² /gm)	Atten. length (cm)	Electron energy keV	dE/dX in Mylar MeV.cm ² /gm		
3.0	770.9	0.11	17.8 - 18.7	13.3		
4.0	372.8	0.23	20.9 - 22.2	12.2		
5.0	601.5	0.14	24.1 - 25.5	10.3		
22.0	21.2	4.00	62.50	5.1		
25.0	16.1	5.26	84.2 - 84.7	4.26		
25.5	15.3	5.54	87.3 - 88.0	4.04		
88.0	2.0	42.37				