# Drift Velocity and Time Zero **Determination for** 2013 Beam Test

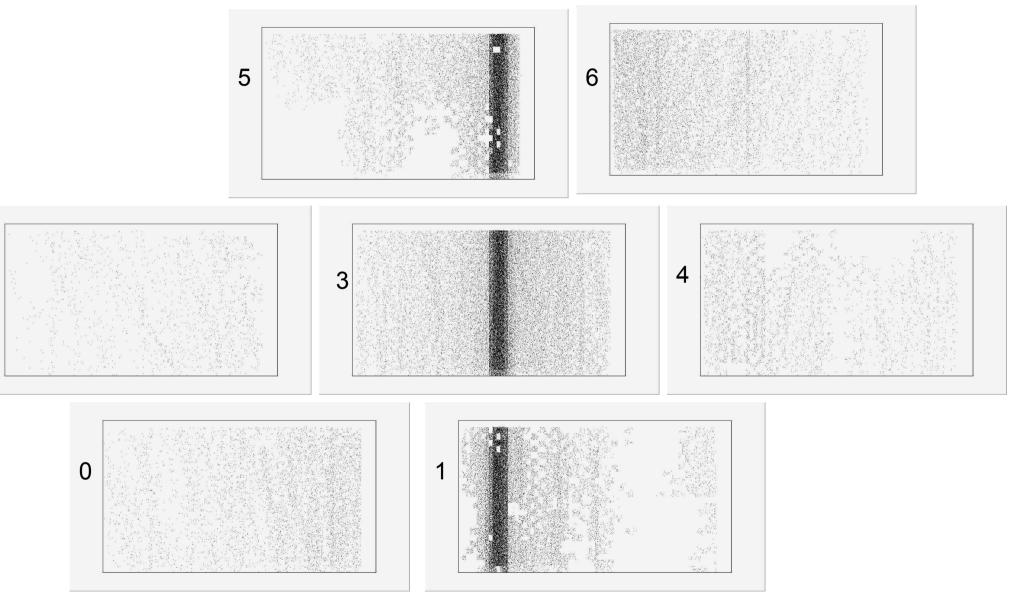
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### Introduction

- Determination of Time Zero for 2013 Beam test.
- Drift velocity calculated for data quality check
- Used 4 scans of TPC at different field settings (100 [ns] peaking time data)
  - B = 1 [T] / E = 230 [V/cm]
  - B = 1 [T] / E = 140 [V/cm]

- B = 0 [T] / E = 140 [V/cm]
- Plotted drift time verses table position
  - Slope =  $V_{drift}$
  - Curve intercepts = Time Zero

#### **Module Selection**

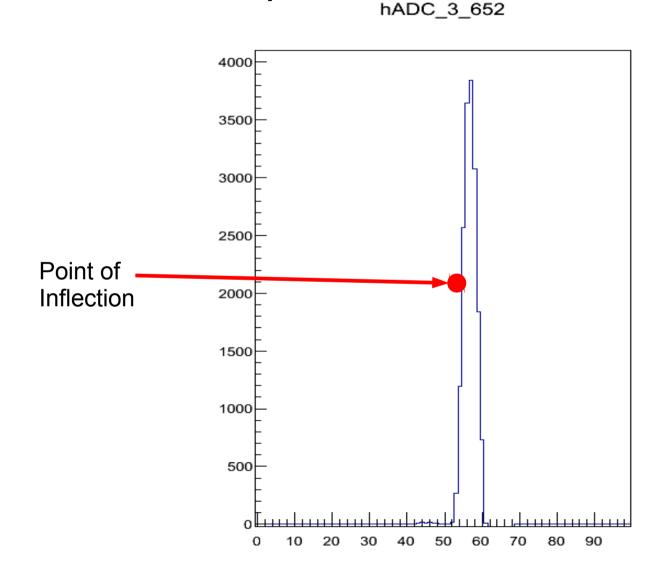


2

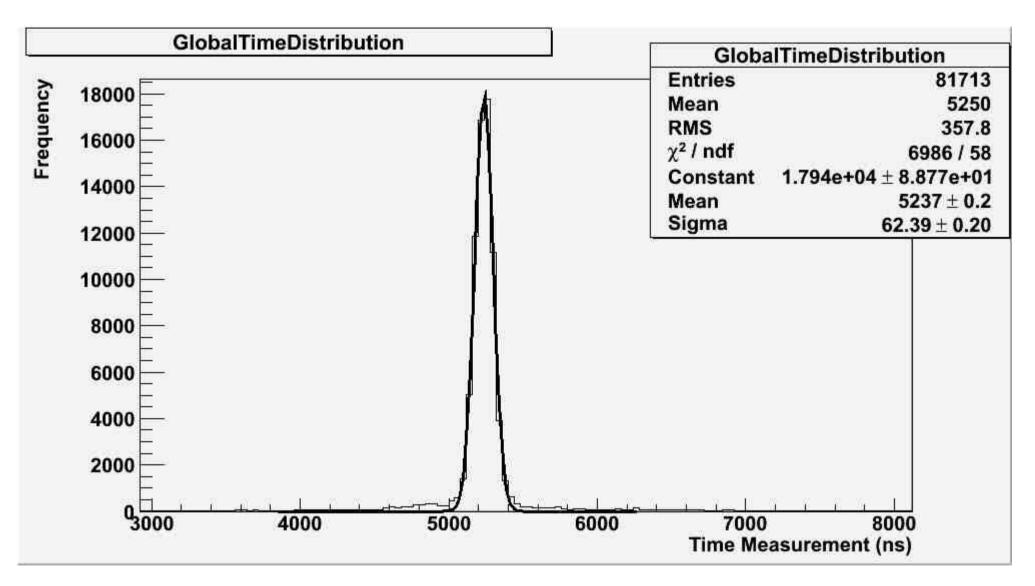
Module # taken form Marlin GEAR files.

### Measurement of Hit Time

## Time Measurement of hit determined from point of inflection of main pulse.

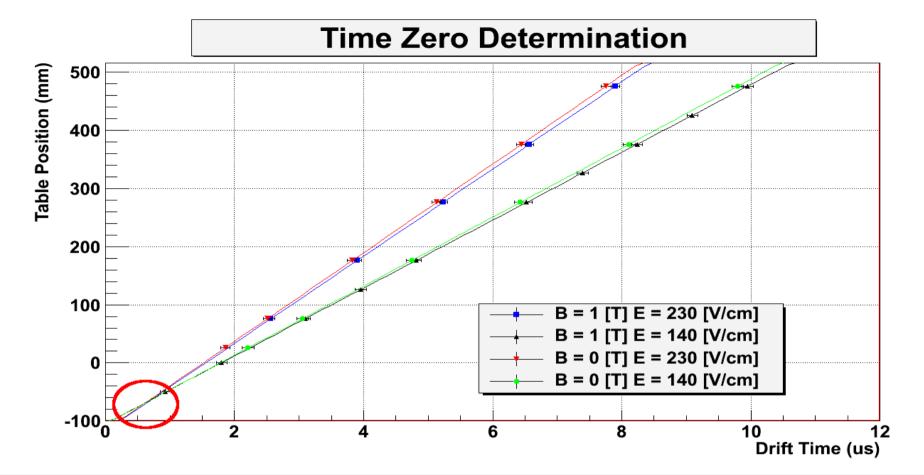


### **Determination of Drift Time**



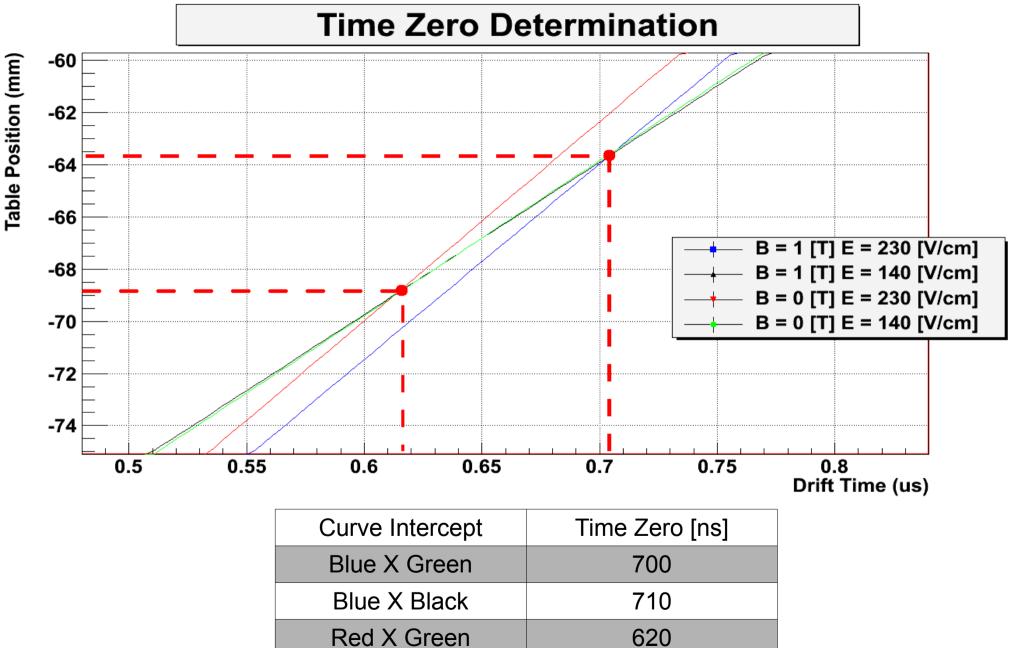
Sample drift time measurement. This is for run 3047. (B = 1 [T], E = 230 [V/cm], table position 276 [mm])

### **Time Zero and Drift Velocity**



Scan Name	Chi-Square/ ndf	Measured V <sub>drift</sub> [cm/us]	Calculated V <sub>drift</sub> [cm/us]	Colour
B = 1 / E = 230	0.229/3	7.497 +/- 0.07	7.6	Blue
B = 1 / E = 140	0.513/8	5.834 +/- 0.03	5.61	Black
B = 0 / E = 230	0.2/4	7.629 +/- 0.04	7.6	Red
B = 0 / E = 140	0.349/4	5.935 +/- 0.04	5.61	Green

### Zoomed in Time 0 Determination



620

Red X Black

### Conclusion

- ✓ Drift velocities for both high (230 V/cm) and low field (140 V/cm) in close agree with calculated values. (Differences maybe due to change of gas composition between measurements)
- Time zero measurement found to be 660 +/- 40 [ns]