

56th Rencontres de Moriond 2022

Cosmology
(January 23 – 30)

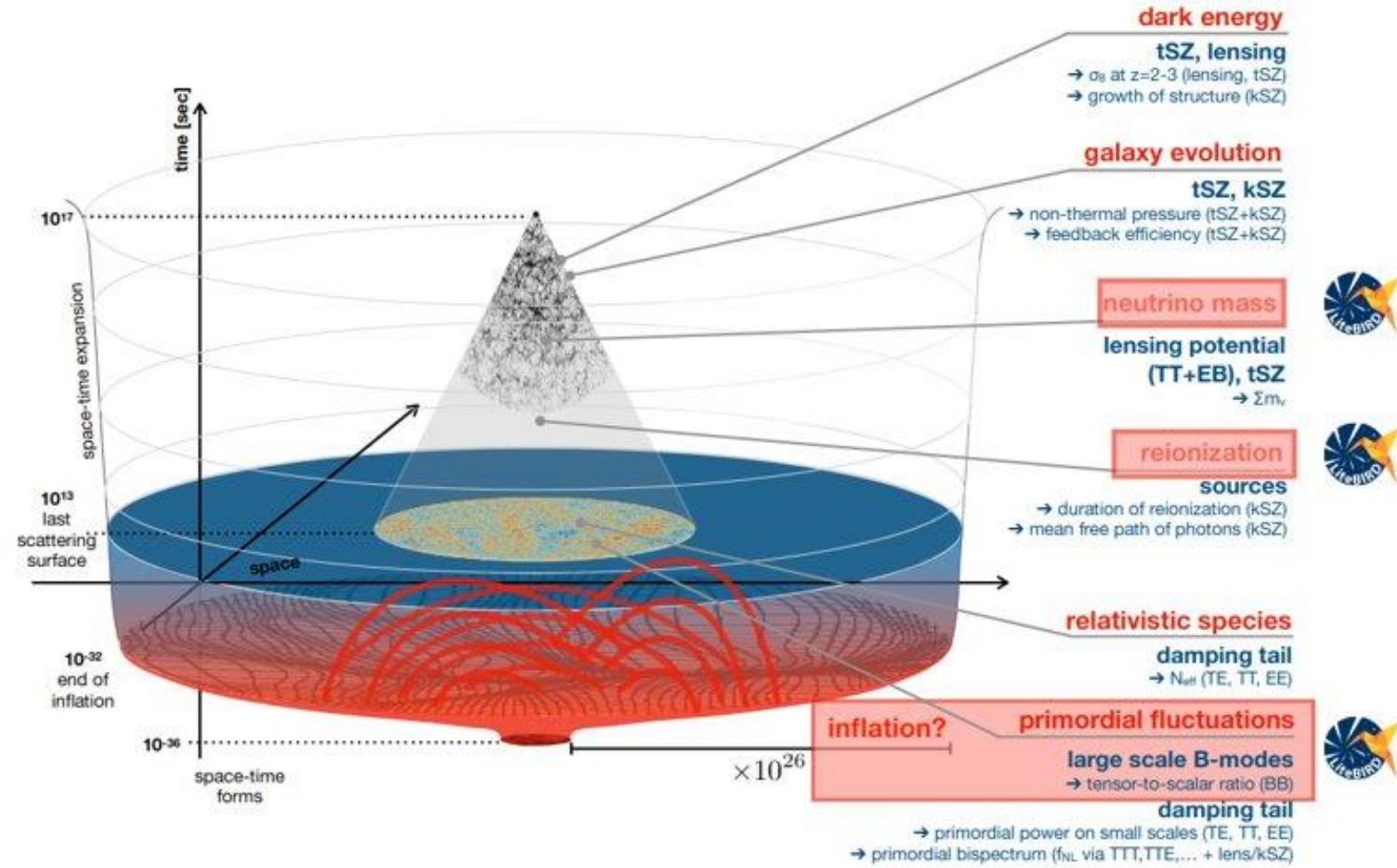


Outline

<https://moriond.in2p3.fr/2022/Cosmology/Program.html>

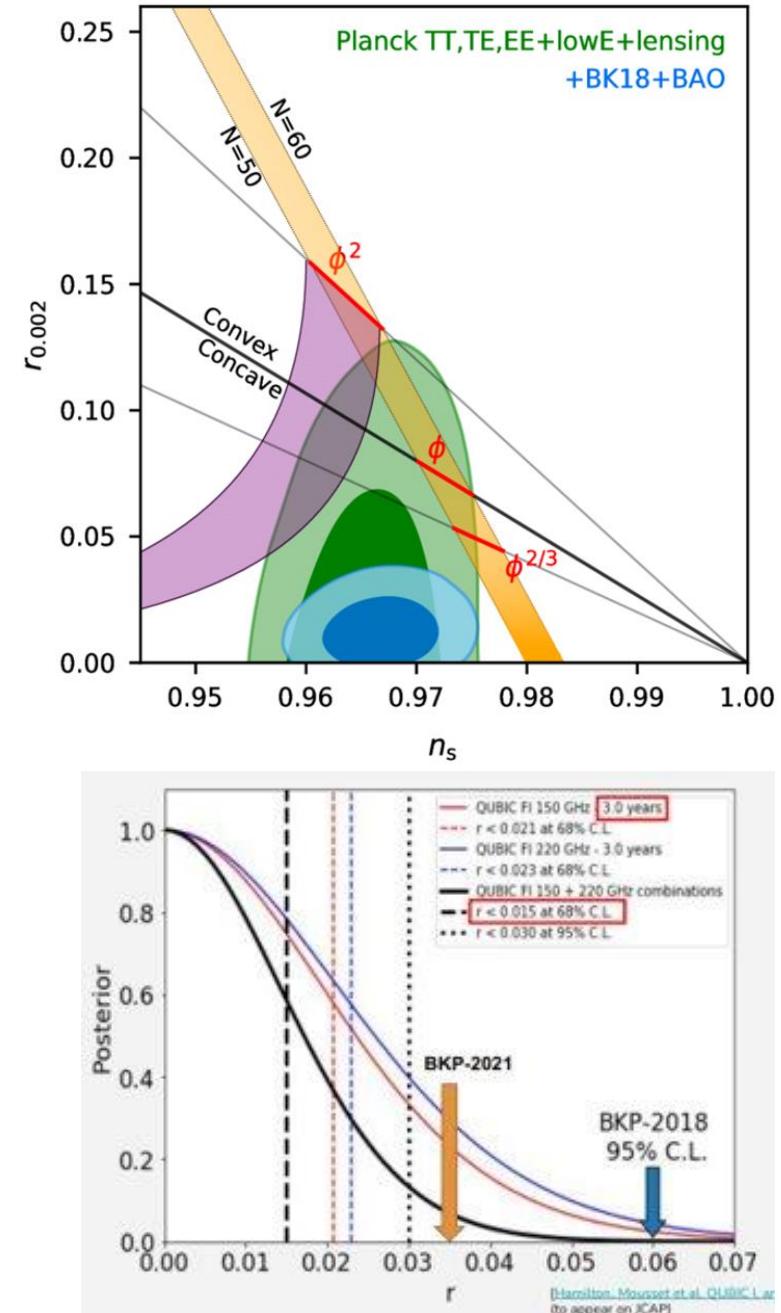
1. CMB
2. Dark matter
3. Radio cosmology
4. Clusters
5. Supernovae
6. Galaxy clustering
7. Galaxy weak lensing
8. Dark energy & controversies

CMB



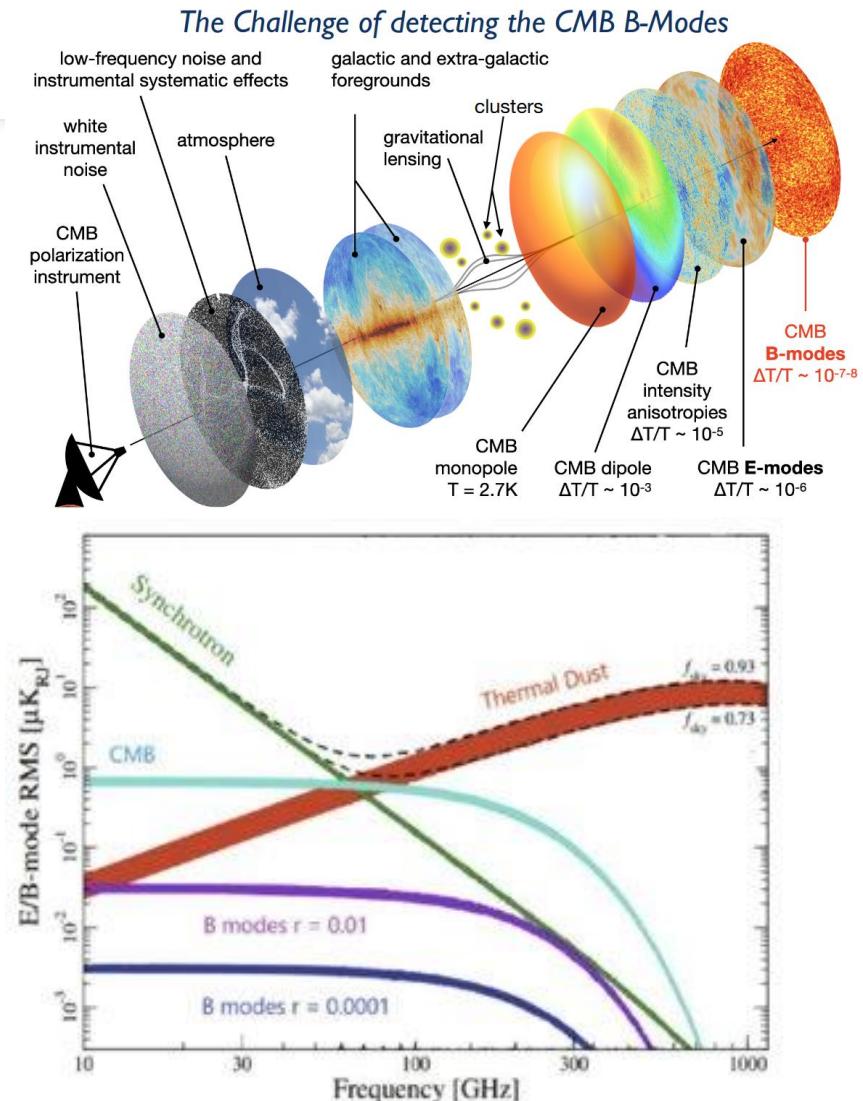
CMB – B modes

- Inflation => tensor perturbations = GW => B-modes
- The Latest Constraints on Inflationary B-modes by BICEP/Keck: 2018 observing season, lensed- Λ CDM+r+dust+synchrotron+noise, $r < 0.035$ (95% CL, Planck+BAO+BK18) (*Kenny Lau, U. of Minnesota*)
- QUBIC: The Q&U Bolometric Interferometer for Cosmology APC, soon installed on the plateau de la Puna, Chile, $\text{sigma}(r) < 0.03$ (*Louise Mousset, IRAP, Toulouse*)
- Simons Observatory, $\text{sigma}(r) < 0.003$ (*Baptiste Jost, APC*)
- LiteBIRD: launch in late 2029: all-sky 3-year survey, L2, large frequency coverage (40–402 GHz, 15 bands), $\text{sigma}(r) < 0.001$ (*Ludovic Montier, IRAP*)



CMB – B modes – foregrounds

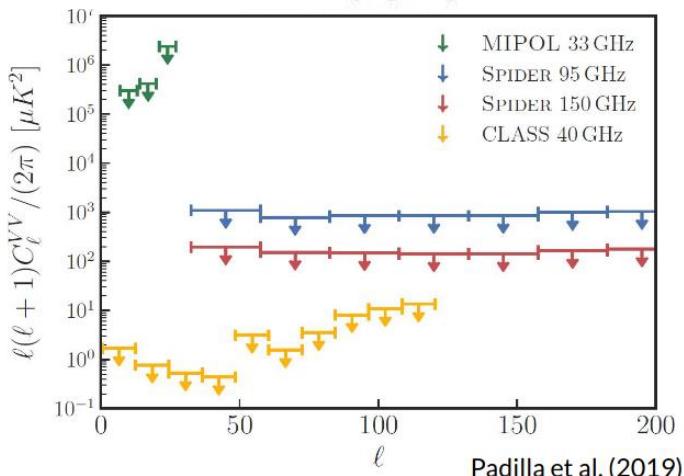
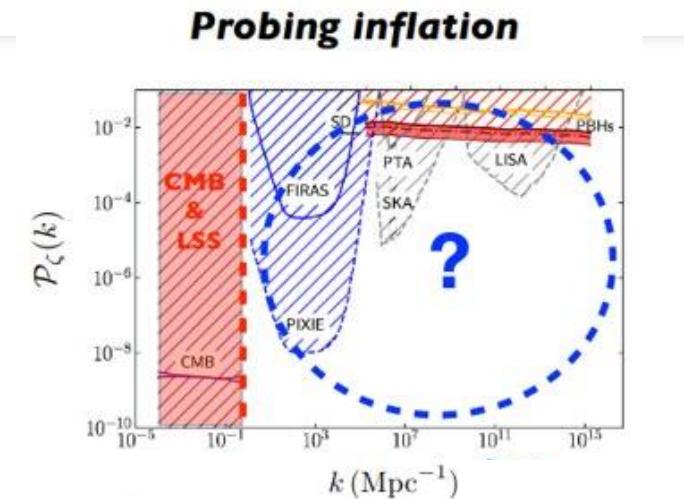
- **Synchrotron emission** due to Cosmic ray electrons gyrating in the Galactic magnetic field
 - Characterization of spectral and spatial spectra from Planck and WMAP (*Felice Antonio Martire, IFCA, Spain*)
 - Improved spectral model with QUIJOTE-MFI - Teide observatory, 2012 – 2018) (*Elena de la Hoz, UC-CSIC, IFCA, Spain*)
 - End-to-end posterior exploration through Gibbs Sampling (*Trygve Leithe Svalheim, U. of Oslo*)
- **Thermal dust emission**
 - expansion of around MBB spectrum in beta and T (for LiteBIRD) (*Léo Vacher, IRAP*)



CMB – other features

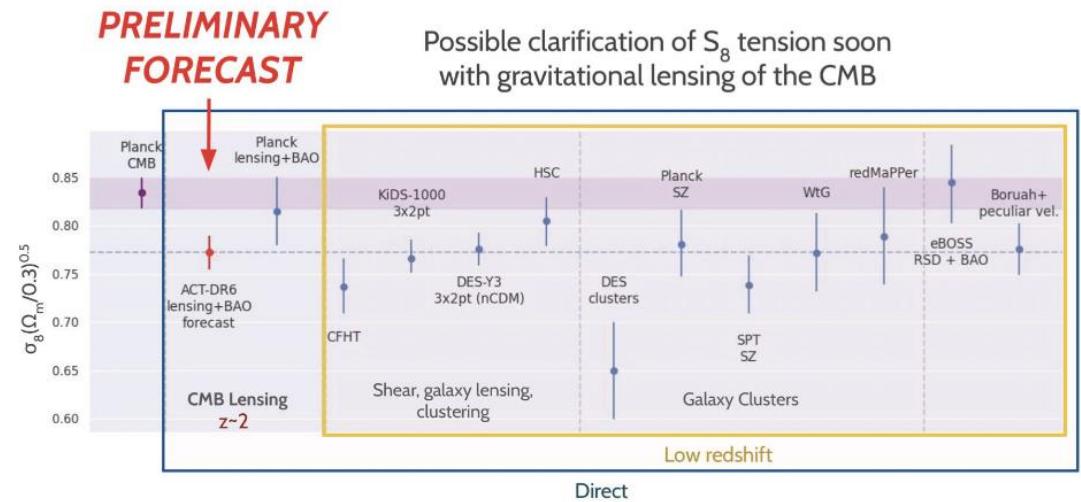
- ($n > 2$)pt correlators between scalars and tensors "fNL", intrinsic bispectrum (*William Coulton, Flatiron Institute, NY*)
- Computing observables = correlators of the curvature perturbations: *Guilherme Pimentel (Leiden U.), Denis Werth (IAP)*
- GW dissipate energy in the primordial plasma => **spectral distortions** (*Thomas Kite, The U. of Manchester*)
- **Beyond slow roll-inflation**, "primordial standard clock", sharp + oscillatory features in CMB and LSS, GW background (*Matteo Braglia, UAM-CSIC, Madrid, Sébastien Renaux-Petel IAP*)
- Constraints on inflation with **primordial black holes** (*Ashley Wilkins, Newcastle U.*)
- Accreting primordial black holes: inhomogeneous photon injection during recombination (*Yacine Ali-Haimoud, NYU*)
- Two-year Cosmology Large Angular Scale Surveyor (CLASS) Observations: Chile, 4 frequency bands, 75% of the sky, limits on circular polarization at 40 GHz \sim uK (*Ivan Padilla, Johns Hopkins U.*)

Shape ($\zeta\zeta\zeta$)	Current	SO constraint
Local	-0.9 ± 5.1	3
Equilateral	-26 ± 47	24
Orthogonal	-38 ± 23	13
Shape ($\zeta\zeta h$)	Constraint	
Local	-48 ± 28	1
Equilateral	-	8
Orthogonal	-	3



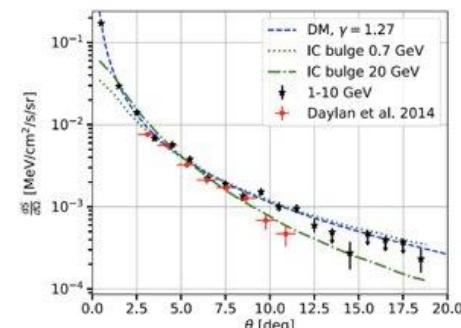
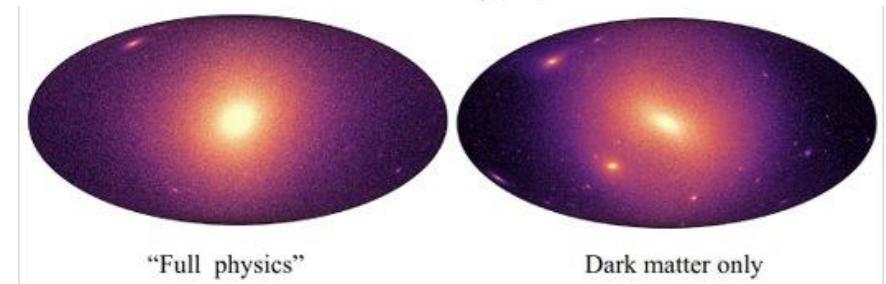
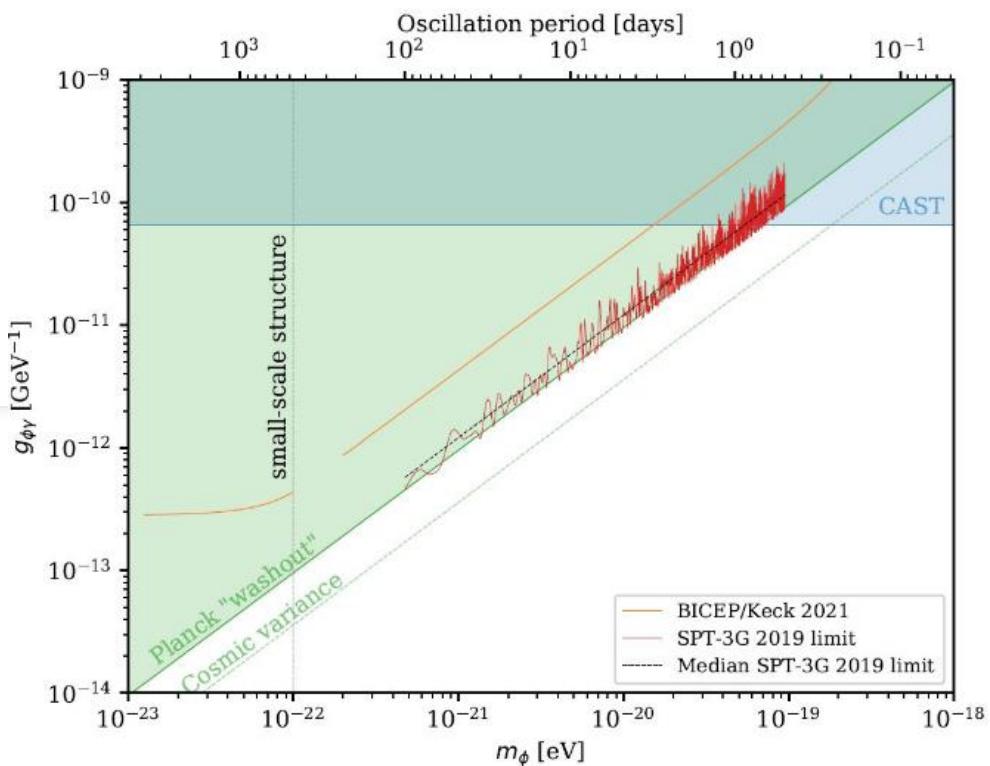
CMB as a backlight: weak lensing

- state-of-the art S8 and mnu constraints with **ACT lensing** (*Frank Qu, U. of Cambridge*)
- **voids** found in DES Y3 imprinted in Planck lensing map, 6.6 sigmas (*Pauline Vielzeuf, CPPM*)
- extragalactic **foreground** masks correlated with lensing maps may bias lensing reconstruction (*Margherita Lembo, U. of Sussex*)



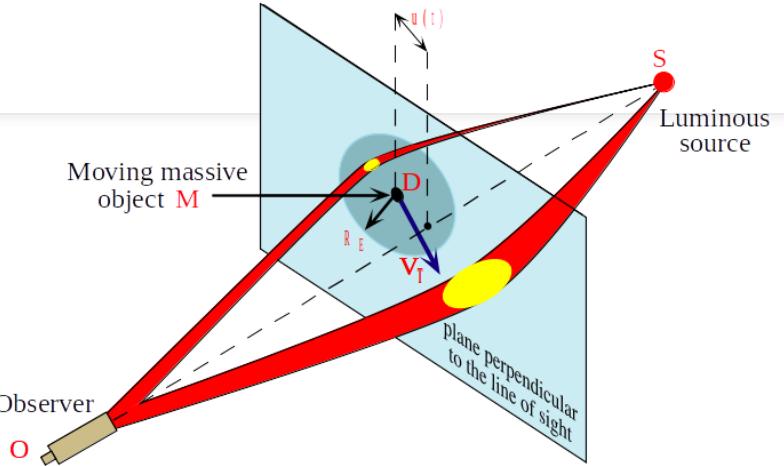
Dark matter searches

- **Birefringence:** oscillation in the axion field rotates E & B modes of the CMB:
 - In Planck DR4 (*Patricia Diego-Palazuelos, IFCA, Spain*) modelling polarized foreground emission is crucial
 - In SPT (*Kyle Ferguson, UCLA, Los Angeles*)
- **Milky Way:** baryonic effects substantially enhance and concentrate the predicted luminosity of the main Milky Way halo in annihilation radiation, reduce that of subhalos => Fermi-LAT excess
 - Hydro simulations (*Simon White, MPI, Garching*)
 - Analytical models (*Gaétan Facchinetto, U. libre de Bruxelles*)



Dark matter searches

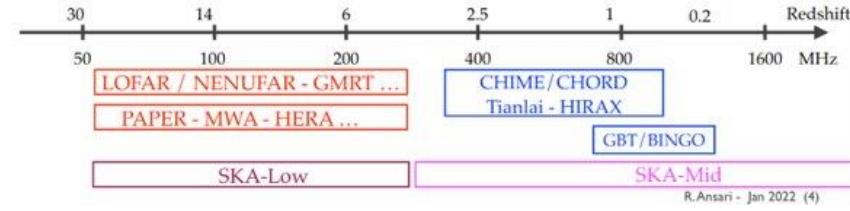
- **gravitational microlensing** by compact objects:
combined EROS2 and MACHO towards LMC, objects with $M < 1\text{e}3 \text{ Msol}$ do not dominate the galactic DM halo (95% CL) (*Marc Moniez, IJCLab, Orsay*)
- **direct search** for low-mass WIMPS in dark current of DAMIC and DAMIC-M (skipper) CCDs (*Ariel Matalon, LPNHE*)



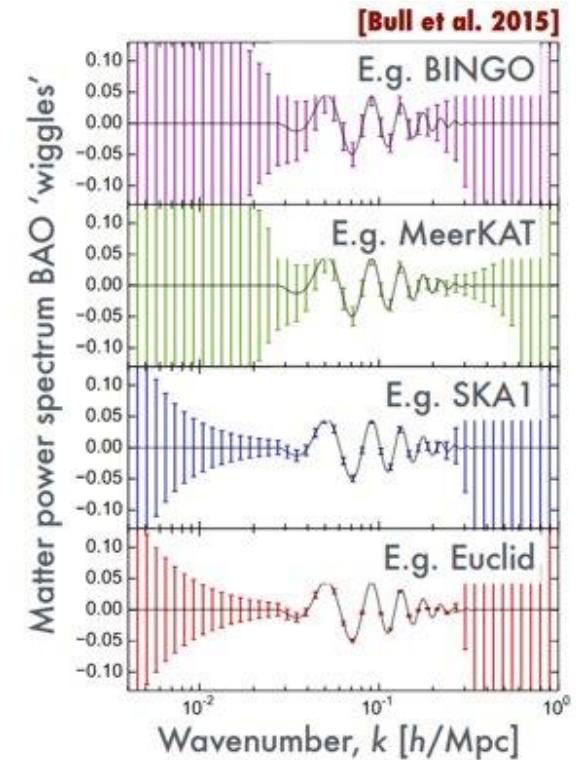
Dark matter – theory

- Breit-Wigner Enhancement in the Interactions of a Light Scalar Dark Matter: light scalar mediator (*Sreemanti Chakraborti, LAPTh, Annecy*)
- Dark Matter via Inverse Phase Transition: going beyond freeze-in with observable Gravitational Waves (*Alexander Vikman, CEICO, Prague*)
- Spin-2 ultra-light dark matter => continuous GW (*Federico Urban, CEICO, Prague*)

Radio cosmology

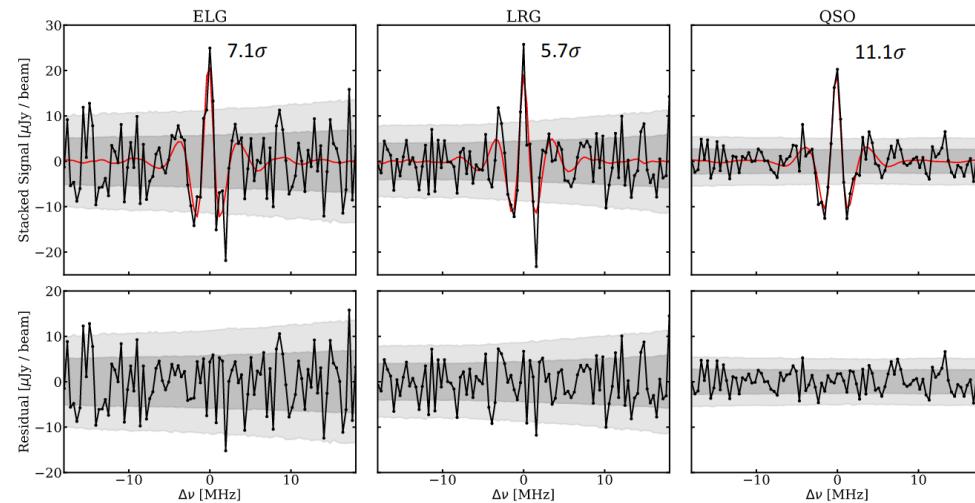
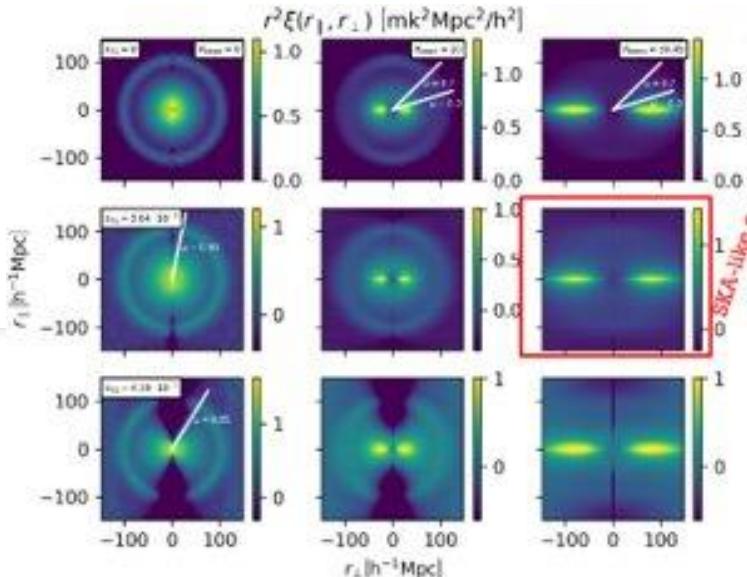


- Radio cosmology:
 - HI (neutral hydrogen) emission line in galaxies, redshift + luminosity => peculiar velocities few galaxies
 - Continuum, synchrotron emission, no z information => primordial non-gaussianity
 - HI intensity mapping, poor angular resolution
 - Radio weak lensing
- Current status and future of 21cm (*Reza Ansari, IJCLab*)
- SKA (*Stefano Camera, U. di Torino*)



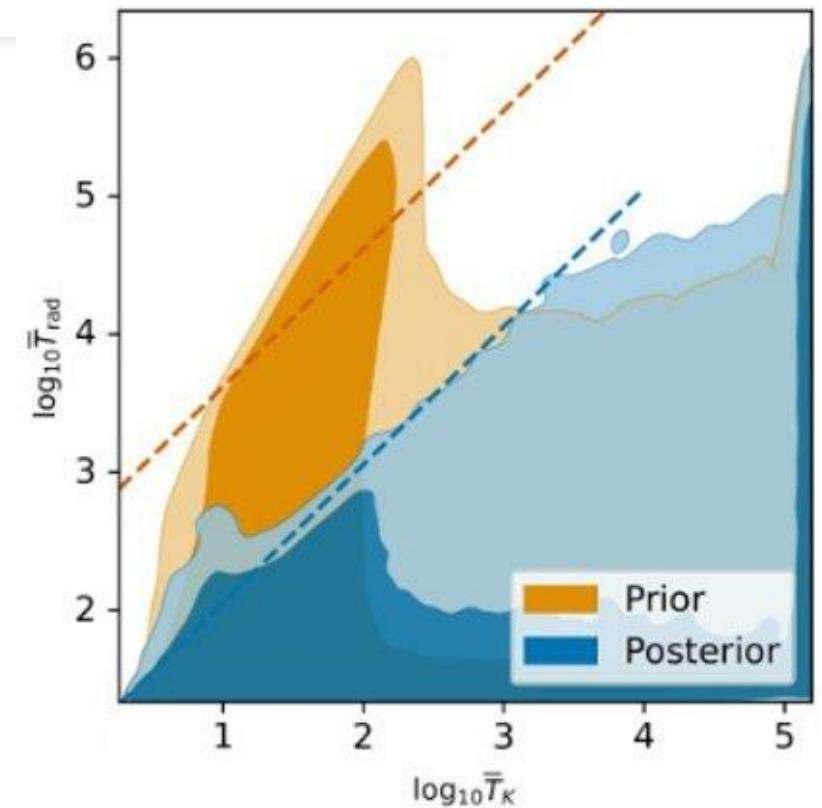
Radio cosmology

- Evolutionary Map of the Universe (**EMU**): continuum survey, angular correlation function & ISW at 2 sigmas (Jacobo Asorey, CIEMAT, Madrid)
- **MeerKAT**: setup analysis pipeline, mock challenge (foreground removal) (*Marta Spinelli, ETH*)
- Baryon Acoustic Oscillations with HI intensity Mapping (*Santiago Avila, Instituto de Física Teórica UAM-CSIC, Madrid*)
- Calibration of receiver gain with **CHIME** (*Tianyue Chen, EPFL*)



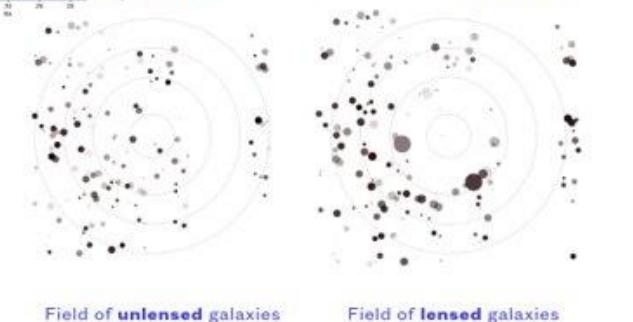
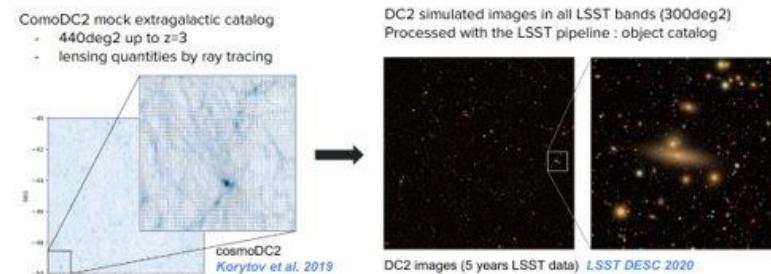
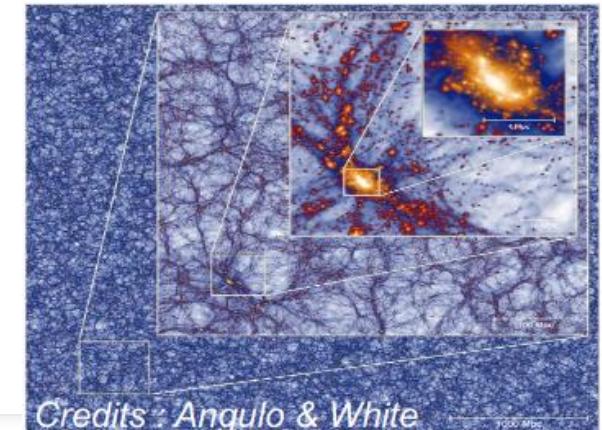
Radio cosmology – reionization

- Patchy reionization: tau - 21cm cross-correlation and CMB B-mode polarization (*Andrea Lapi, SISSA, Trieste*)
- Reionization constraints from HERA 21cm power spectrum limits (*Stefan Heimersheim, U. of Cambridge*)



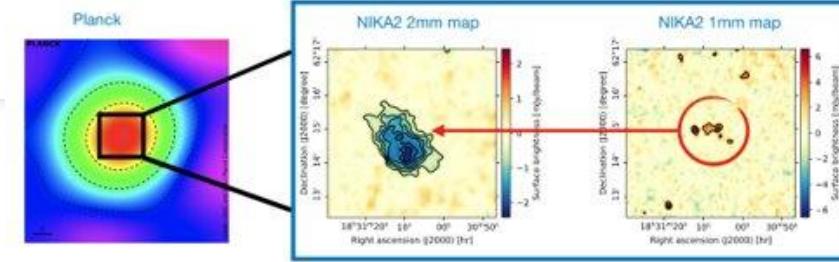
Clusters

- Most **massive objects**: 10^{14-15} Msun (80% DM, 15% gas, 5% galaxies), 1Gpc
- Density of clusters vs. mass: **sensitive to cosmology** (growth of structure, DE, neutrinos)
- Seen in X-ray, SZ, lensing: **calibrate mass-observable relations**
- Review of X-ray clusters: Uhuru (1970) => XMM-XXL survey (2021) (*Marguerite Pierre, DAp*)
- Clusters with **LSST** pipeline: detection in optical/NIR + weak lensing (*Marina Ricci, LMU Munich*)
- Clusters with **Euclid** pipeline: covariance of number counts & 2PCF; FoM improved by 25% (*Alessandra Fumagalli, U. of Trieste*)
- Cluster mass estimation from magnification (using full mag distribution instead of mag cut), tested on HSC (*Calum Murray, LPSC, Grenoble*)



Clusters

- Galaxy cluster cosmology with the **NIKA2** camera: taking into account the morphology of clusters changes integrated quantities (*Emmanuel Artis, LPSC, Grenoble*)
- SZ measurements in CMB: revised temperature assumptions, hint of 2-halo term (*Aditya Rotti, Jodrell Bank Centre for Astrophysics, Manchester*)
- Planck cluster count tension: calibration issue? (*Alain Blanchard, IRAP*)
- Measuring H₀ with clusters, combining X-ray from XMM-Newton and SZ from Planck DA $\sim y^2 / S_x$. $H_0 = 67.3 \pm 2$ km/s/Mpc (*Pasquale Mazzotta, Università di Roma "Tor Vergata"*)



X-ray surface brightness

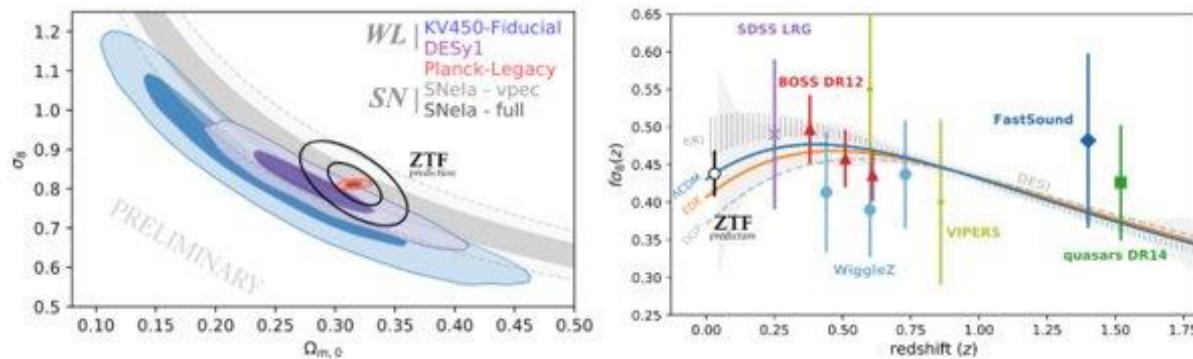
$$S_X = \frac{1}{(1+z)^4} \int n_e^2 dl$$

Sunyaev-Zeldovich effect

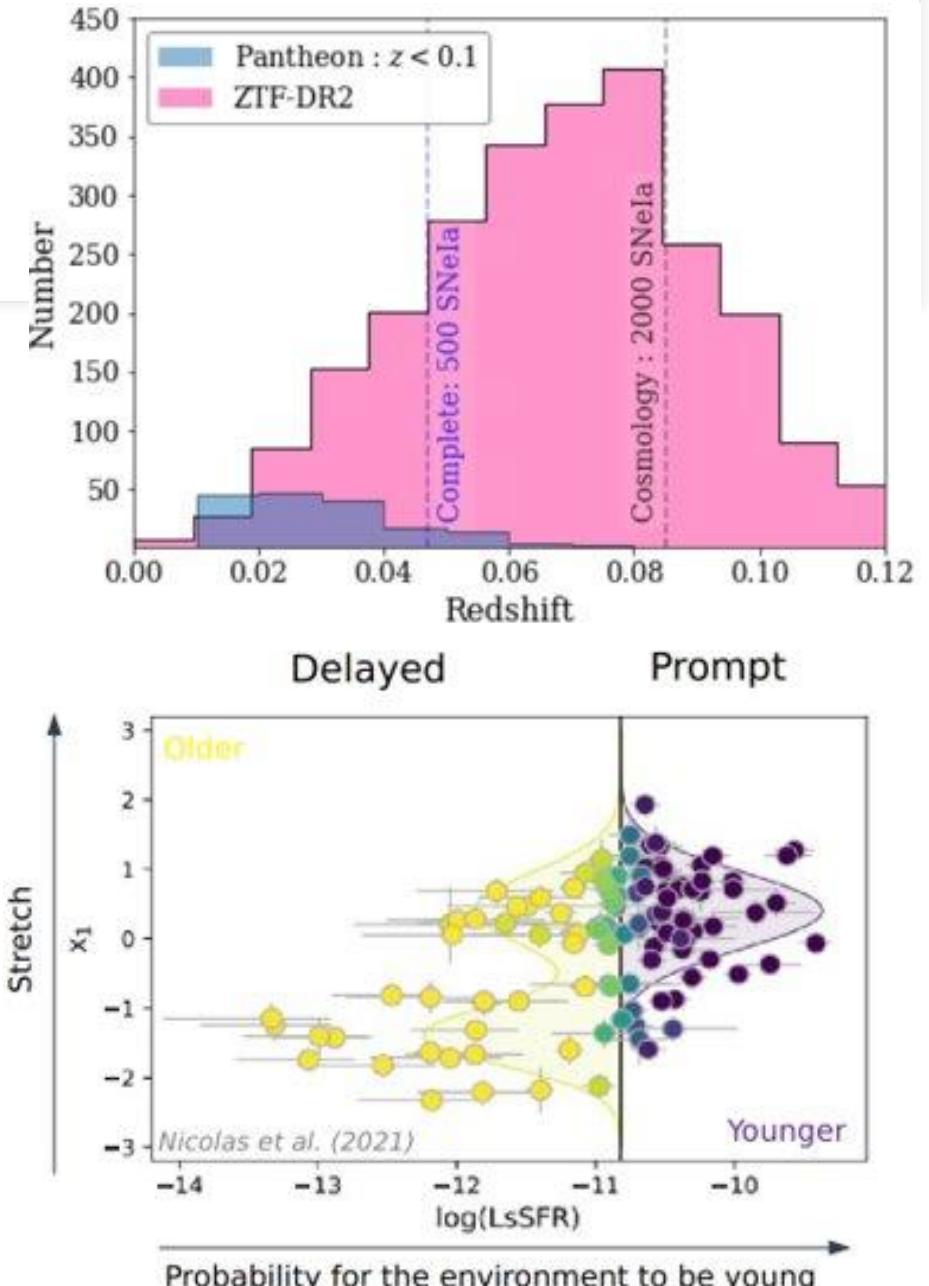
$$\text{Amplitude } y = \frac{\sigma_T}{m_e c^2} \int P_e dl$$

Supernovae

- ZTF: $\sigma_8(z=0)$ with **peculiar velocities**, H_0 , first results this summer (Mathew Smith, IP2I Lyon)

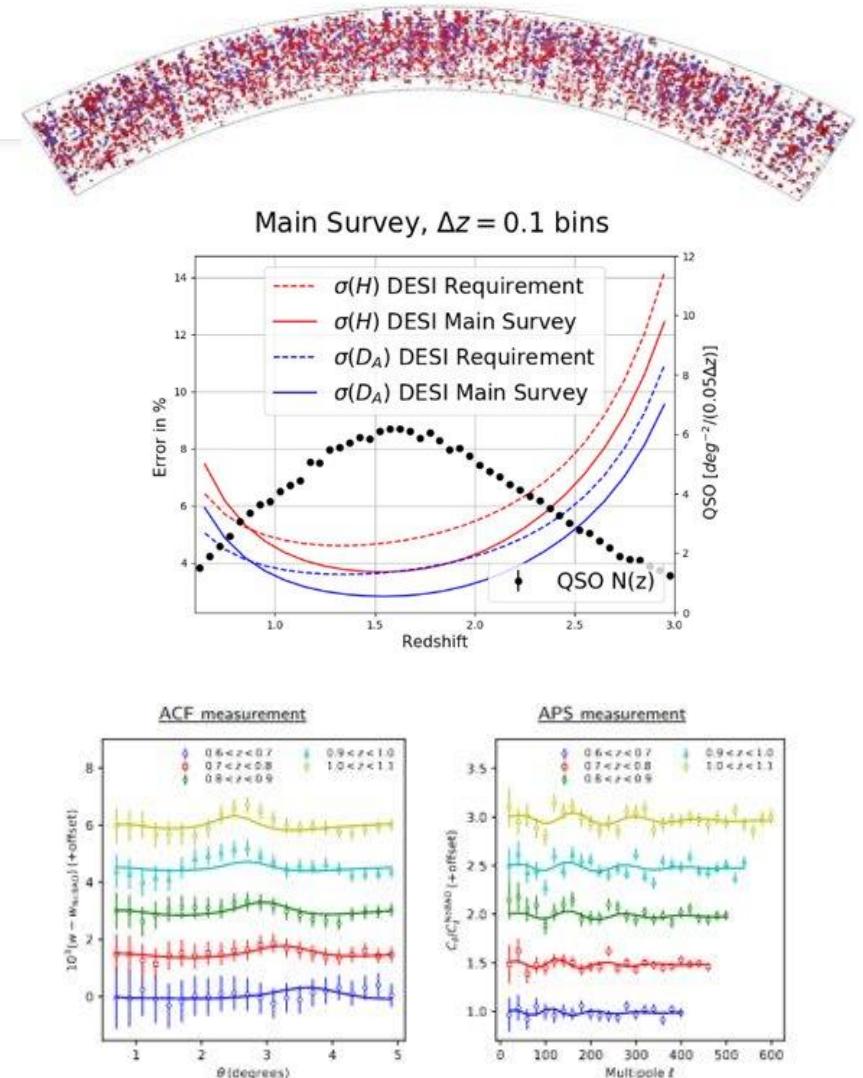


- Redshift evolution of the underlying type Ia supernova stretch distribution (Nora Nicolas, IP2I, Lyon)



Galaxy clustering – observations

- eBOSS results (*Arnaud de Mattia*)
- reanalysis of BOSS LRG and eBOSS QSO + combination with DES (*Agne Semenaitė, MPI, Garching*)
- review on eBOSS and WEAVE-QSO @ La Palma, higher resolution (5000 – 20000) (*Ignasi Pérez-Ràfols, IFAE Barcelona*)
- first measurement of the correlation between cosmic voids and the Lyman-alpha forest (*Corentin Ravoux*)
- status of DESI (*Christophe Yèche*)
- AI-assisted selection and the identification of quasars in DESI (*Edmond Chaussidon*)
- 2.7% measurement of the BAO with DES Y3: 5 (photometric) redshift bins, ~ 4 sigmas detection (*Juan Mena-Fernandez, CIEMAT, Madrid*)



Galaxy clustering – simulations

- Simulations to:
 - i) model **non-linear evolution under gravity**
 - ii) study tracer (galaxies, lyman-alpha, ...) relation to matter: **bias**
- Study of halo bias parameters from cosmological simulations using forward-modelling (*Titouan Lazeyras, Università degli Studi di Milano Bicocca*)

$$-2\ln\mathcal{P}(\delta_h|\delta_{h,\text{det}}) = \int_{|\mathbf{k}|<\Lambda} \frac{d^3\mathbf{k}}{(2\pi)^3} \left[\frac{|\delta_h(\mathbf{k}) - \delta_{h,\text{det}}(\mathbf{k})|^2}{P_\epsilon(k)} + \ln(2\pi P_\epsilon(k)) \right]$$

- Hydrodynamical simulations, to study impact of massive neutrinos, dark radiation and WDM on Lyman-alpha forests (*Graziano Rossi, Sejong U.*)
- Relativistic second-order initial conditions for simulations of large-scale structure (Thomas Montandon, APC)
- Test resolution of N-body simulation (Abacus, used in DESI) using scale-free simulation (rescaling of distances \Leftrightarrow time) (*Sara Maleubre Molinero, LPNHE*)

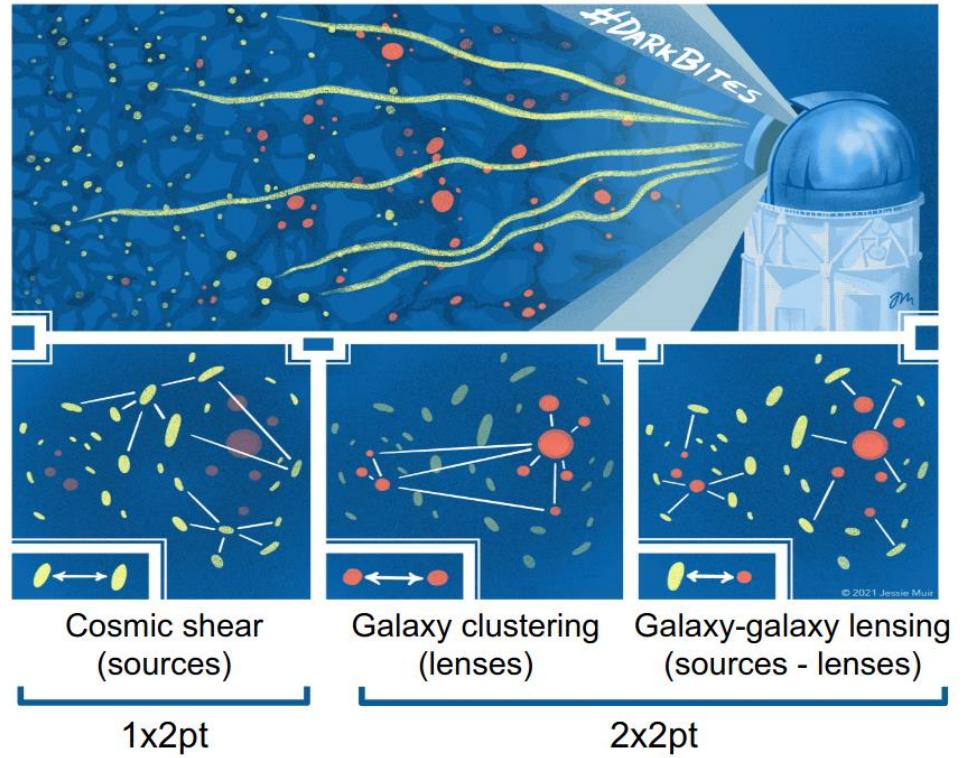
Galaxy clustering – theory

- review of **EFT of LSS**: split long distance from short distance physics, acting as non-trivial stress tensor. $P(k)$, $B(k)$, fnl ... (*Leonardo Senatore, ETH*)
- + baryons (*Matthew Lewandowski, Northwestern U.*)
- + two-loop bispectrum of large-scale structure (*Petter Taule, TUM*)
- ... *for line-intensity mapping* (*Azadeh Moradinezhad, Université de Genève*)
- power spectrum **emulators** relying on halo model for various dark energy and modified gravity scenarios (*Matteo Cataneo, Argelander-Institut für Astronomie, Bonn*)
- the importance of correlations in the dynamics of the large-scale structures of the Universe (*Pascal Tremblin, Maison de la simulation*)
- **forward-modelling for LSS**: lots of additional information in the phases over summary statistics like $P(k) + B(k)$ (*Fabian Schmidt, MPI Garching*)

Galaxy weak lensing

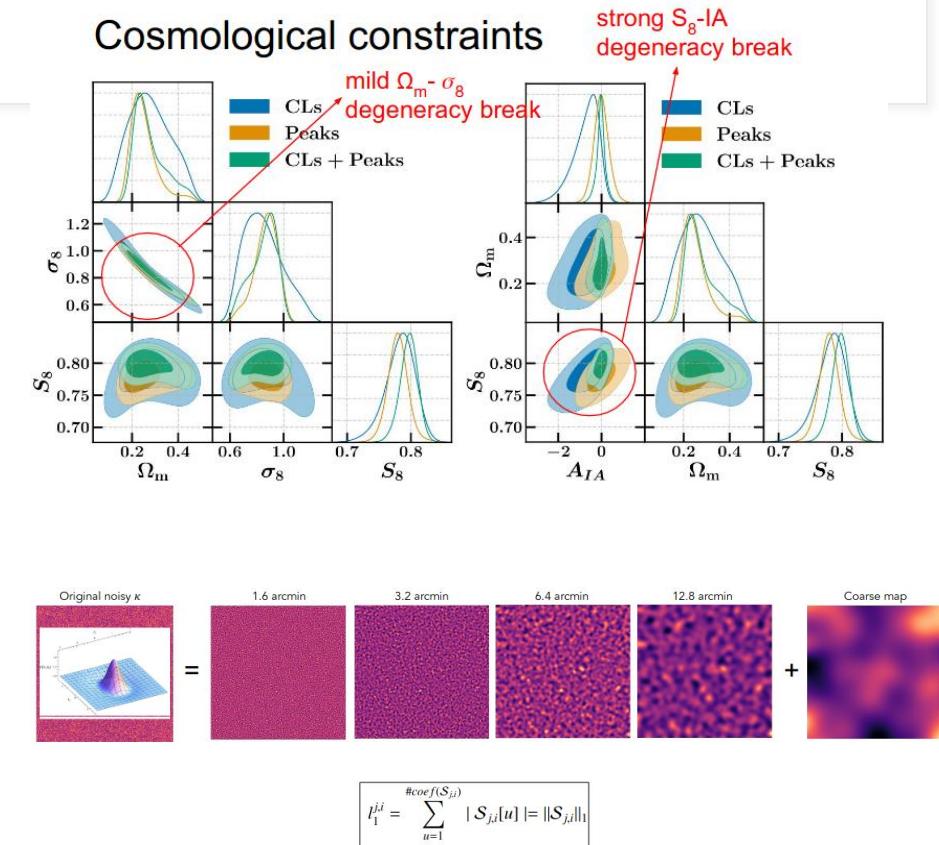
- test of LSST-DESC 3x3pt analysis pipeline with HSC (*David Sánchez Cid, CIEMAT, Madrid*)
- metacalibration of shear bias (deconvolving PSF, artificial shear, PSF) with CFIS (*Axel Guinot, APC*)
- calibration of redshift distribution using photoz + clustering redshifts for the DES Y3 lens MagLim sample (*Giulia Giannini, IFAE, Barcelona*)
- Super-sample covariance (*Sylvain Gouyou-Beauchamps, CPPM*)

Credit: © 2021 Jessie Muir



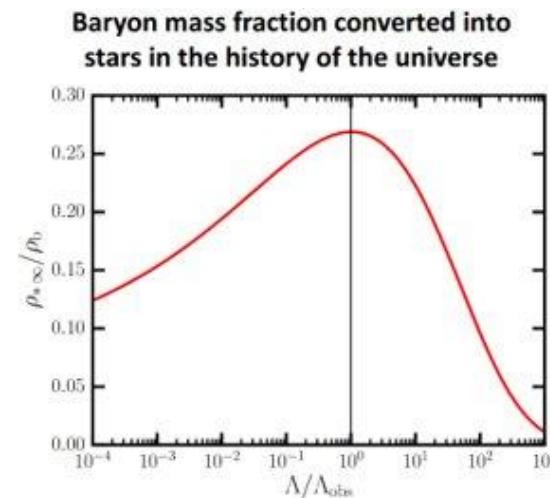
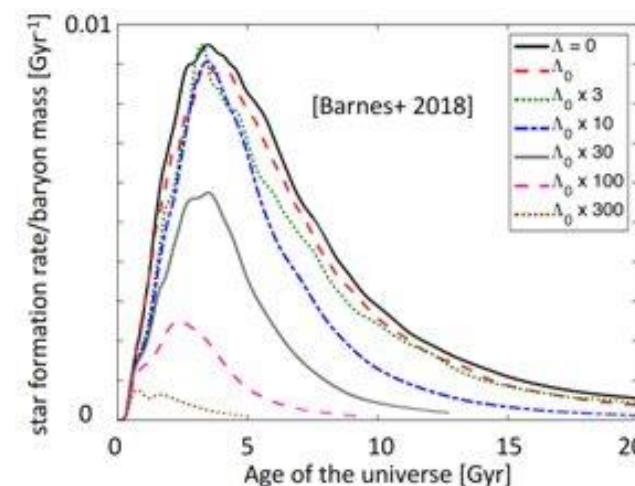
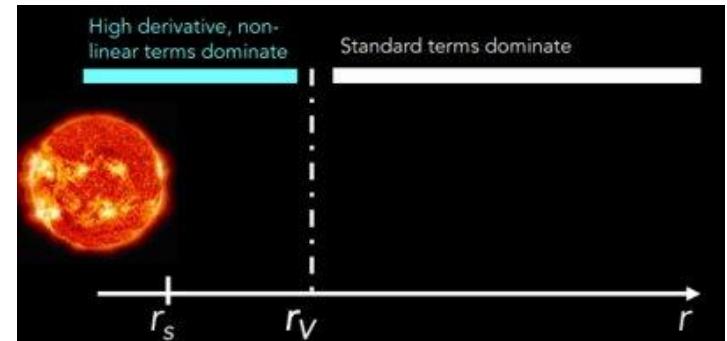
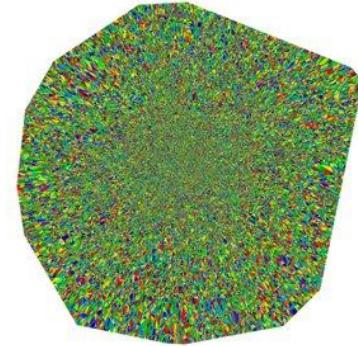
Galaxy weak lensing – others

- lensing potential estimation with galaxy number counts (Viraj Nistane, U. de Genève)
- cosmology with peaks using an emulator approach for DES Y3: S8/IA degeneracy breaking (*Dominik Zürcher, ETH*)
- higher order statistics: multi-scale starlet peaks, voids & l1-norm, application to CFIS (*Virginia Ajani, ETH Zurich*)
- reconstruction of DM map (*Benjamin Remy, DAp*)



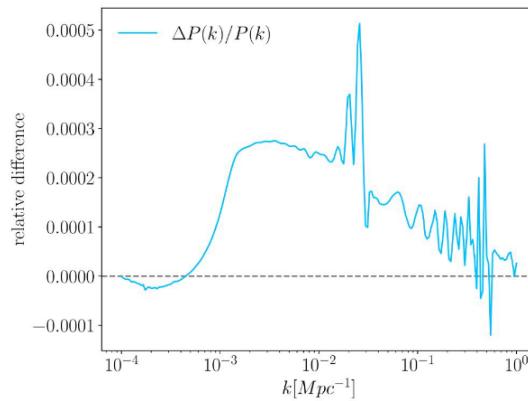
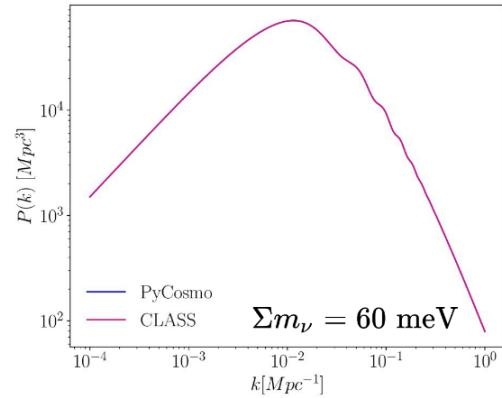
Dark energy – theory

- search for quantum gravity theories with "realistic EFTs". Reveal the **string landscape** by enumerating topological invariants of Ricci-flat six-manifolds: *Liam McAllister (Cornell U.)*
- a theory of massive Galileons against its UV completion: the IR theory Vainshtein screens, the UV theory doesn't! (*Daniela Saadeh, U. of Portsmouth*)
- we are typical observers (*Daniele Sorini, U. of Edinburgh*)
- Albrecht-Skordis quintessence model to alleviate H₀ and sigma8 tensions (*Arsalan Adil, U. of California*) deviations from classicality in gravity (*Federico Piazza, CPT, Marseille*), EFT of a massive vector field (*Victor Pozsgay, Imperial College London*), primordial structure from quantum cosmological bouncing models (*Jaime de Cabo Martín, National Centre for Nuclear Research, Warsaw*), EFT of DE tests with BH ringdown (*Leonardo Trombetta, CEICO, Prague*), weak constraints on f(R) from redshift – distance relation with Einstein Telescope (*Isabela Santiago de Matos, Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro*)



Controversies

- 5-sigma H0 tension, best resolved by models modifying sound horizon, but does not solve ~ 3 sigmas "S8 tension" (*Guillermo Franco Abellán, LUPM, Montpellier*)
- A hypothetical observer during inflation was NOT likely to slow roll measure a deviation of from $w=-1$ (*Sveva Castello, Université de Genève*)
- Flatness problem? (Marc Holman, Utrecht U.)
- (Not a controversy): symbolic PyCosmo Boltzmann Solver (Beatrice Moser, ETH Zurich)



Conclusions

- Poll by Simon White (MPI, Garching)

Is the phenomenology of DM (galaxy halo and LSS dynamics, gravitational lensing, CMB fluctuations) explained by:

A new kind of elementary particle

0 9 7

57%

A modification of General Relativity

1 0 0

16%

Something else

1 0 0

27%

Will a direct or indirect non-gravitational signature of dark matter be convincingly detected in the next 20 years?

1 0 0

53%

No

1 0 0

47%

The standard 6-parameter LCDM model (including neutrinos) will be excluded in the next 20 years

0 9 4

Yes

0 9 7

45%

44%

No

55%

56%

A deviation of cosmic expansion or cosmic structure growth factors from the cosmological constant prediction will be found in the next 20 years

Conclusions

- Poll by Simon White (Garching)

After 2040 most significant advances in cosmology will be made by intelligent machines rather than humans

0 9 6

Agree



Disagree

