

*The High Altitude
Water Cherenkov
Observatory*

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Outline

Motivation for VHE γ rays 1

The HAWC Observatory 2

Preliminary first results 3

Outlook 4



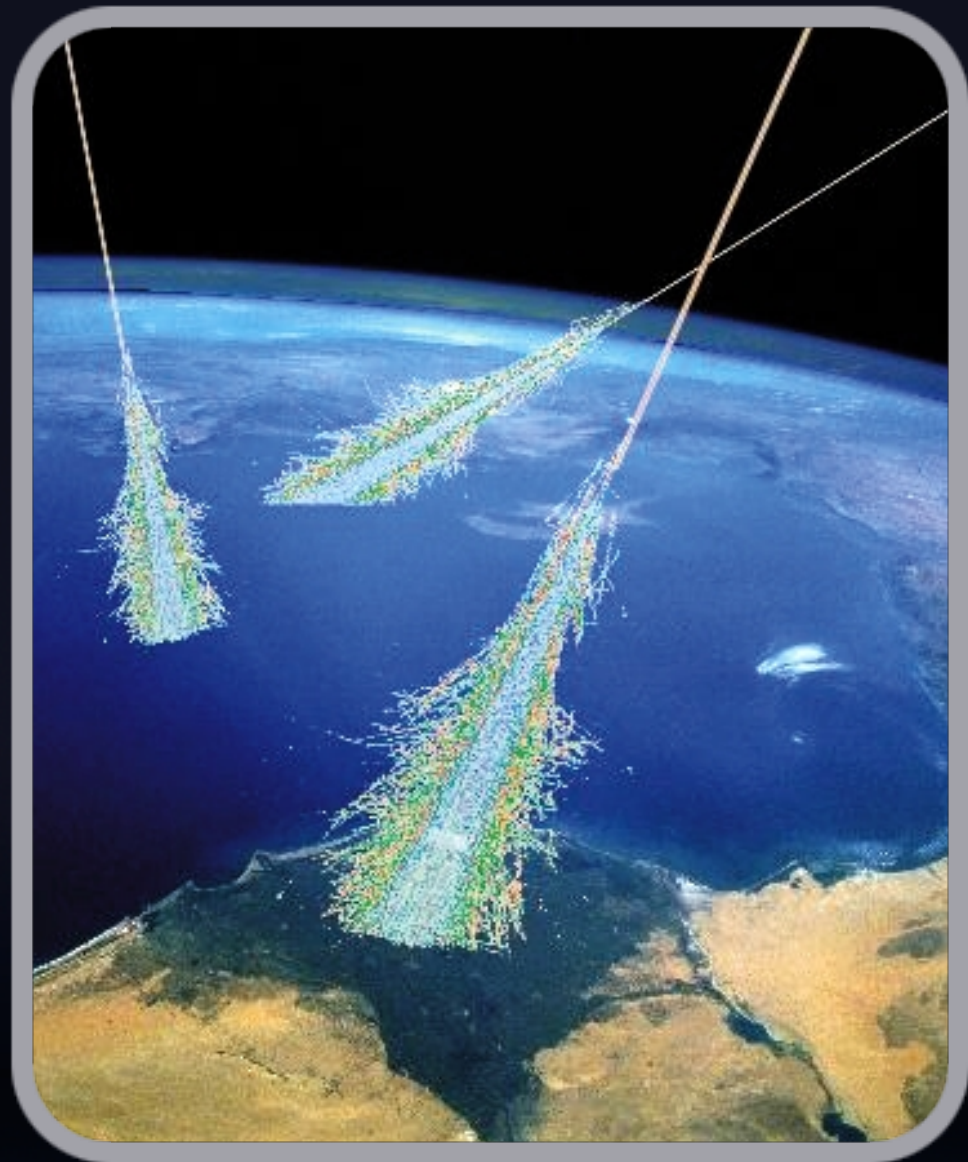
Introduction

- 2nd generation water Cherenkov
- Wide instantaneous field of view (2 sr)
- High duty cycle (> 90%)
- Large area (22,000 m²)



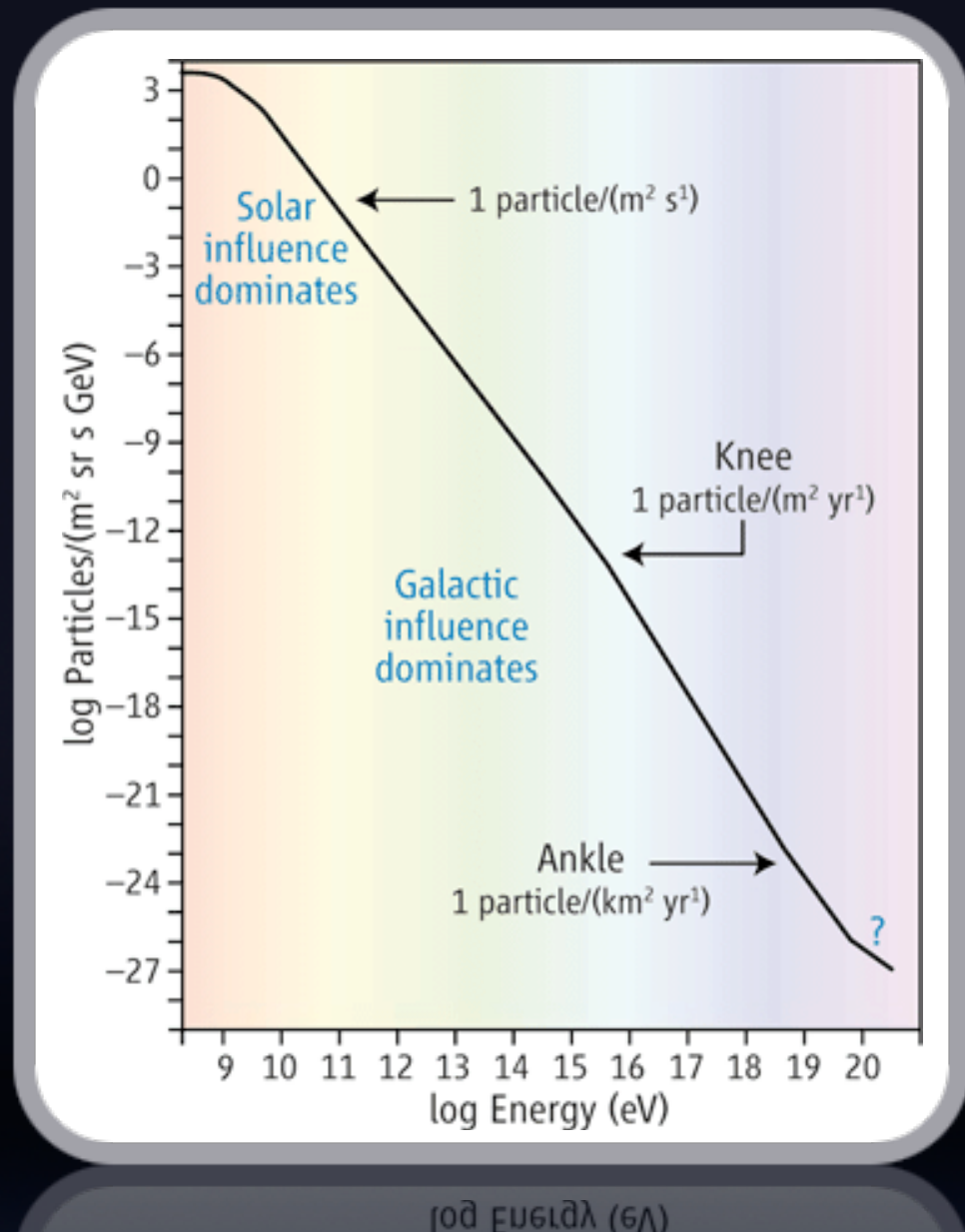
Cosmic Rays

- *All the time* you are being hit by a **flux of high energy particles** from above!

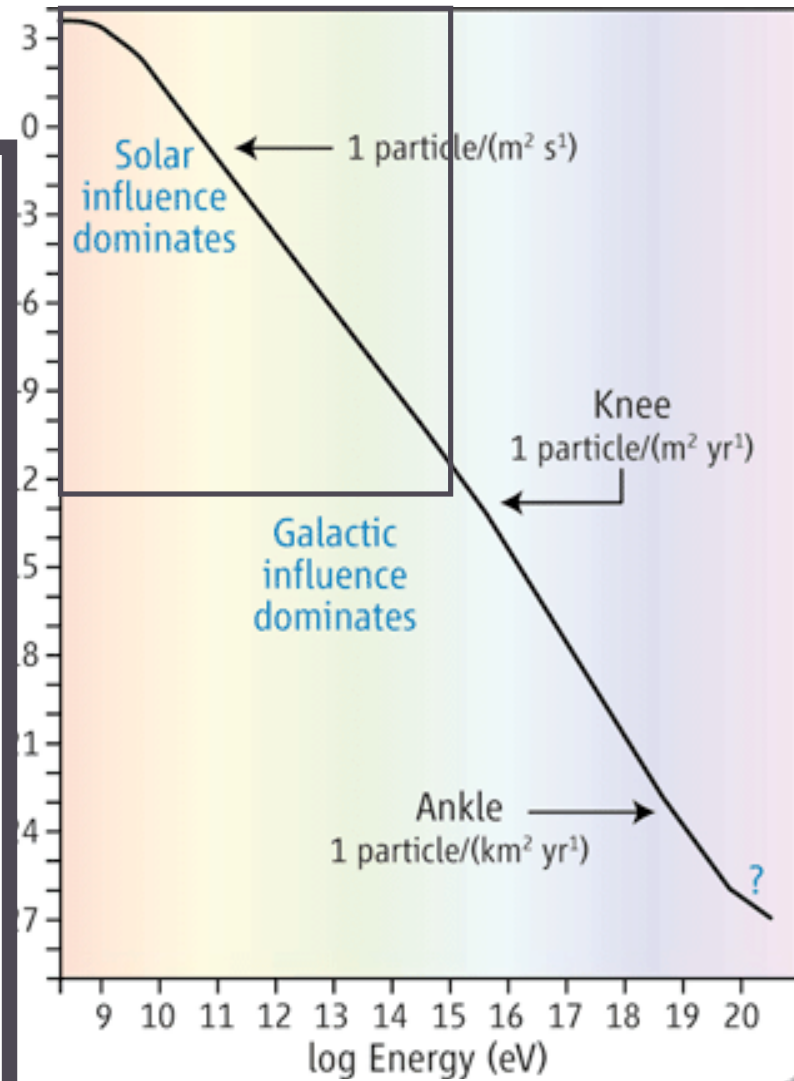
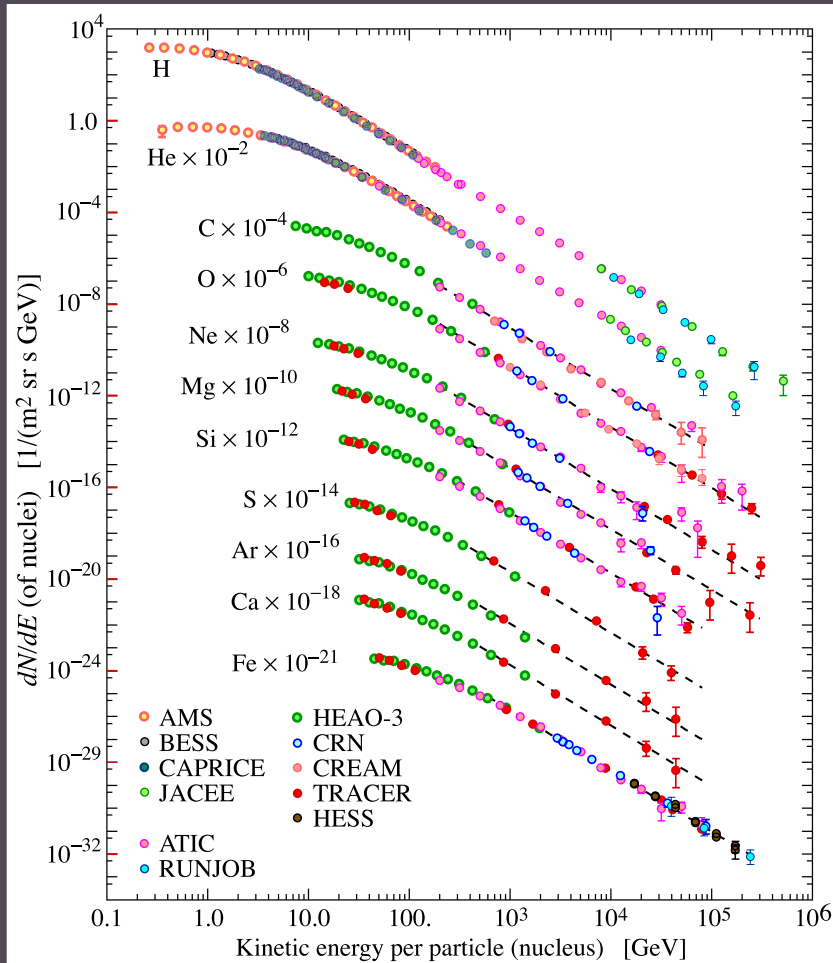


Cosmic Ray Flux

- At low E, solar **magnetic fields** strongly influence CR propagation
- At high E, the minimally deflected CRs are **far less intense** and thus much harder to detect.

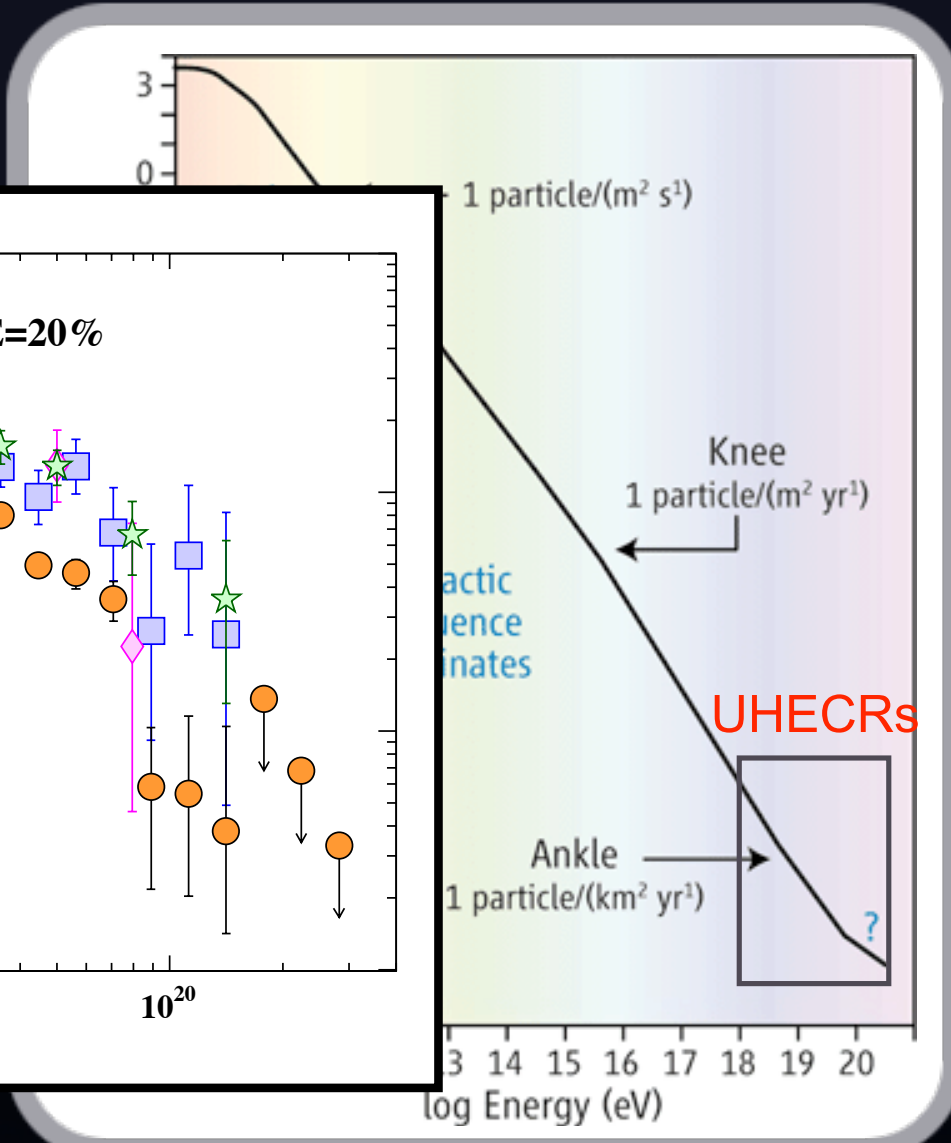
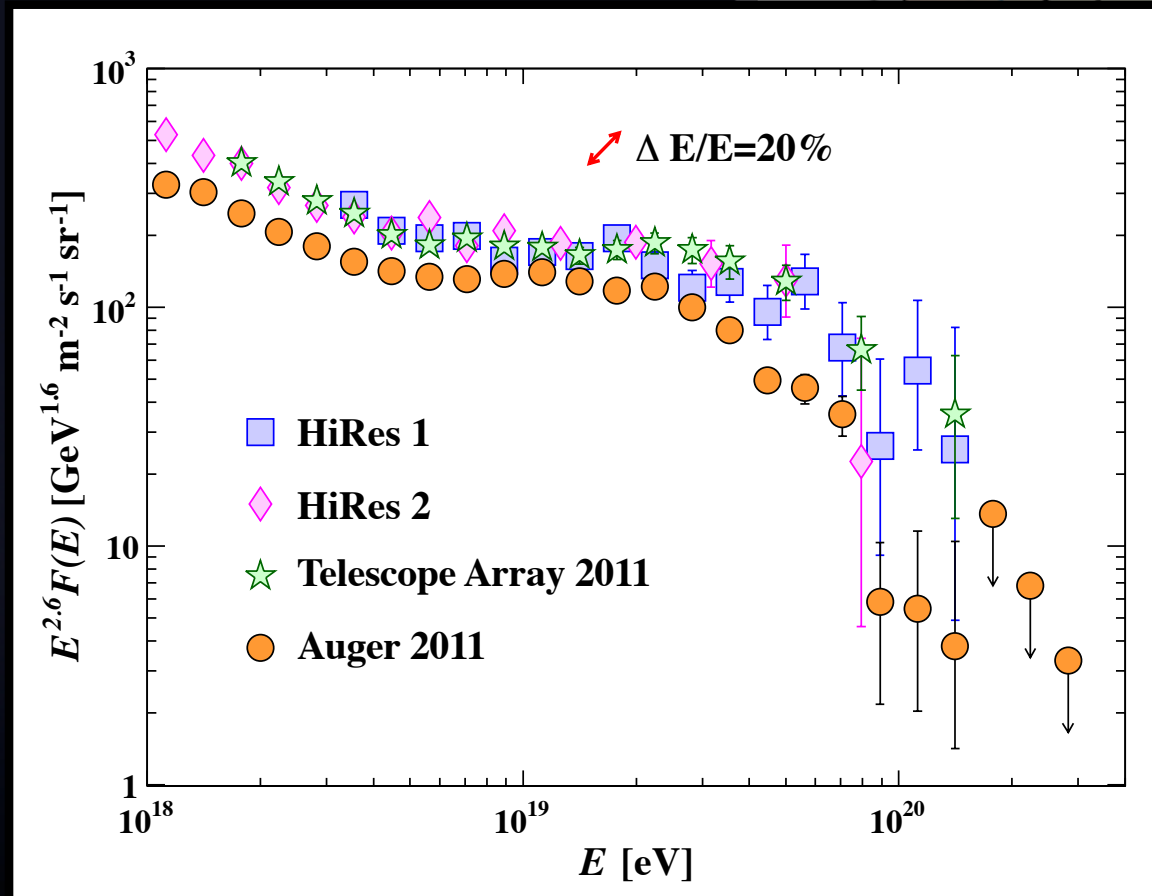


J. Beringer et al. (Particle Data Group)
 Phys. Rev. D86, 010001 (2012)



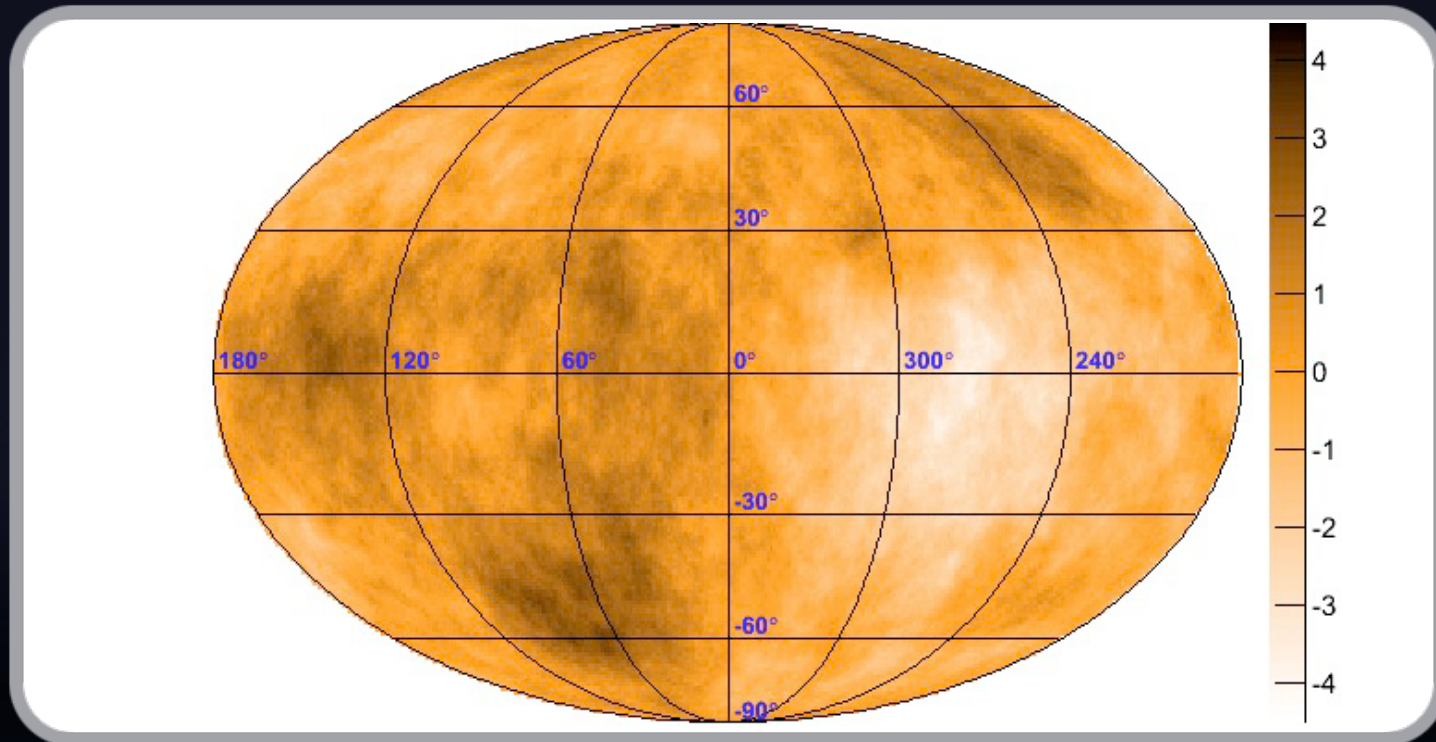
[od EUGIΔ (6Λ)

J. Beringer et al. (Particle Data Group)
Phys. Rev. D86, 010001 (2012)

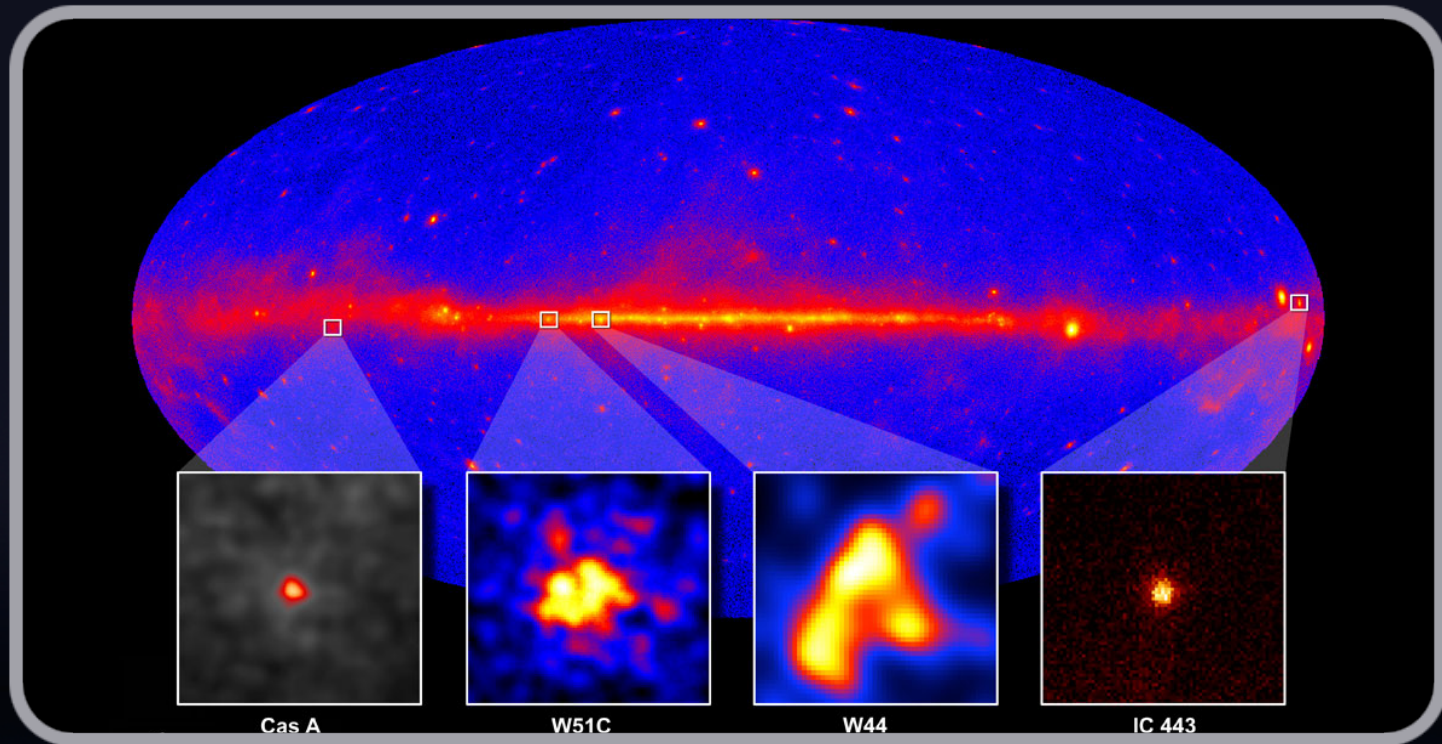


log Energy (eV)

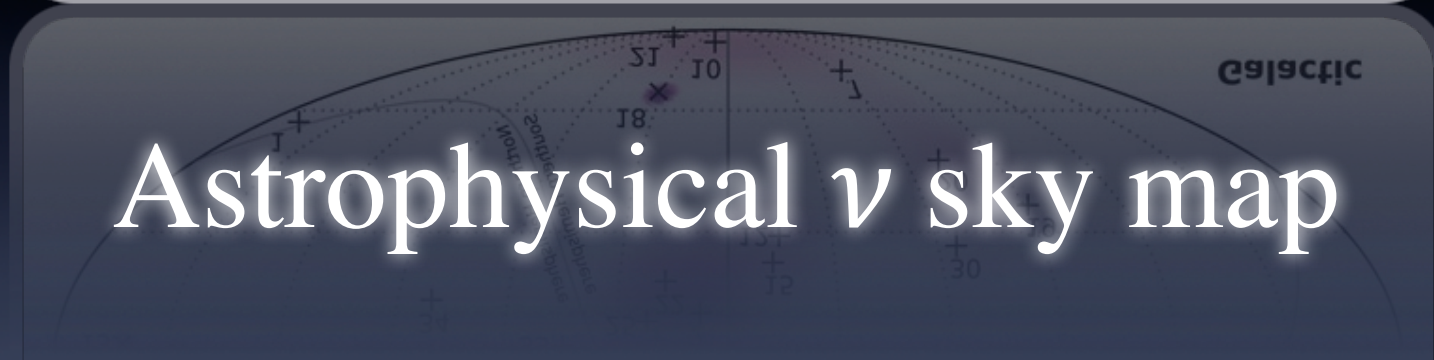
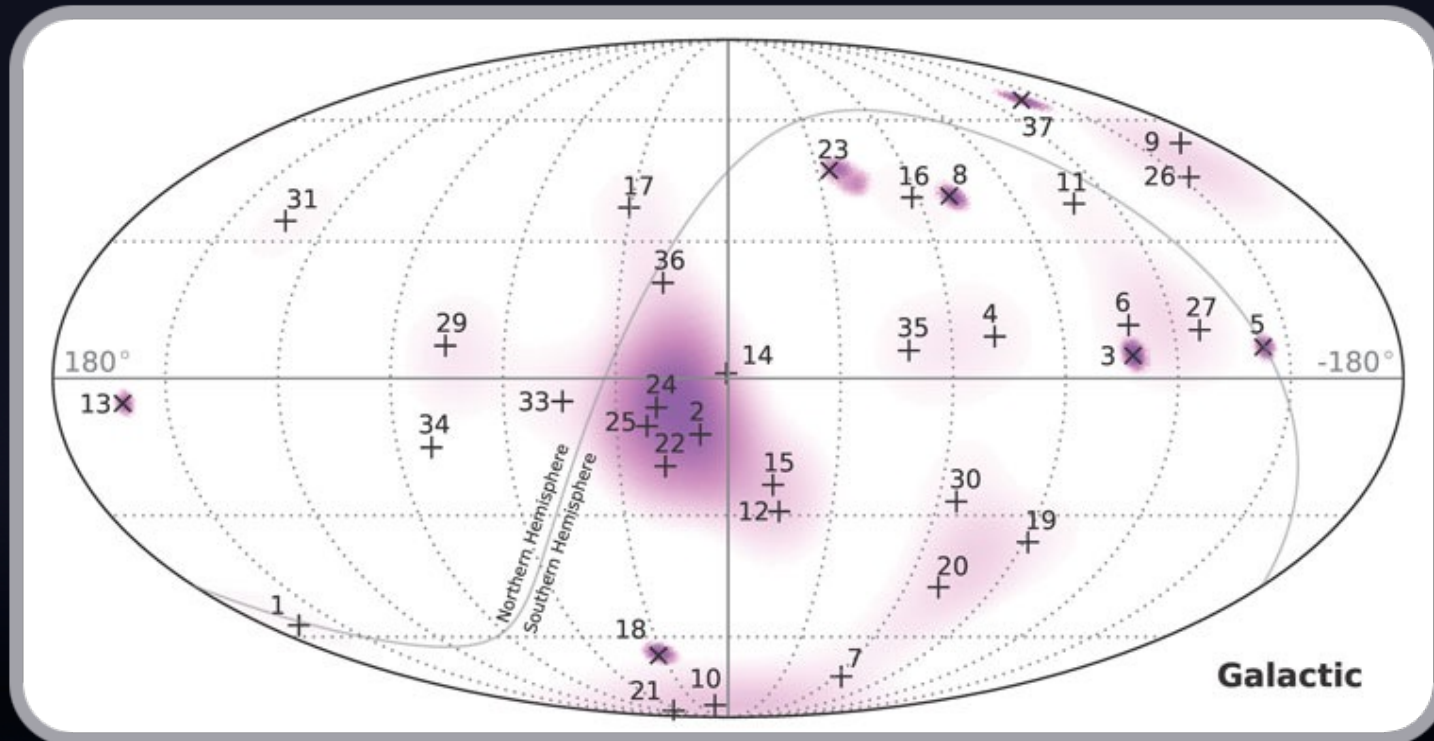
$E > 10 \text{ EeV}; 30^\circ \text{ smoothing}$



UHECR sky map

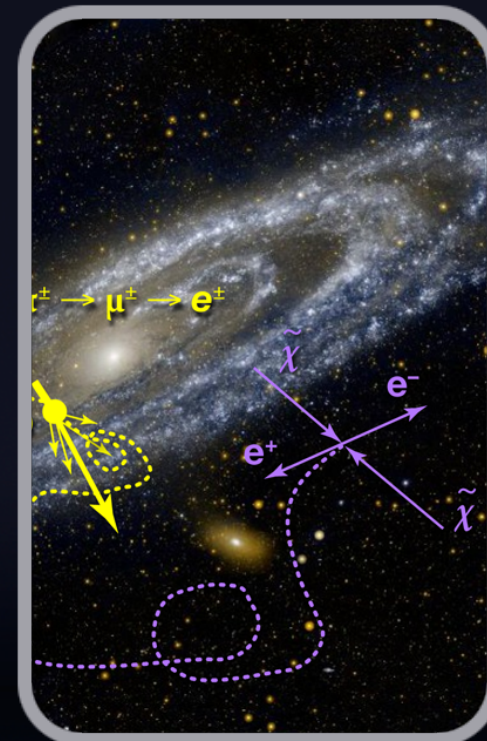
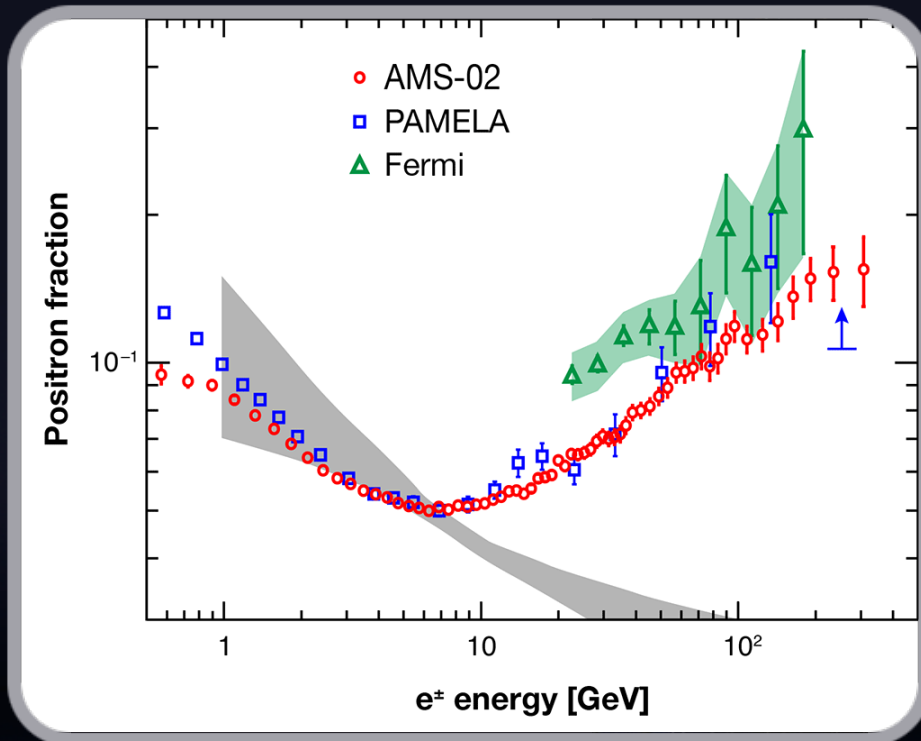


GeV γ -ray sky map



Astrophysical ν sky map

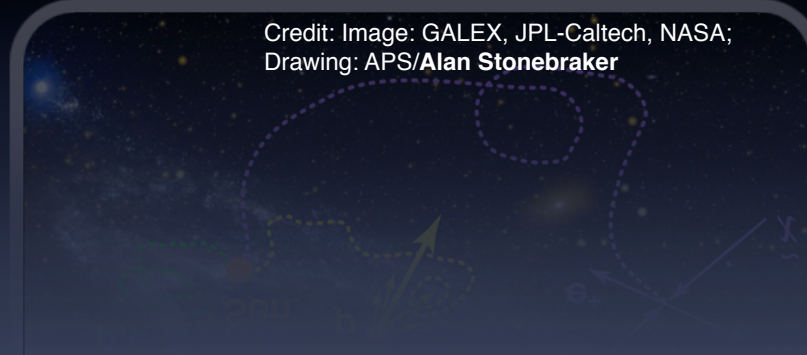
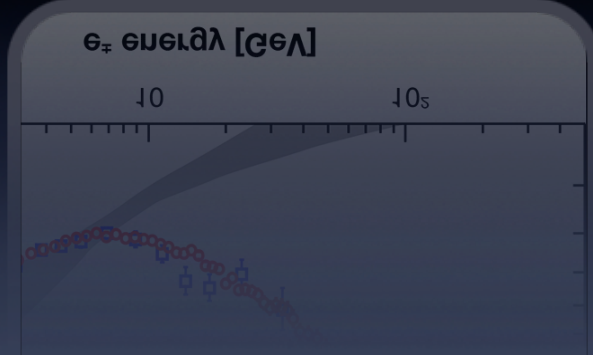
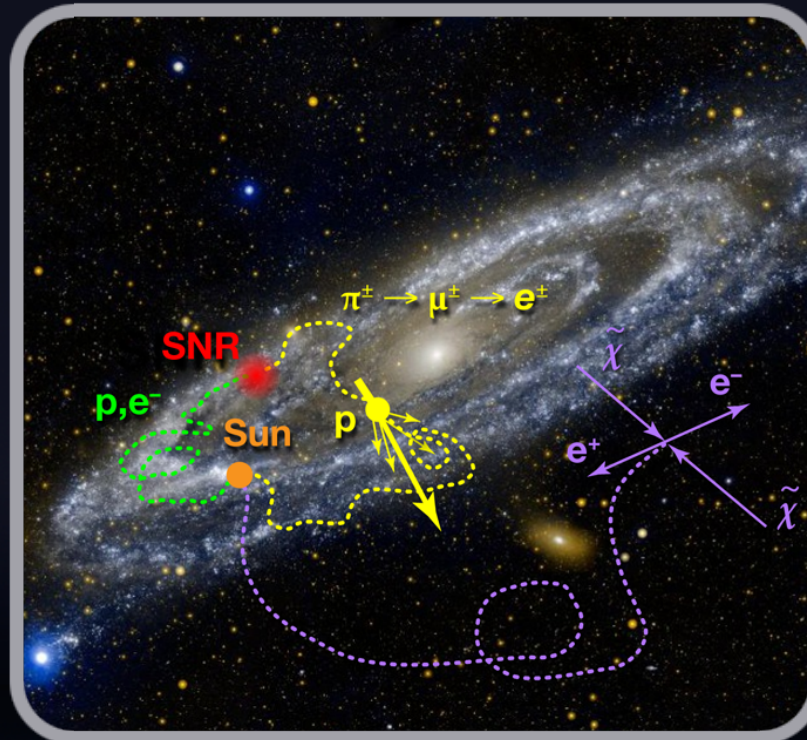
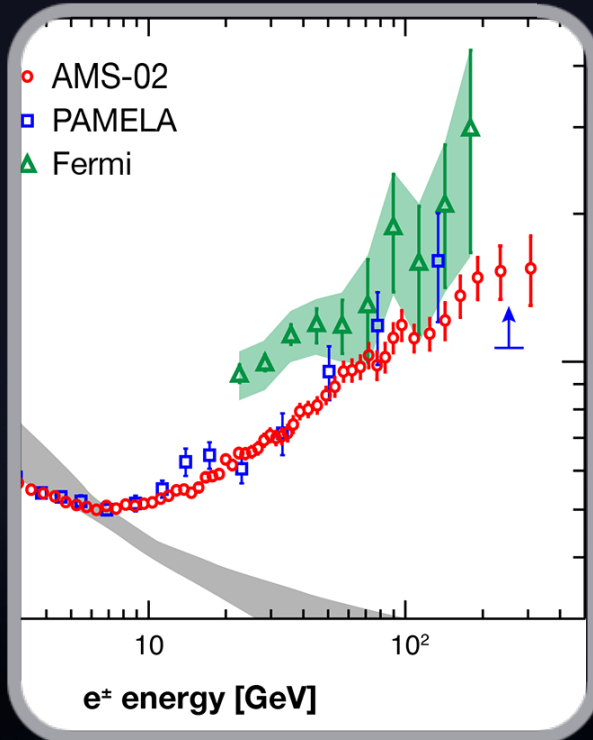
Positron Excess



Credit: Plot: M. Aguilar et al. [AMS Collaboration] Phys. Rev. Lett. 110, 141102 (2013);
Grey region: Astrophys. J. 254, 391 (1982); Astrophys. J. 493, 693 (1998); Astron.
Astrophys. 524, A51 (2010)



Positron Excess

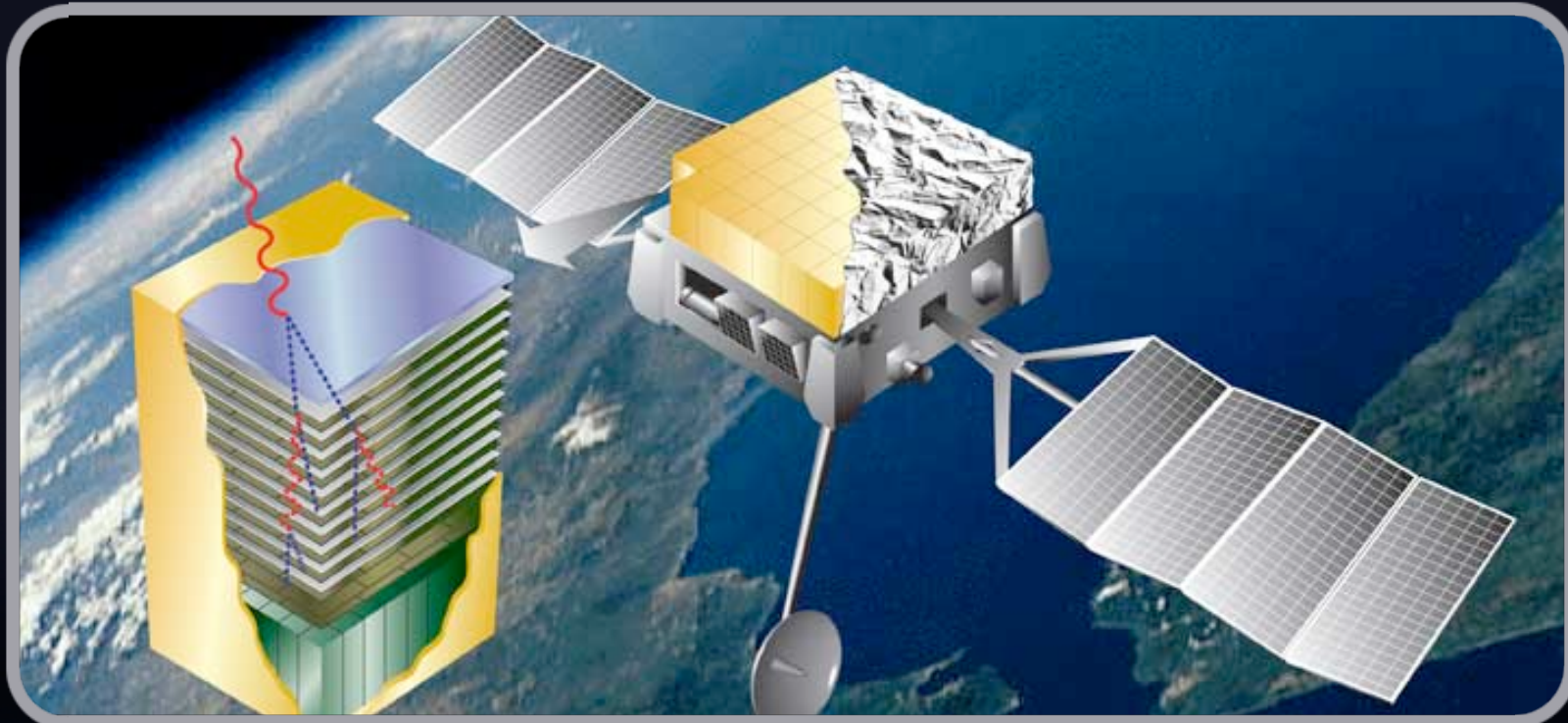


Credit: Image: GALEX, JPL-Caltech, NASA;
Drawing: APS/Alan Stonebraker

Scientific Motivation

- Constrain the **origin of cosmic rays** by measuring gamma-ray spectra to 100 TeV.
- Probe **particle acceleration** in astrophysical jets with **wide field of view, high duty factor** observations.
- Explore **new physics** with an **unbiased survey** of the TeV sky.

Experimental Techniques



Space-based detectors

Low energy threshold

EGRET, Fermi-LAT

Experimental Techniques

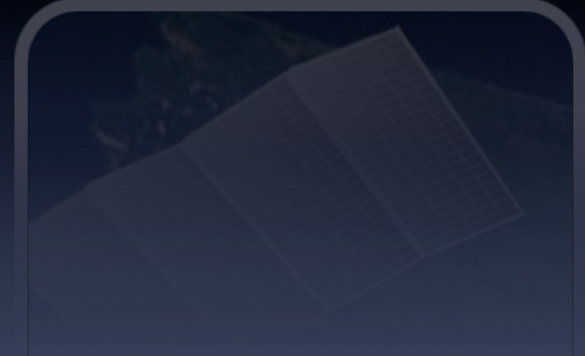
- ✓ Background free
- ✓ Large duty cycle
- ✓ Large aperture

- Small area

- **Space-based detectors**

 - Low energy threshold**

 - EGRET, Fermi-LAT



Experimental Techniques



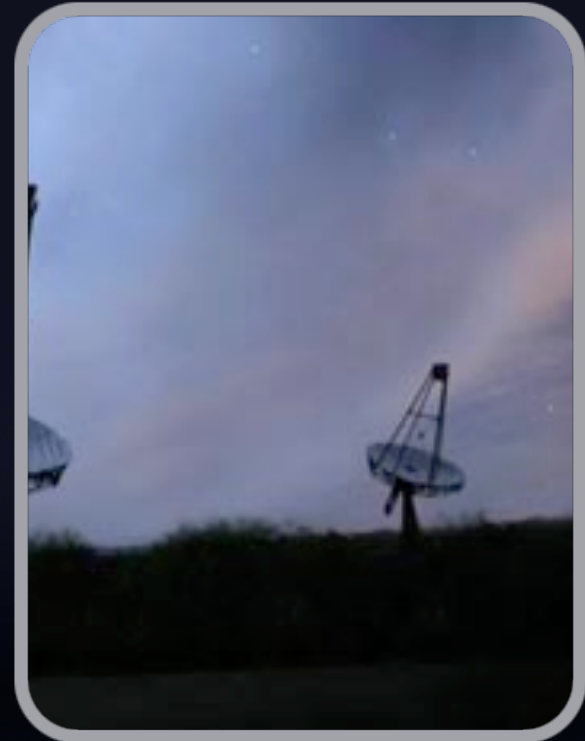
● Imaging Atmospheric Cherenkov Telescopes

High sensitivity

HESS, MAGIC, VERITAS

Experimental Techniques

- ✓ Large effective area
- ✓ Excellent background rejection
- Small aperture
- Low duty cycle
- **Imaging Atmospheric Cherenkov Telescopes**
 - High sensitivity
 - HESS, MAGIC, VERITAS



Experimental Techniques



Ground array of air-shower particle detectors

Large aperture + High duty cycle

Milagro, Tibet, ARGO, HAWC

Experimental Techniques

- ✓ Large aperture
- ✓ Excellent background rejection
- ✓ Large duty cycle

- Moderate area

- **Ground array of air-shower particle detectors**

Large aperture + High duty cycle

Milagro, Tibet, ARGO, HAWC



Experimental Techniques



● **Ground array of air-shower particle detectors**

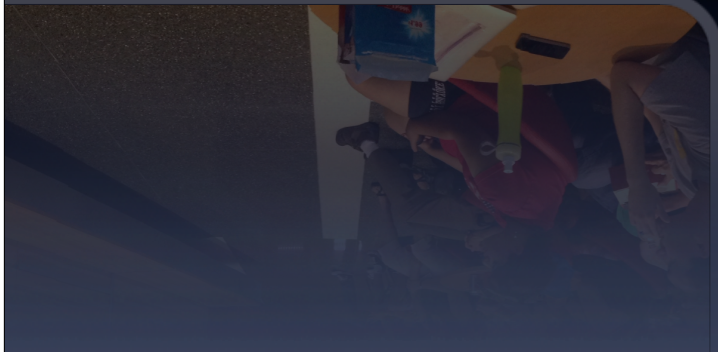
Large aperture + High duty cycle

Milagro, Tibet, ARGO, HAWC

The HAWC Collaboration



- ~100 scientists from the U.S. and Mexico
- 2 new European groups



The HAWC Observatory



300 - 7 m x 5 m steel Water Cherenkov Detectors
(a.k.a. tanks) with 4 PMTs at 4,100 m a.s.l. in Mexico

Water Cherenkov Detectors



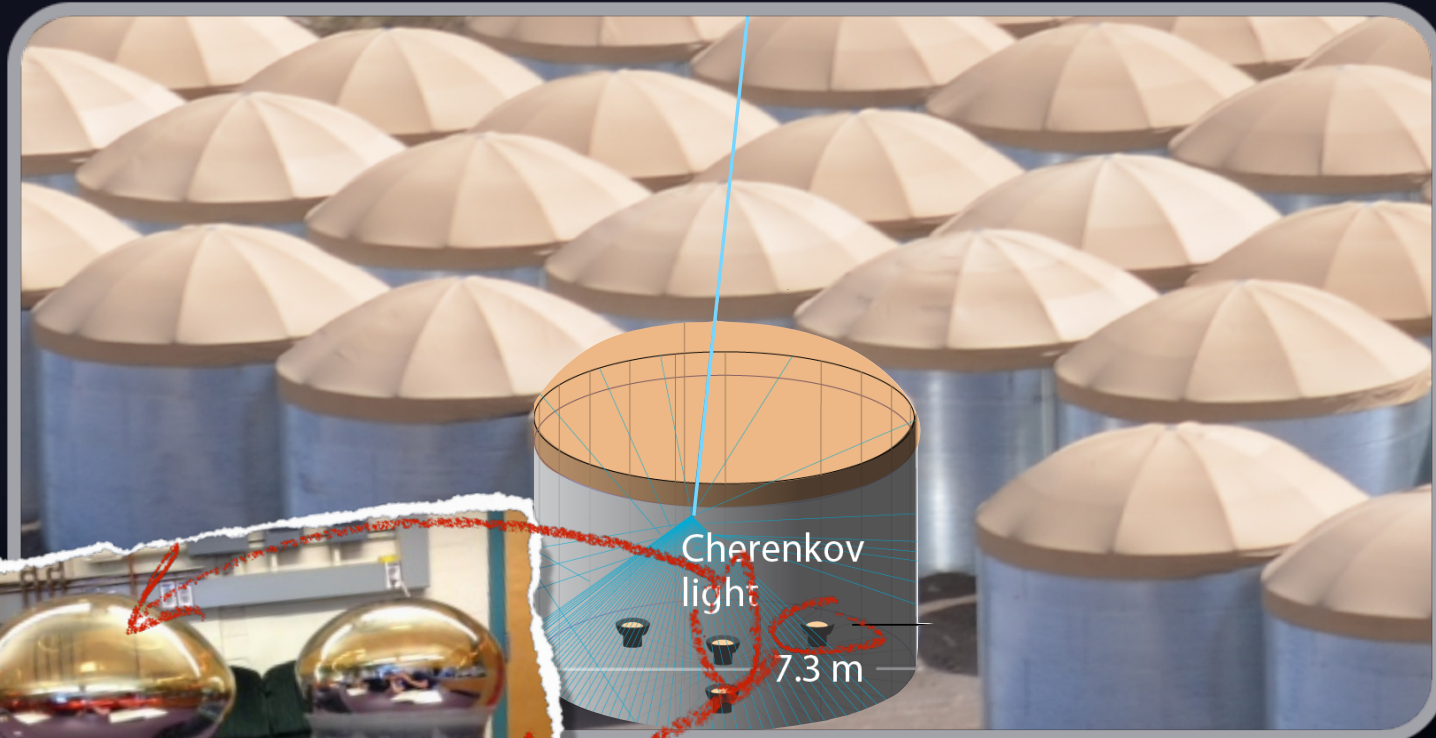
300 - 7 m x 5 m steel Water Cherenkov Detectors
(a.k.a. tanks) with 4 PMTs at 4,100 m a.s.l. in Mexico

Water Cherenkov Detectors



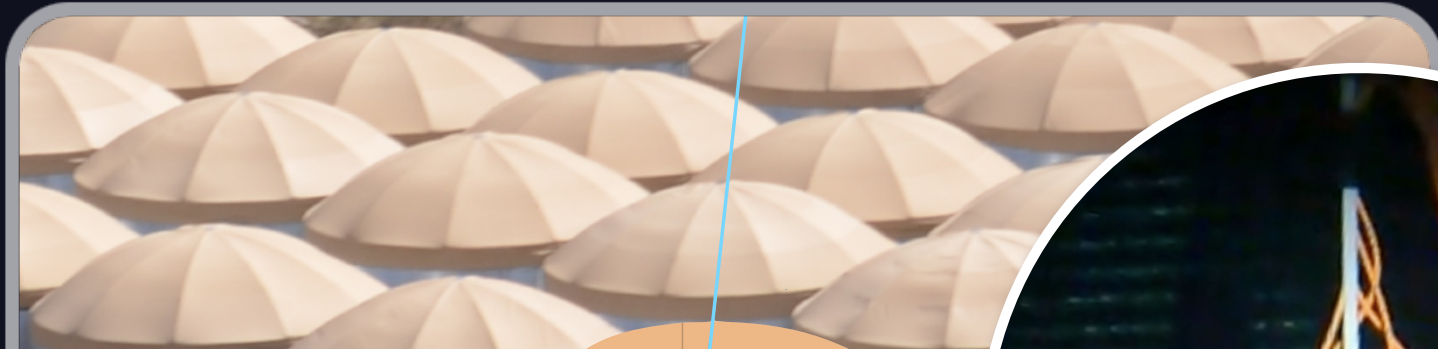
300 - 7 m x 5 m steel Water Cherenkov Detectors
(a.k.a. tanks) with 4 PMTs at 4,100 m a.s.l. in Mexico

Water Cherenkov Detectors



Water Cherenkov Detectors
PMTs at 4,100 m a.s.l. in Mexico

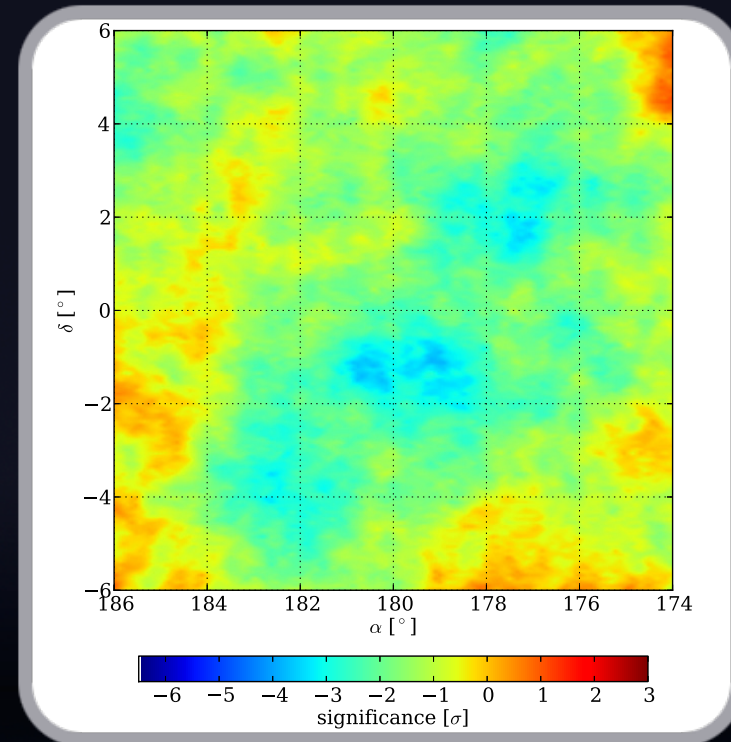
Water Cherenkov Detectors



ation system

Water Cherenkov Detectors

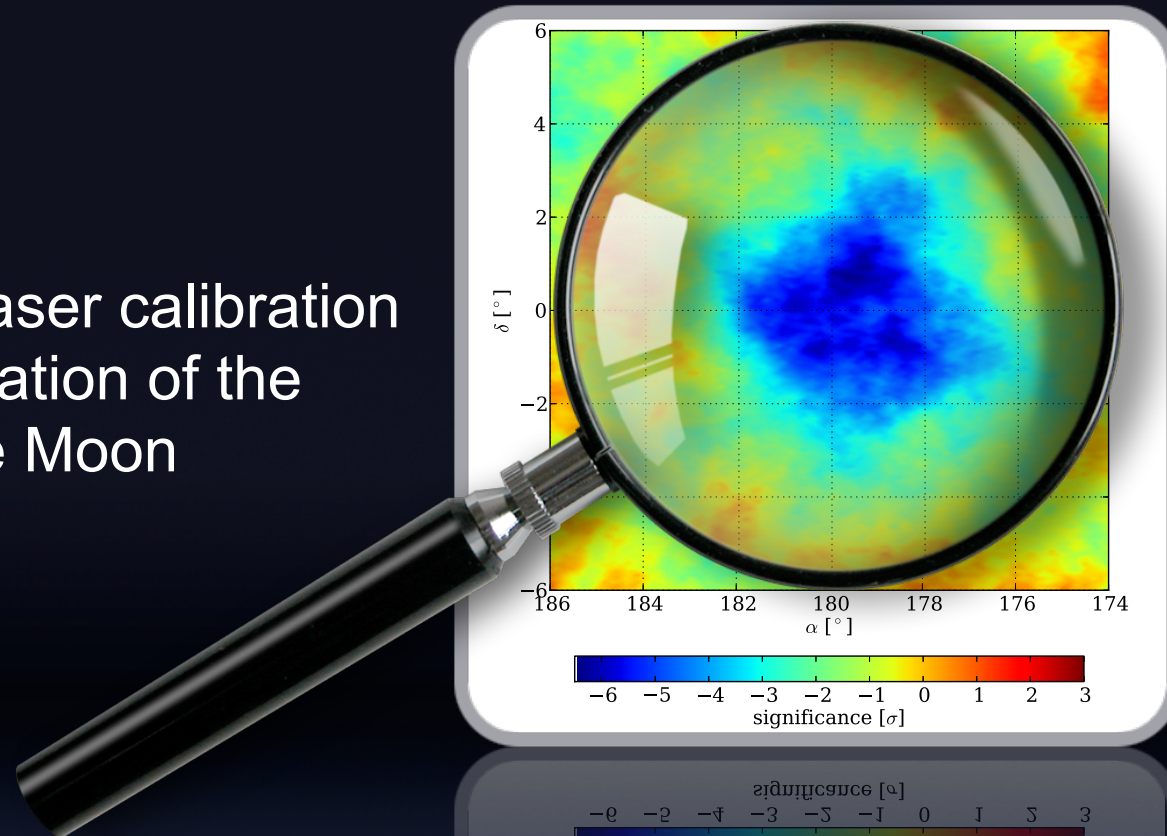
Effect of the laser calibration
on the observation of the
shadow of the Moon



Dedicated laser calibration system

Water Cherenkov Detectors

Effect of the laser calibration
on the observation of the
shadow of the Moon



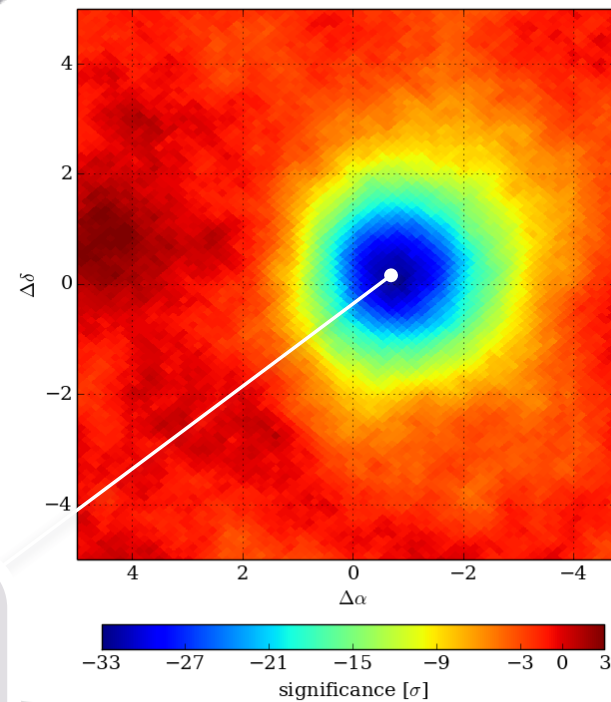
Dedicated laser calibration system

Water Cherenkov Detectors

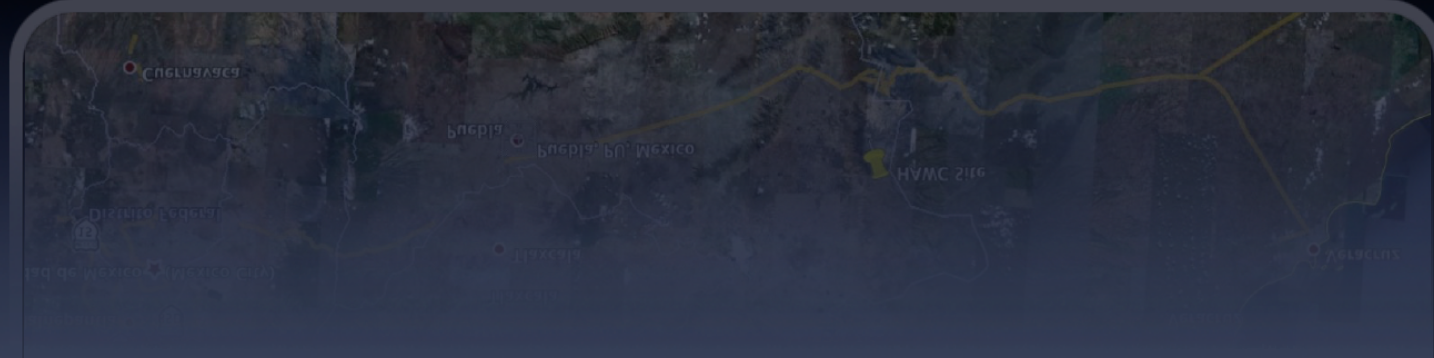
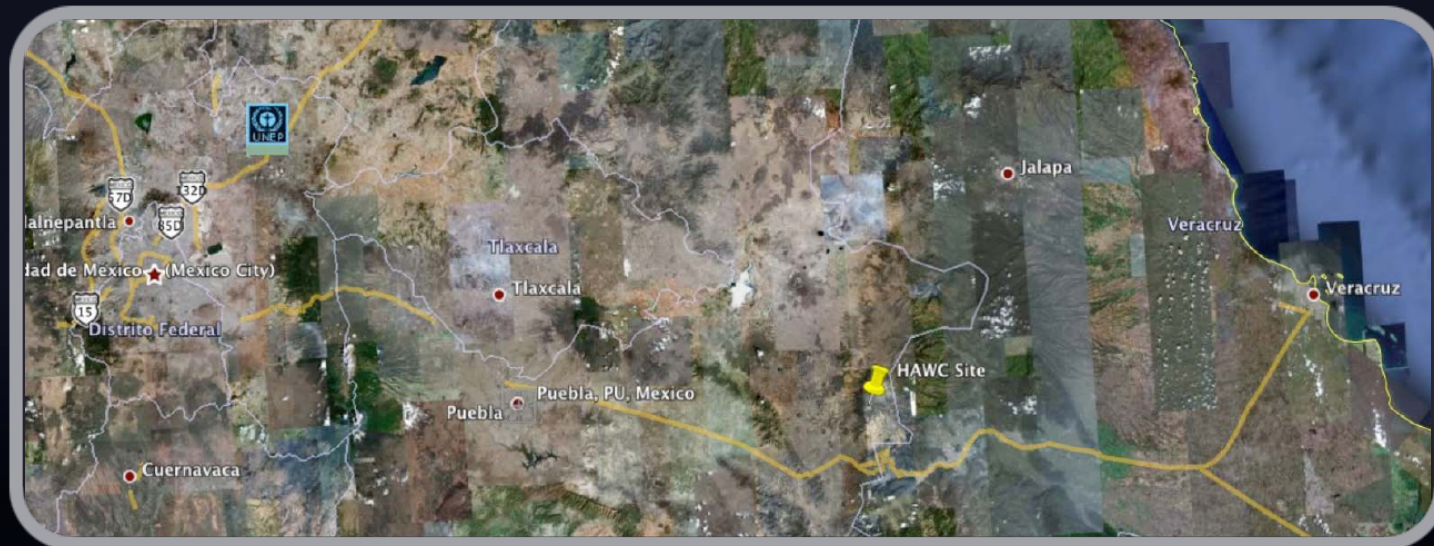
Effect of the laser calibration
on the observation of the
shadow of the Moon

- deflection matches 2 TeV median energy
- angular resolution < shadow width of 1.2°
- position verifies pointing

Dedicated laser calibration system



HAWC site



HAWC site

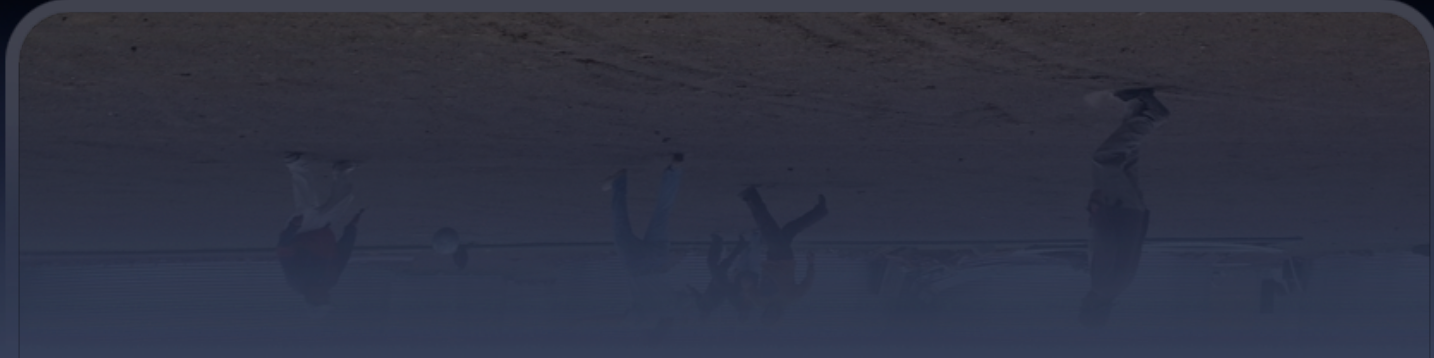
LMT (4,600 m)



4,100 m a.s.l.

Pico de Orizaba (18,500 ft)

working at the HAWC site



Design improvements

Go higher (altitude a.s.l.)



Milagro

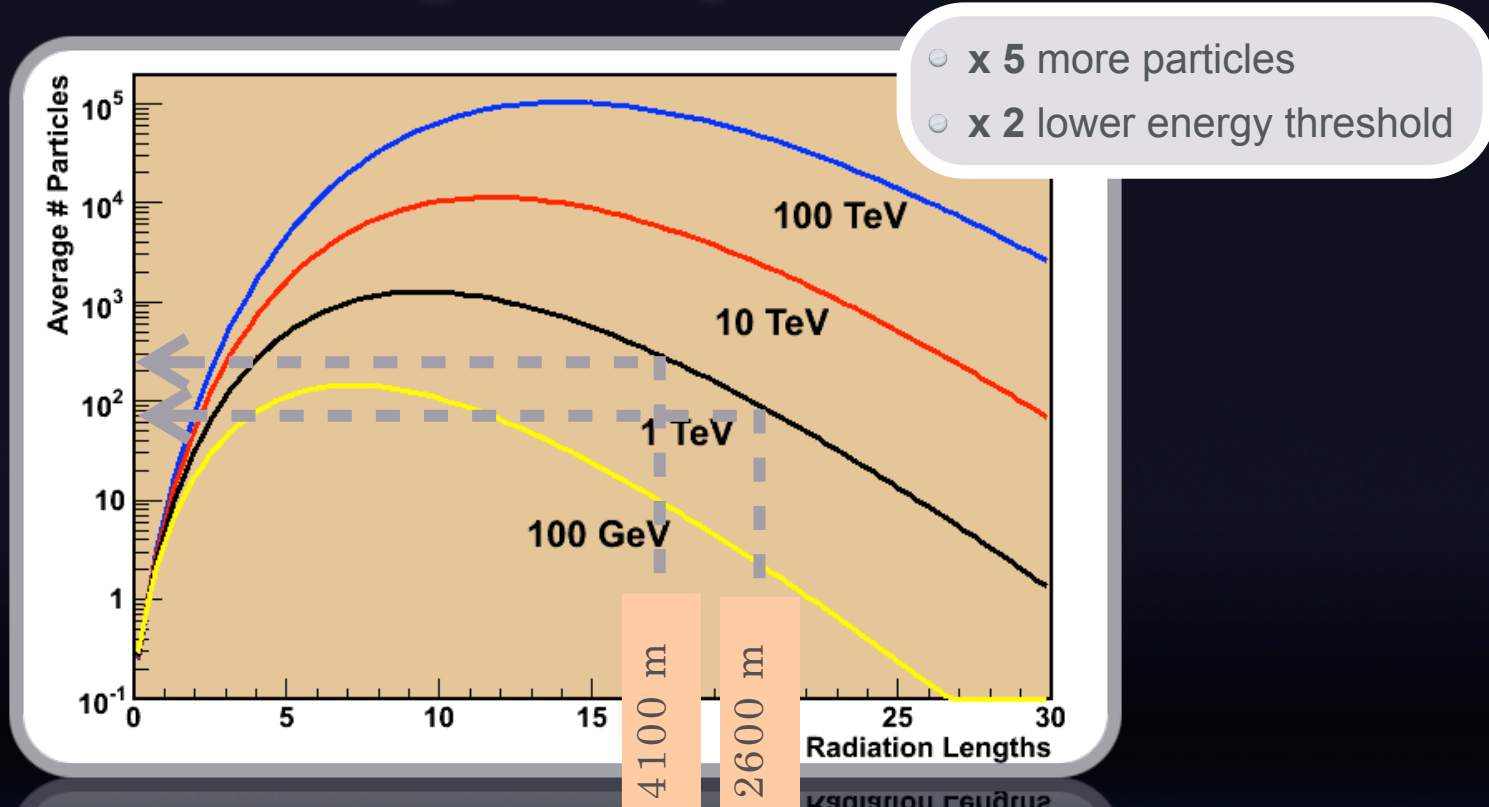
2,650 m a.s.l.



HAWC

4,100 m a.s.l.

Design improvements



Milagro

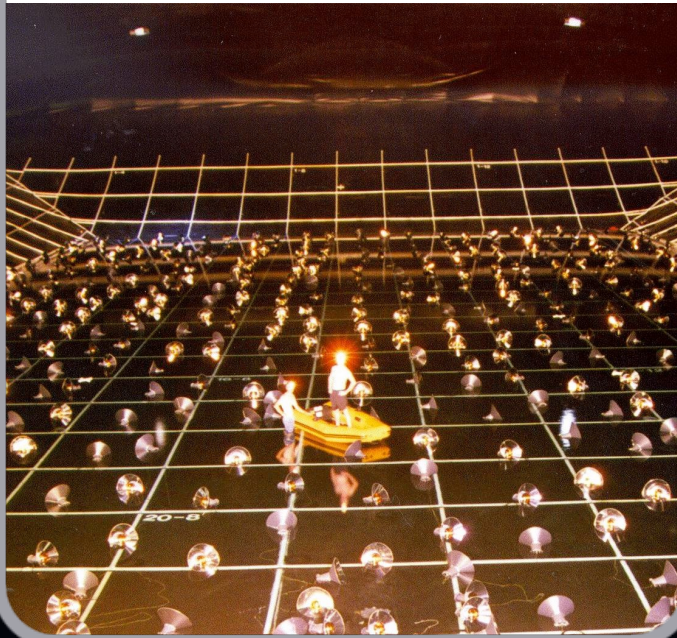
2,650 m a.s.l.

HAWC

4,100 m a.s.l.

Design improvements

Optical isolation



Milagro

large pond

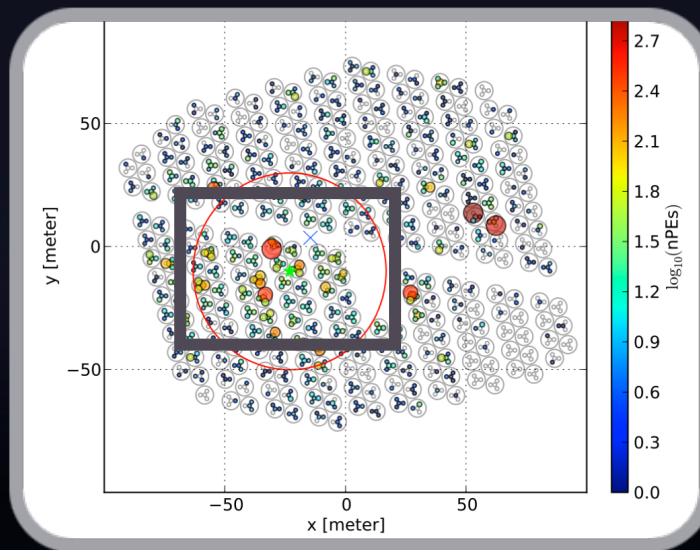


HAWC

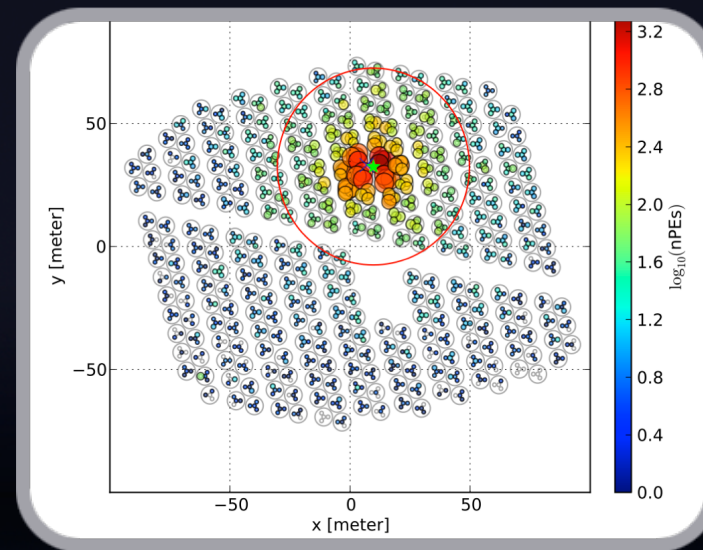
individual tanks

Design improvements

proton-shower; 24 TeV; 43°



gamma-shower; 20 TeV; 21°



Milagro
large pond

HAWC
individual tanks

Design improvements



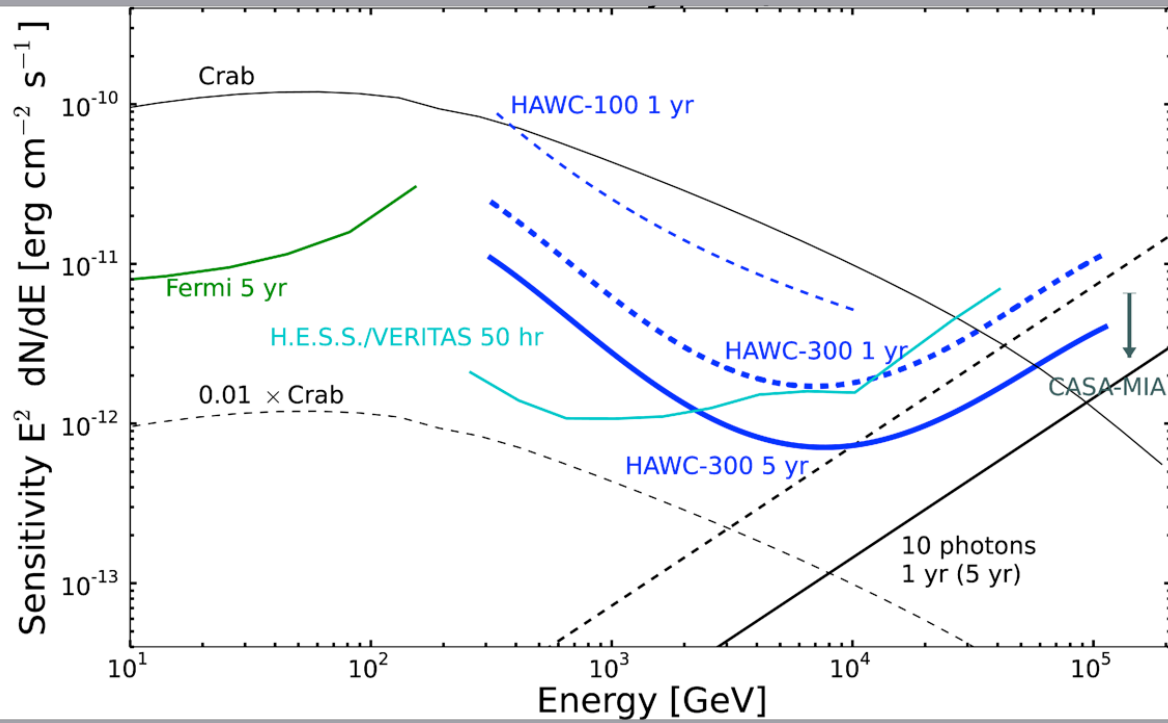
Milagro

4,000 m²

HAWC

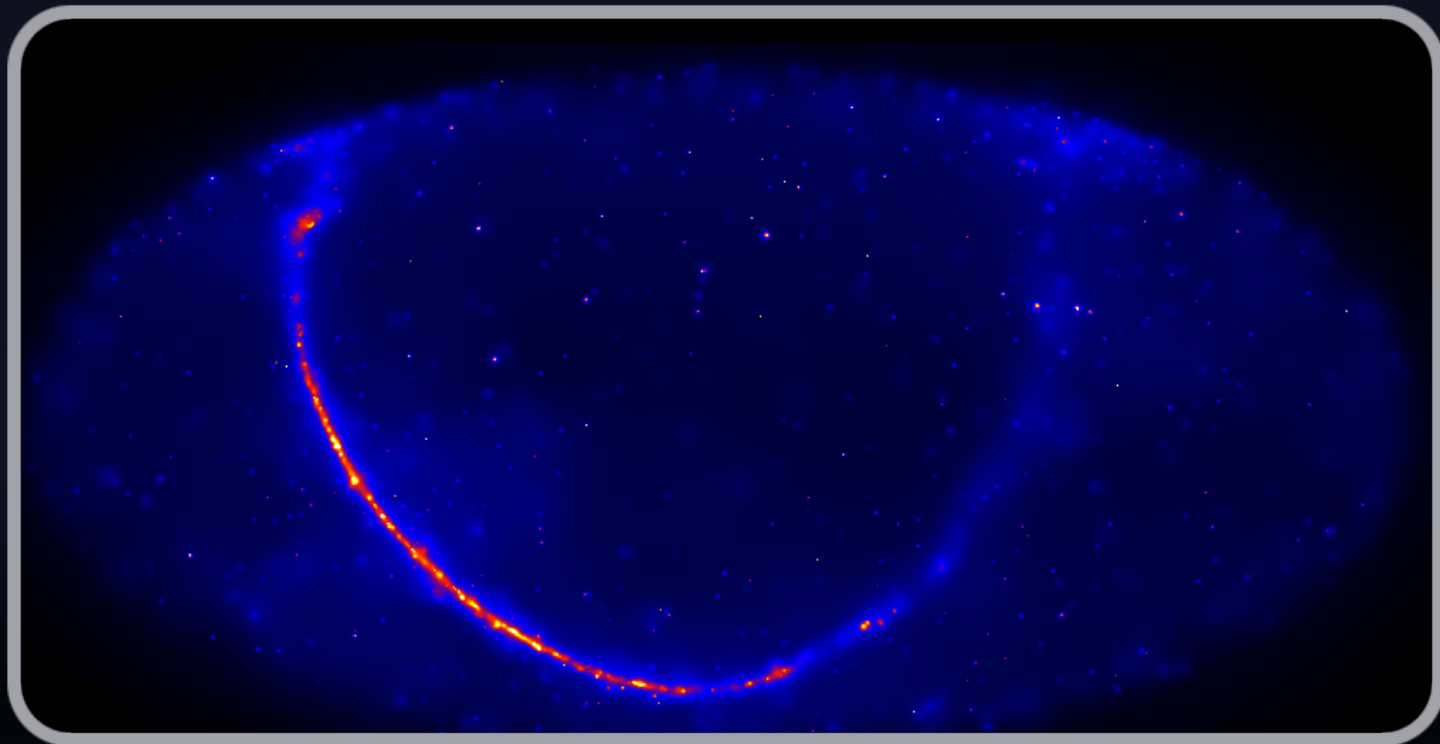
22,000 m²

Design improvements



x15 more sensitive than Milagro

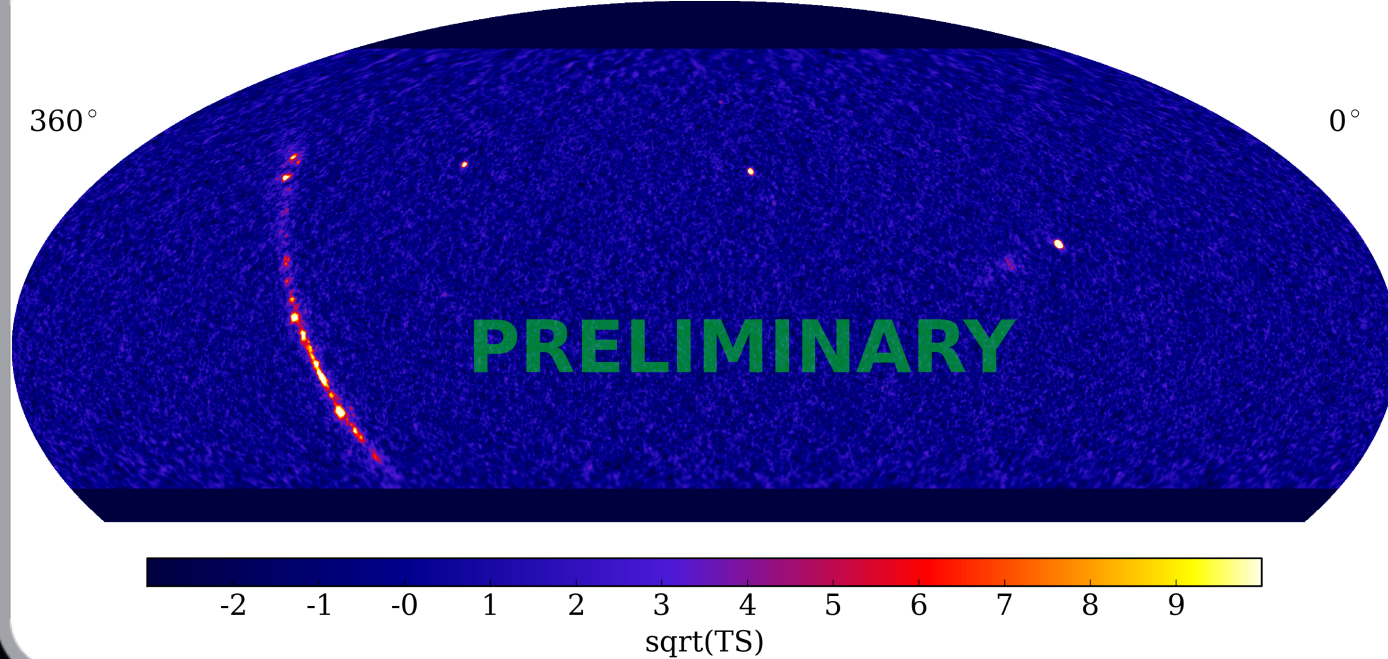
Design improvements



Fermi-LAT sky smoothed map
 $E > 50$ GeV (Pass 8 - 6 years of data)
(courtesy of M. Ajello)

Design improvements

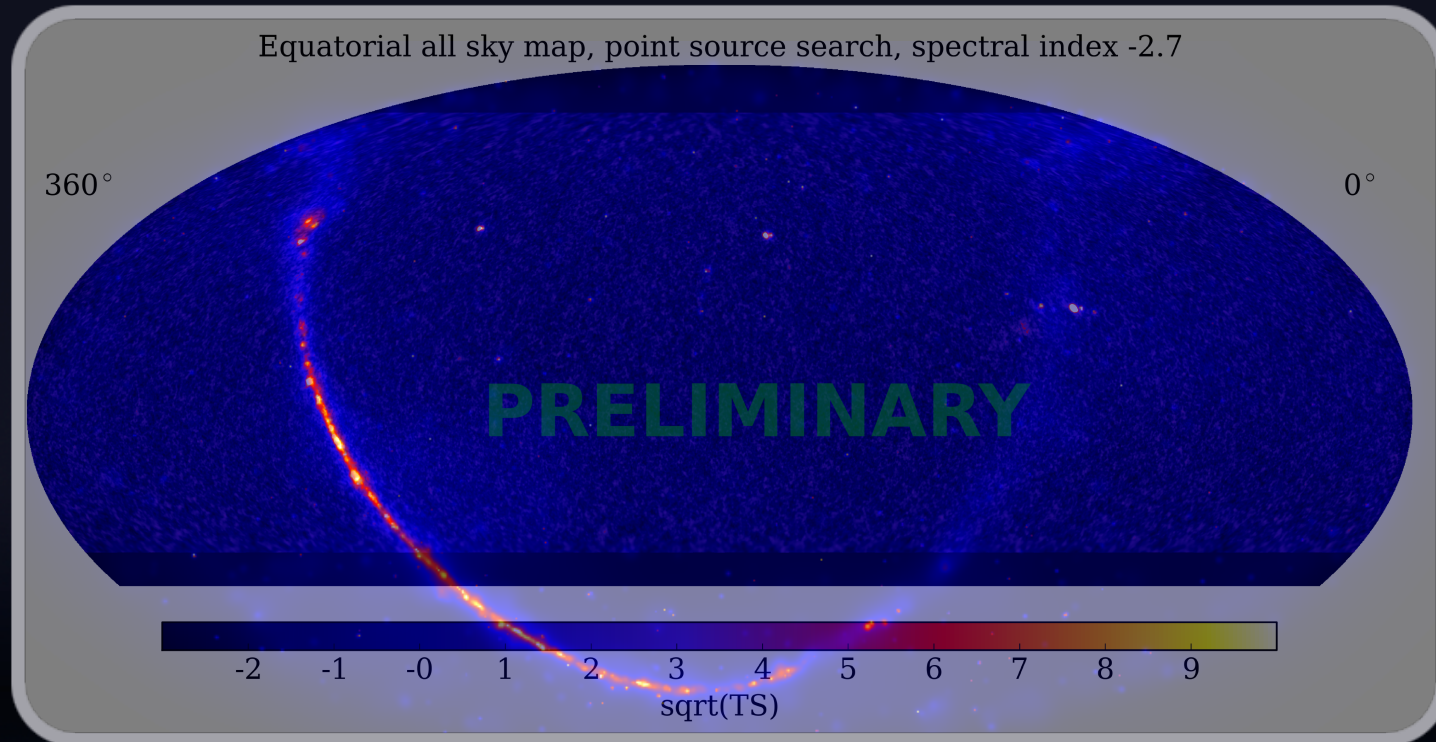
Equatorial all sky map, point source search, spectral index -2.7



Fermi-LAT sky smoothed map
 $E > 50$ GeV (Pass 8 - 6 years of data)
(courtesy of M. Ajello)

Preliminary HAWC smoothed map
 $E > 300$ GeV (~ 1 year of data)
Full array

Design improvements



Fermi-LAT sky smoothed map
 $E > 50$ GeV (Pass 8 - 6 years of data)
(courtesy of M. Ajello)

Preliminary HAWC smoothed map
 $E > 300$ GeV (~ 1 year of data)
Full array

Deployment status



February 2011

Deployment status



February 2012 — VAMOS

Deployment status



September 2012 — HAWC-30

Deployment status



May 2013 — HAWC-111

Deployment status



May 2014 — HAWC-250

Deployment status



May 2014 — HAWC-250

Deployment status



December 2014 — HAWC

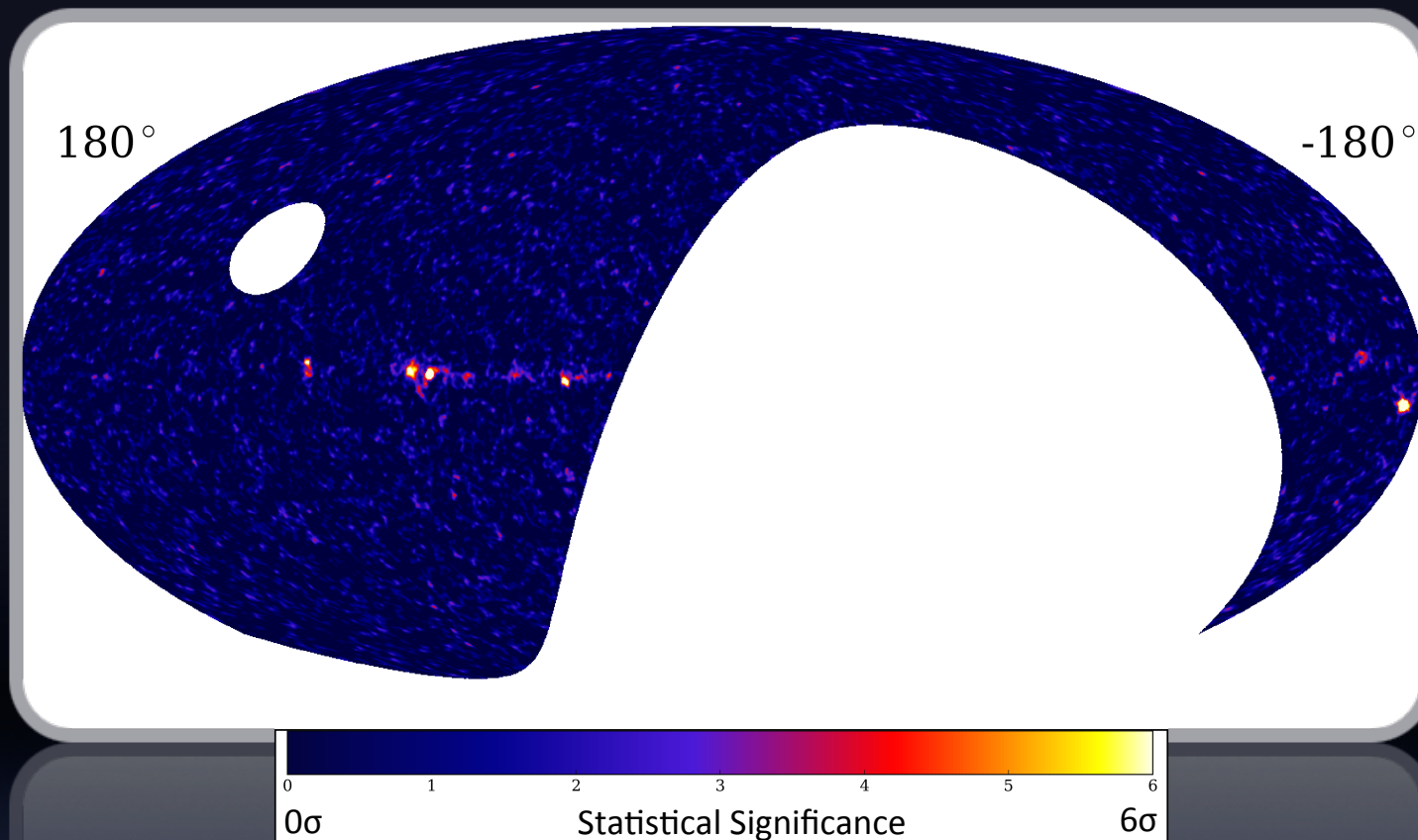
First Results

A group of four people (three men and one woman) are standing together in a public square at night. They are in front of a large, ornate, illuminated building, likely a cathedral or government building. The scene is lit by streetlights and building lights, creating a warm, golden glow. The background shows other buildings and trees. The text "First Results" is overlaid in a white, cursive font across the center of the image.

First Results

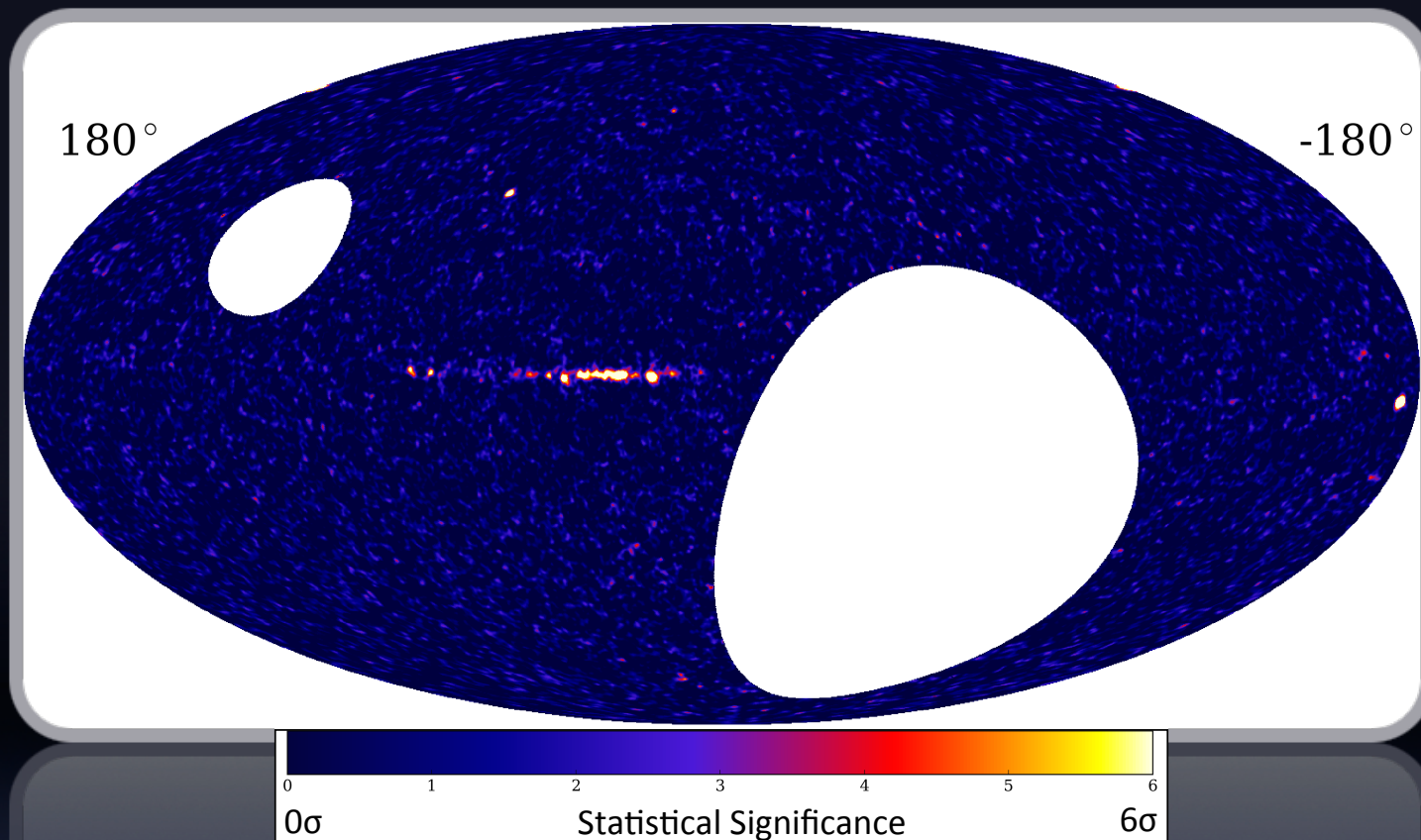
Penn State group in Hidalgo, Mexico (2014)

Milagro — 8-year TeV sky survey (17σ Crab)



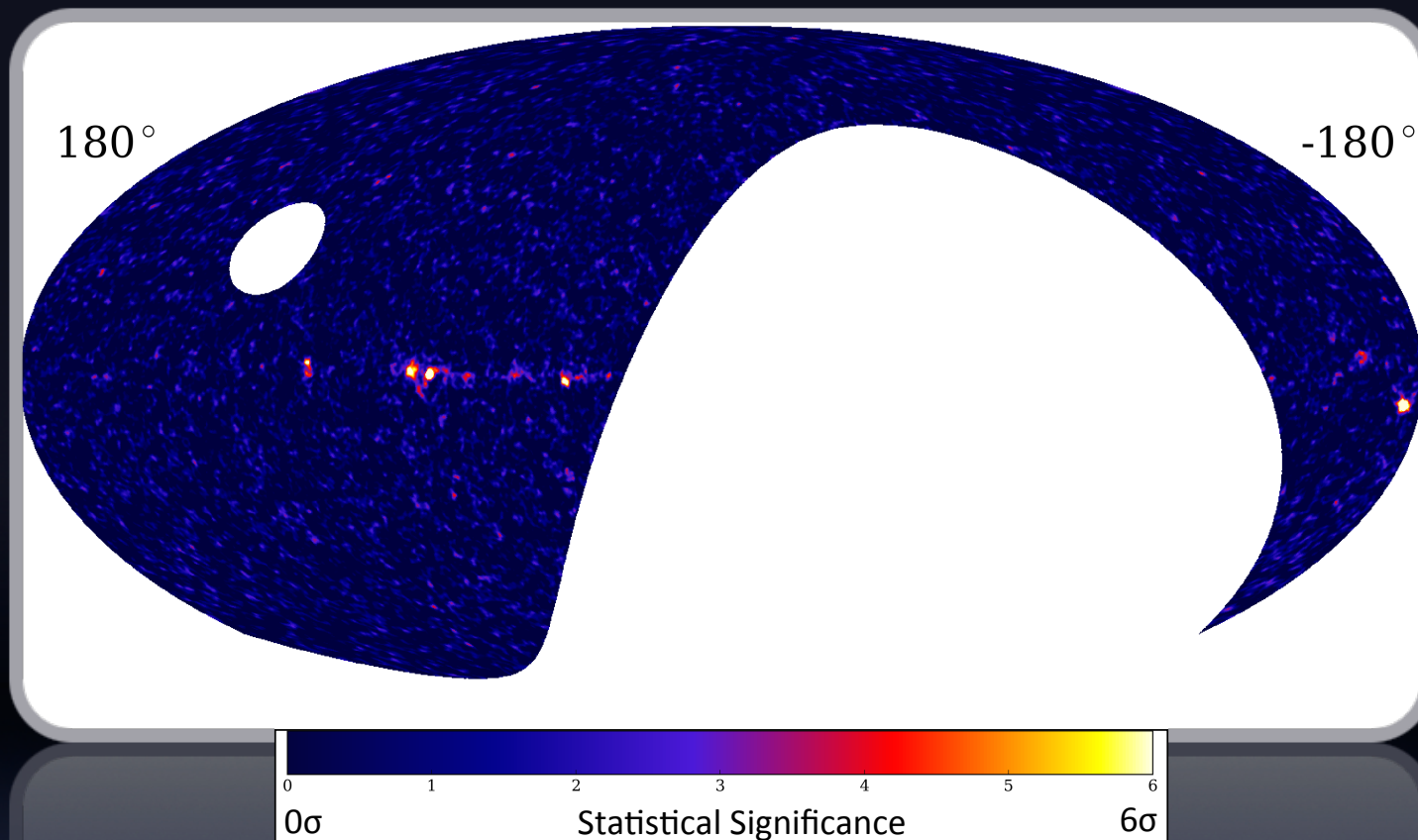
Multi-TeV sky

HAWC-250 — 150-day TeV sky survey (38σ Crab)



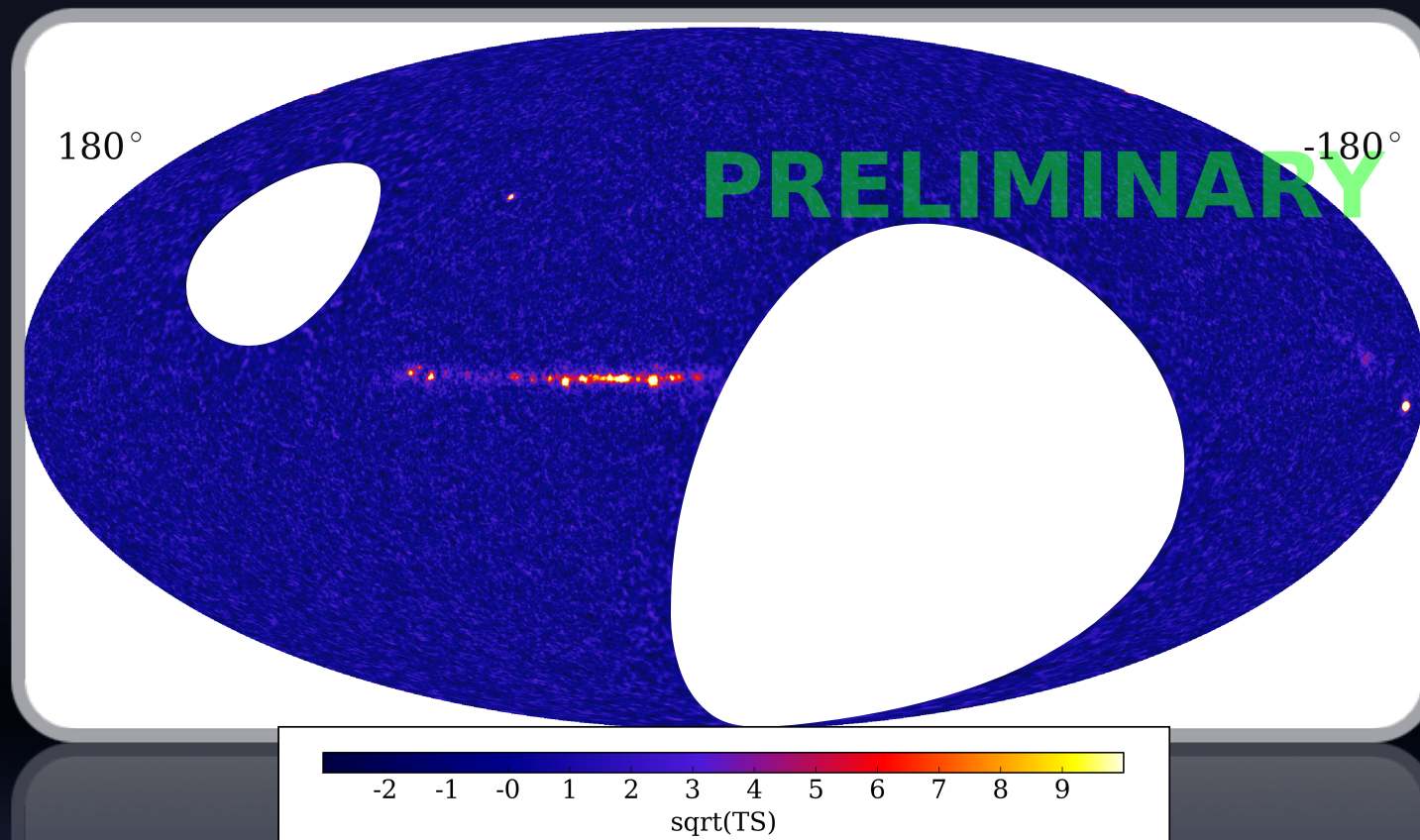
Multi-TeV sky

Milagro — 8-year TeV sky survey (17σ Crab)



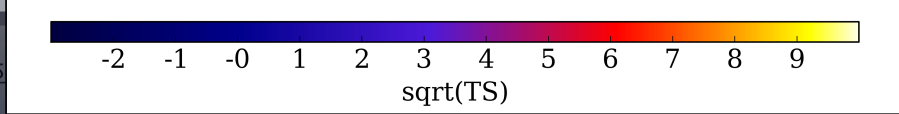
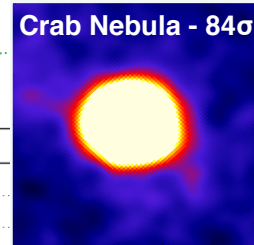
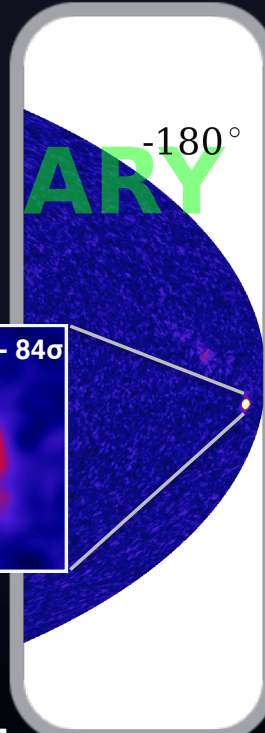
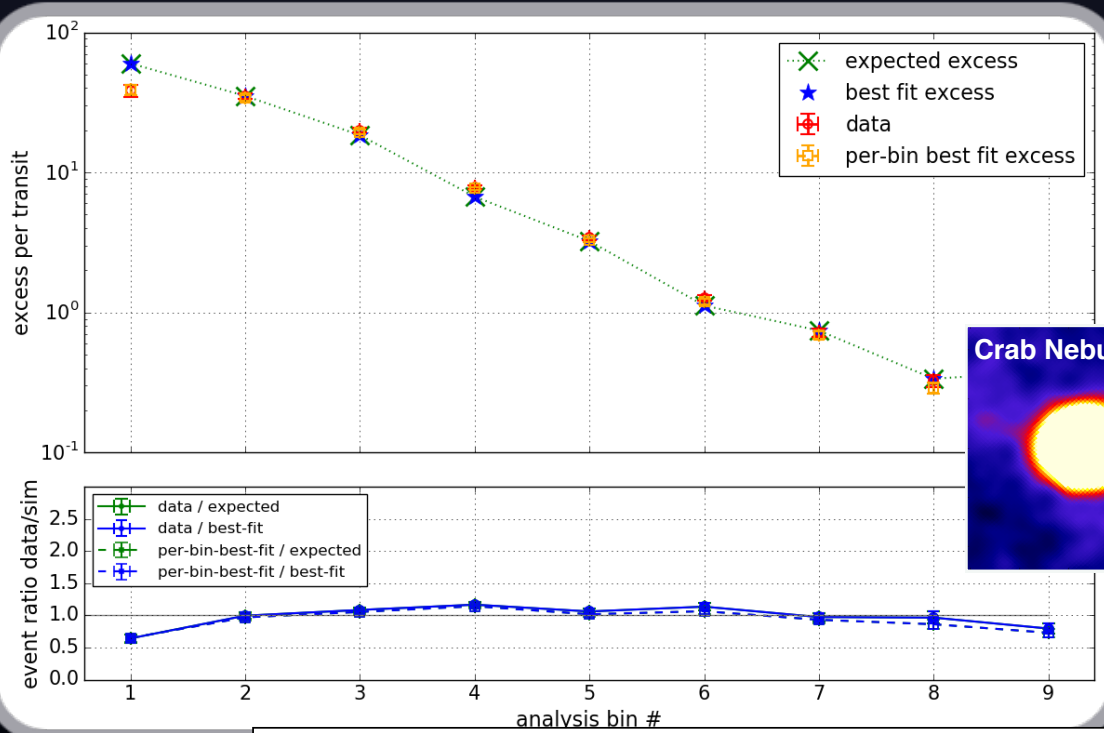
Multi-TeV sky

HAWC — 340-day TeV sky survey ($>80\sigma$ Crab)



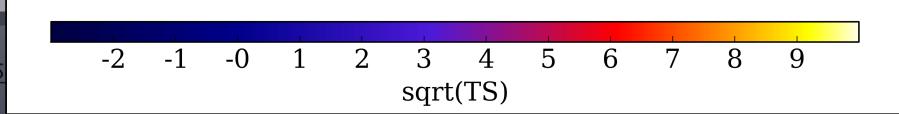
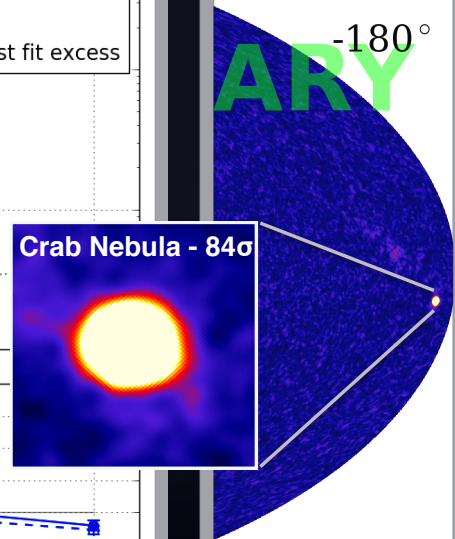
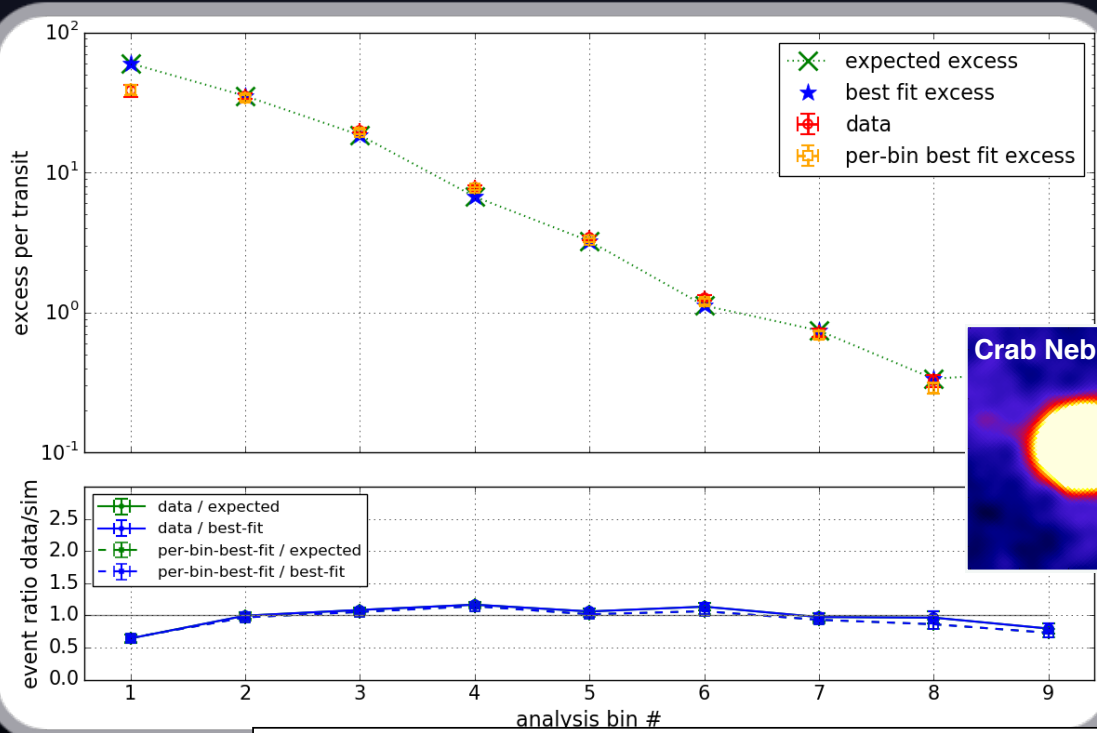
Multi-TeV sky

HAWC — 340-day TeV sky survey ($>80\sigma$ Crab)



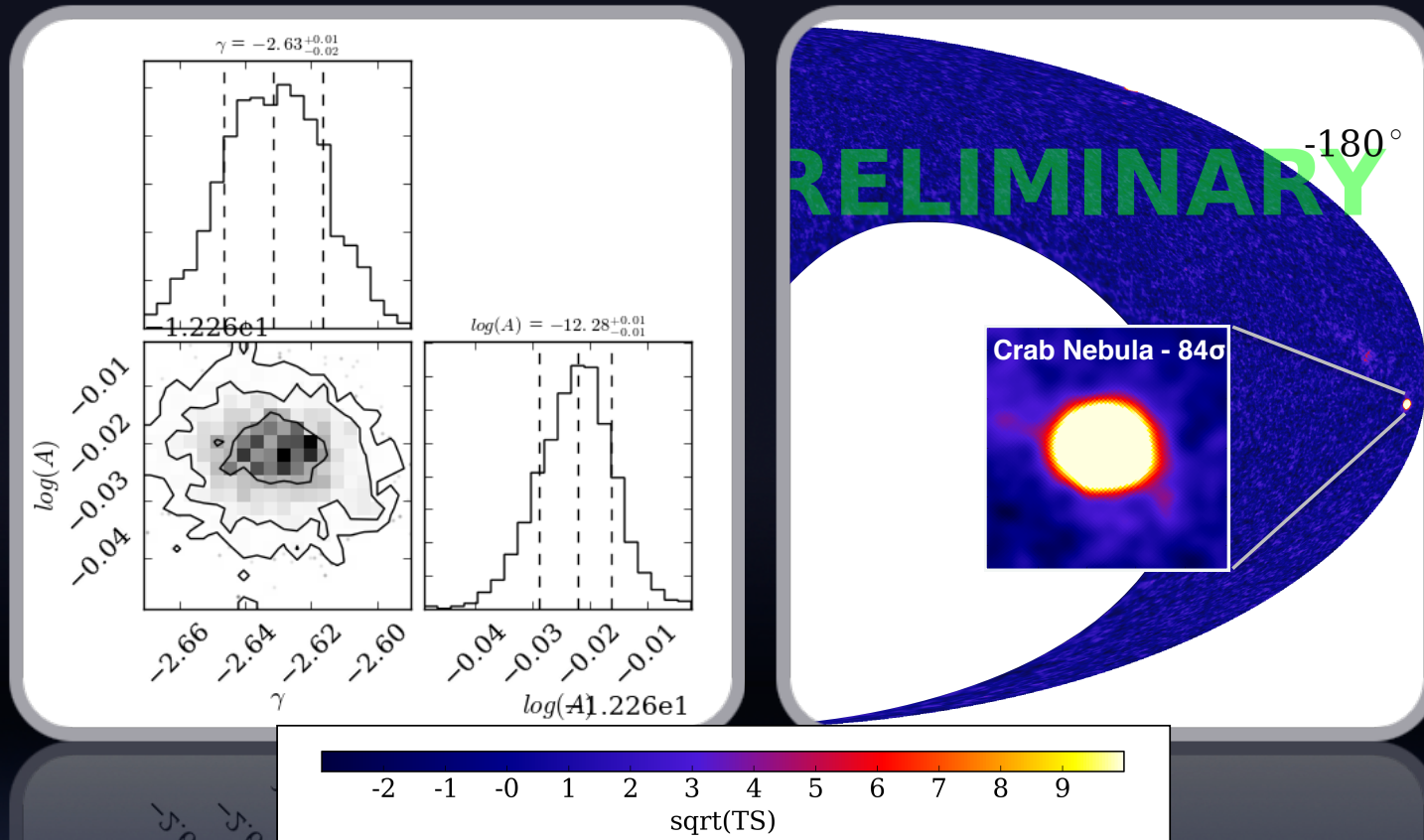
Multi-TeV sky

HAWC — 340-day TeV sky survey ($>80\sigma$ Crab)



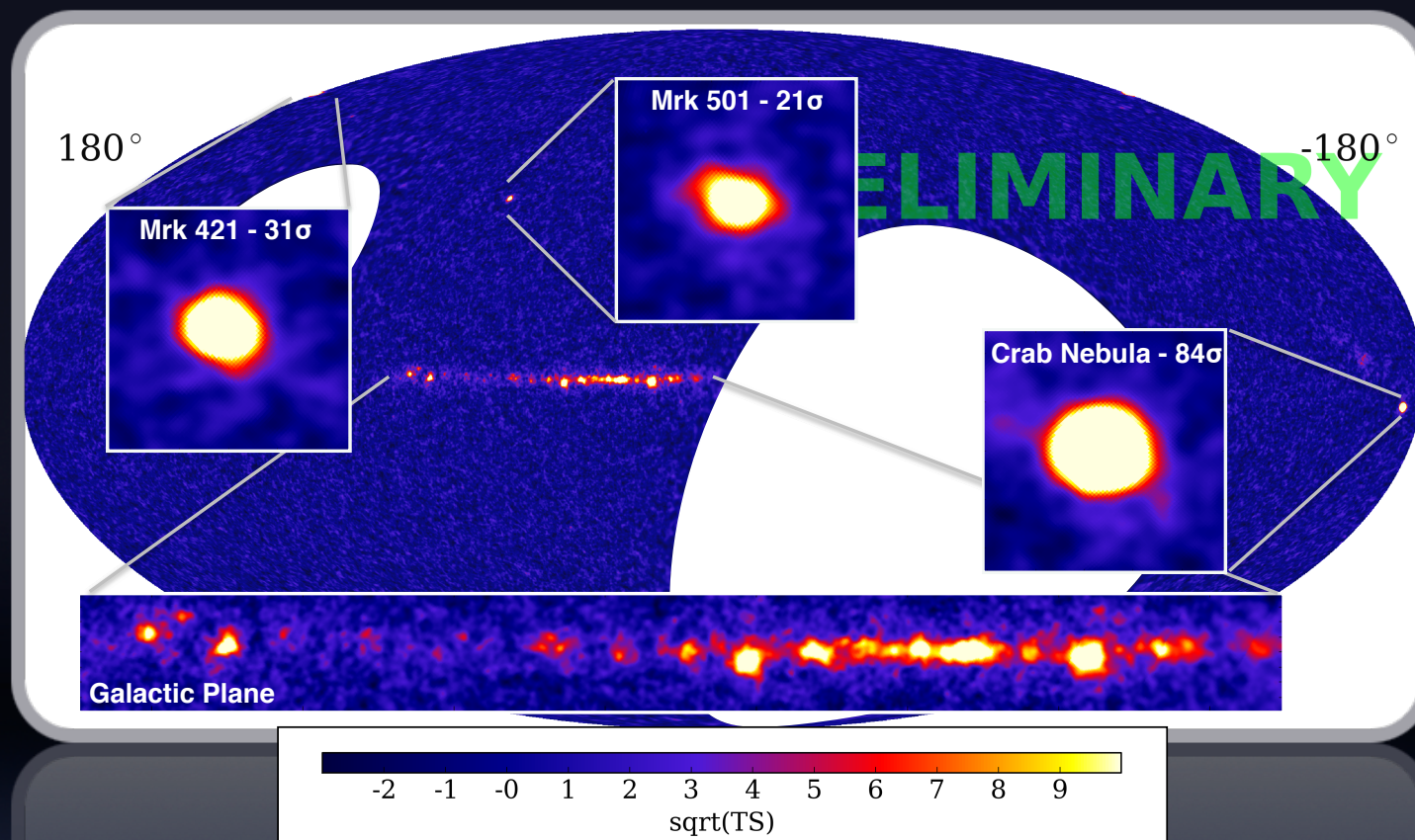
Multi-TeV sky

HAWC — 340-day TeV sky survey ($>80\sigma$ Crab)



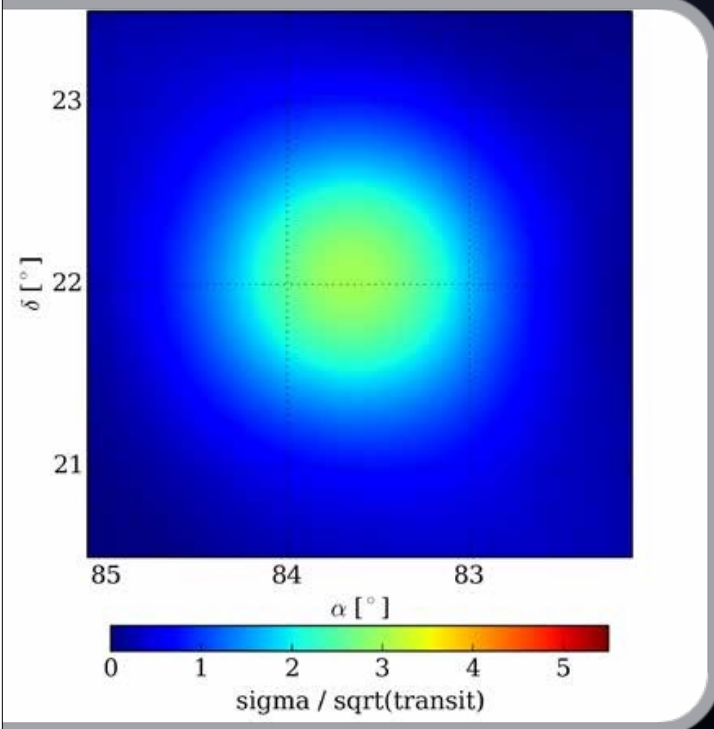
Multi-TeV sky

HAWC — 340-day TeV sky survey ($>80\sigma$ Crab)



Multi-TeV sky

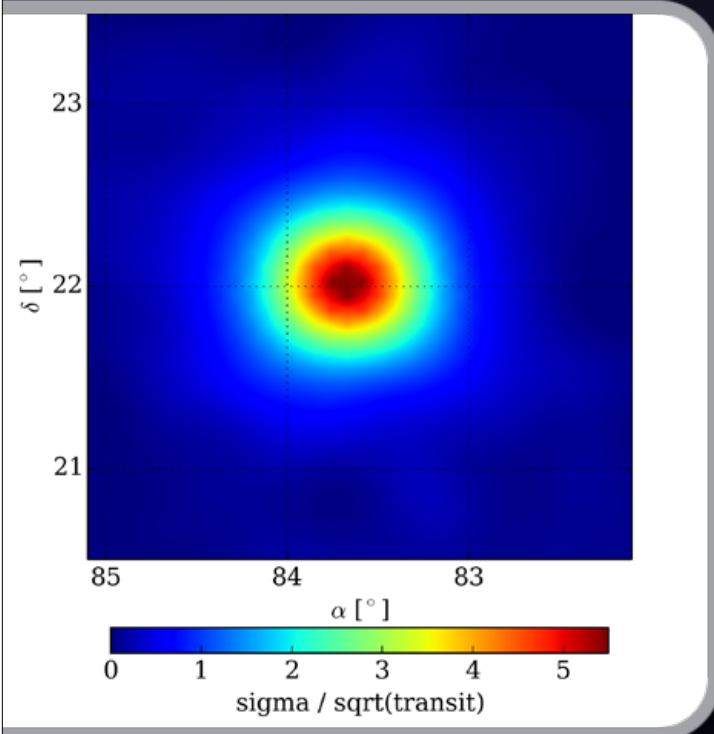
Crab Nebula



reconstruction improvements

- A factor of 2 over previous “pass”
- New shower front curvature

Crab Nebula



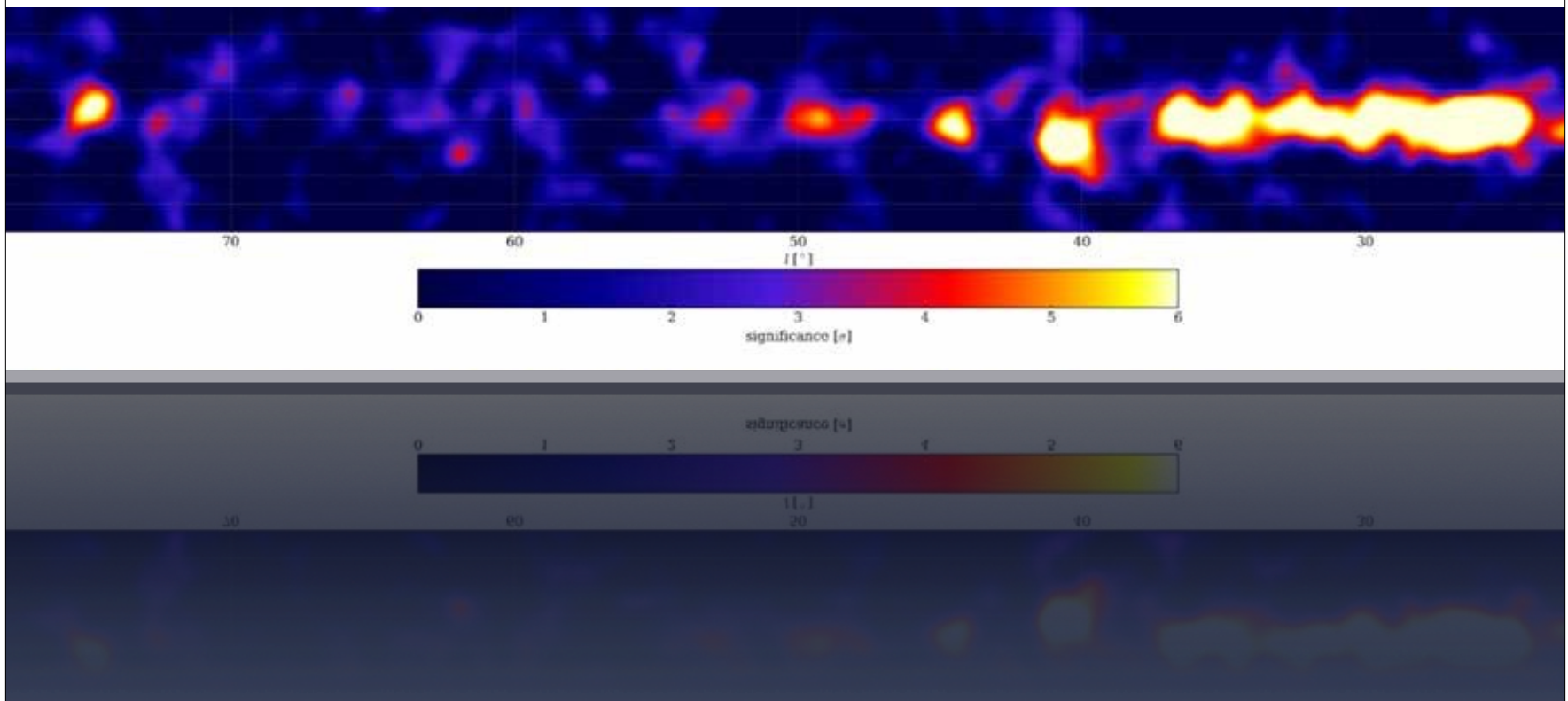
reconstruction improvements

- A factor of 2 over previous “pass”
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reconstruction improvements

Preliminary results...

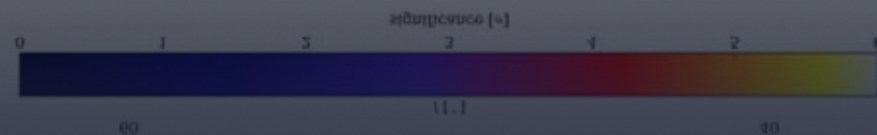
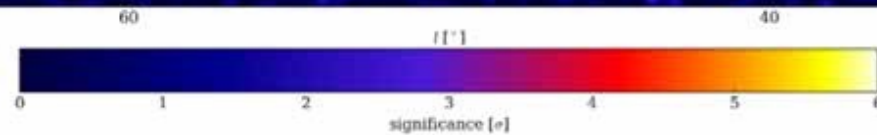
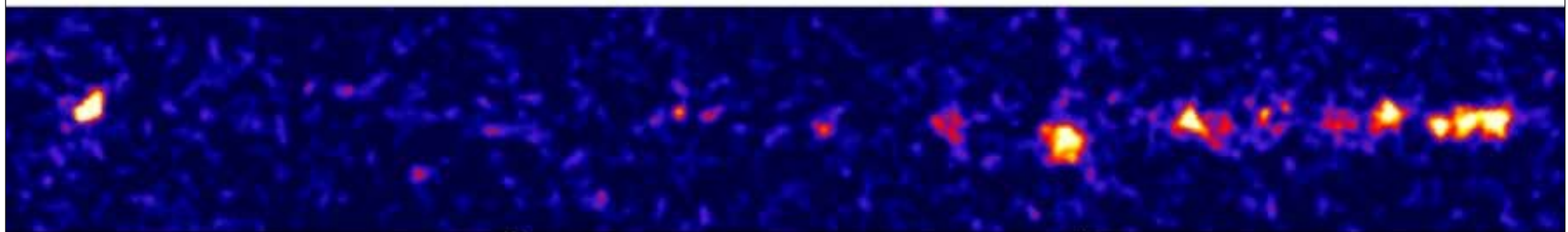
Galactic Plane



reconstruction improvements

Preliminary results...

Galactic Plane

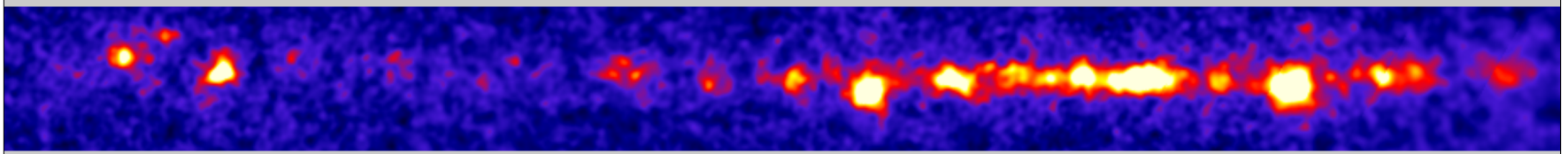


from Milagro to HAWC



- Inner Galaxy: Milagro (8 years) vs. 1st year of HAWC

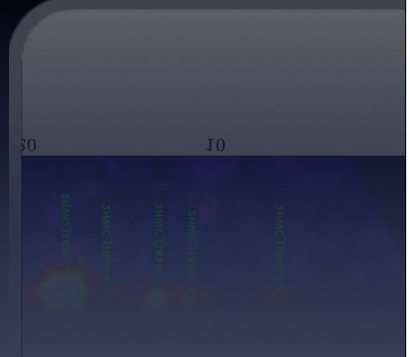
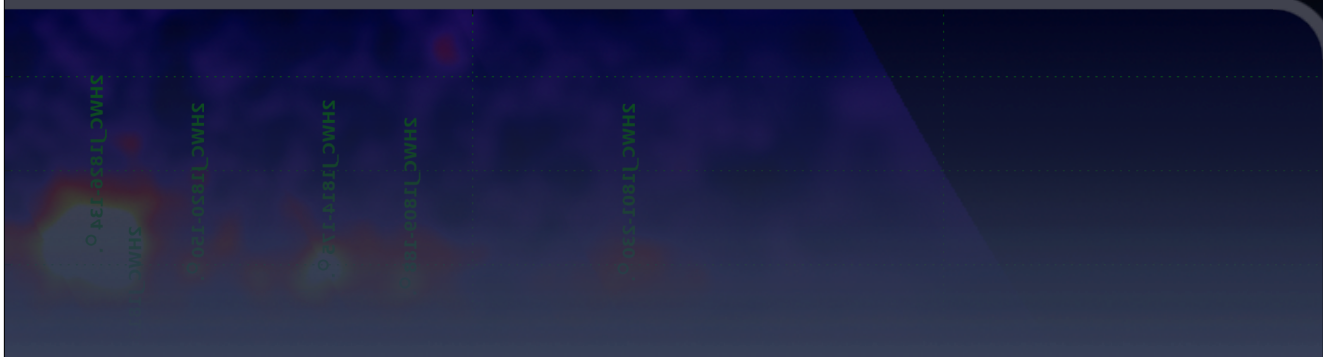
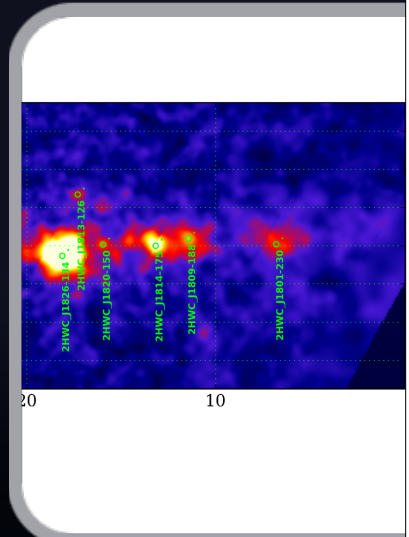
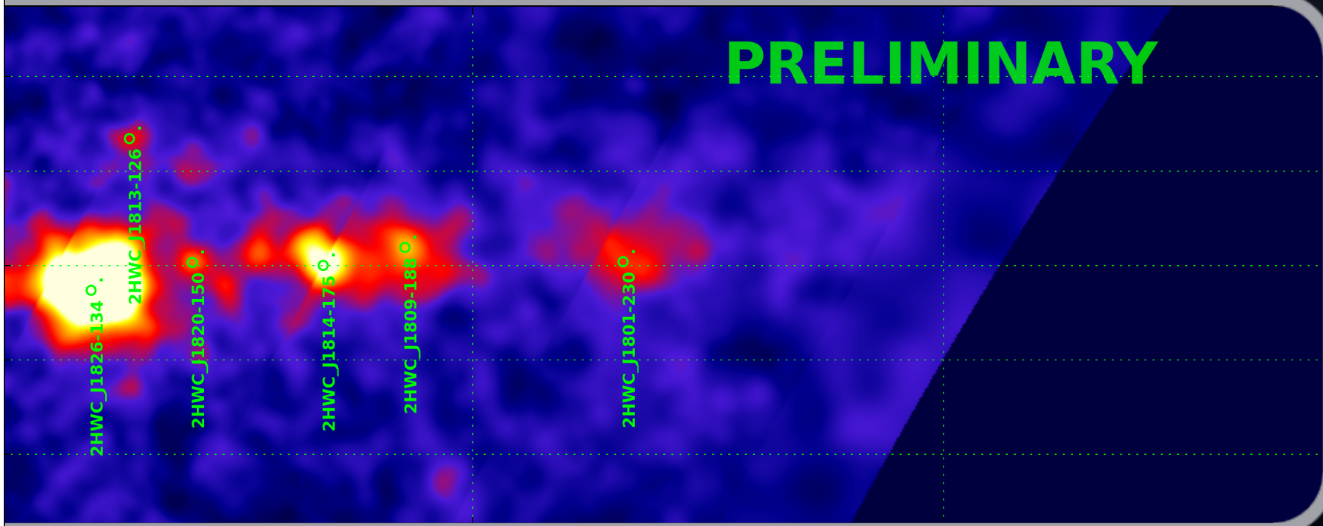
from Milagro to HAWC



- Inner Galaxy: Milagro (8 years) vs. 1st year of HAWC

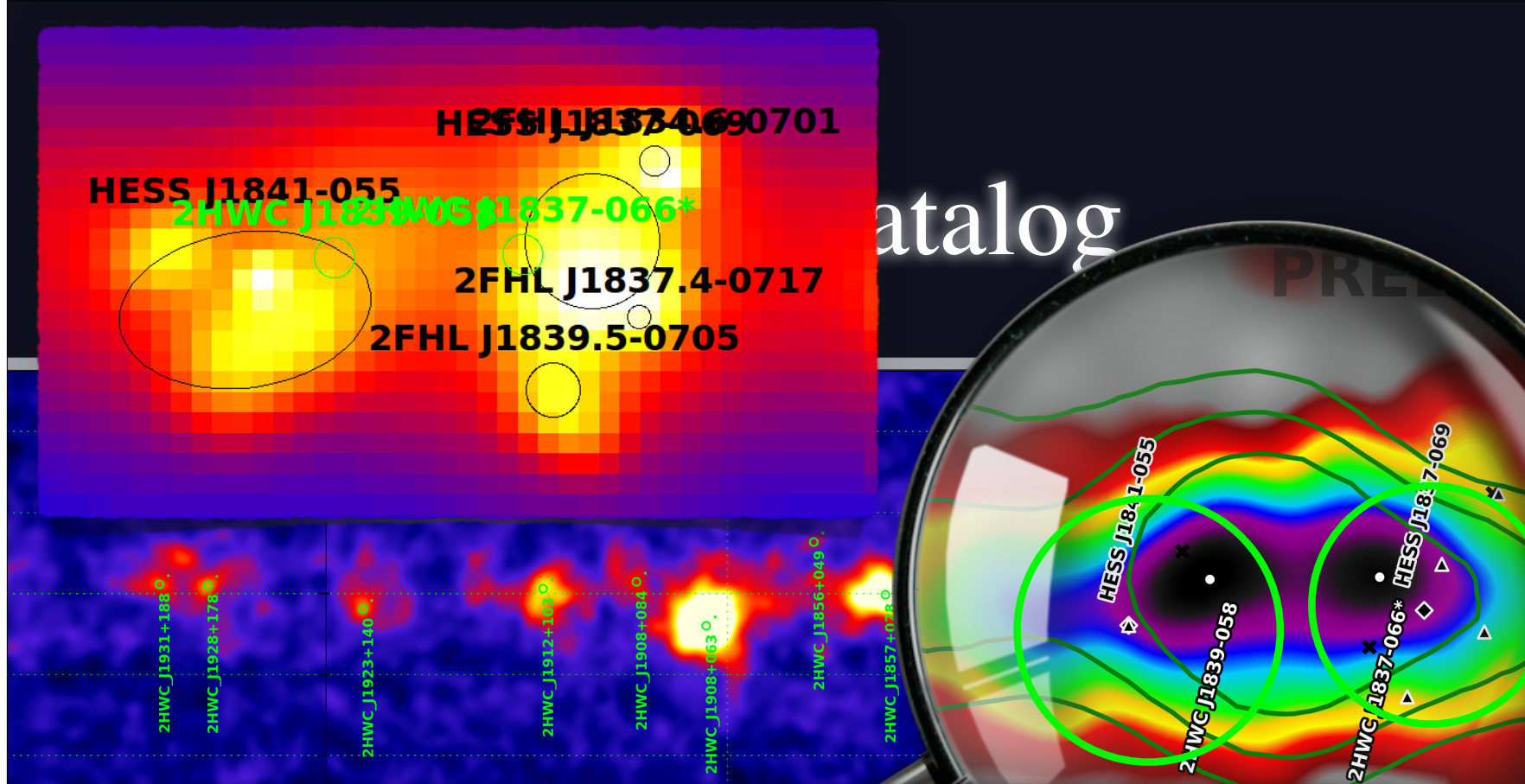
first year catalog

PRELIMINARY



catalog

PRE

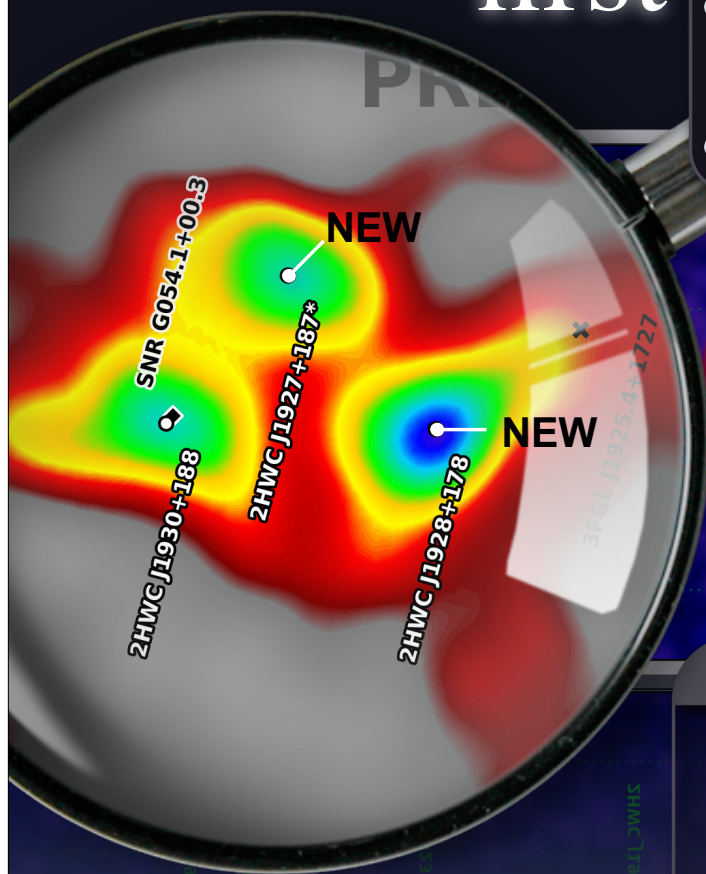


2HWC J1839-058 & 2HWC J1837-066*

- Point source fluxes consistent with TeV sources **HESS J1841-055** and **HESS J1837-069**
- Complex region with multiple pulsars and supernova remnants:
5 **2FHL** sources: 2 PWNe and 3 UIDs

www.fermi.gov

first



2HWC J1930+188

- coincident with VER J1930+188
- SNR G54.1+00.3 — PSR J1930+1852
- TeV emission was reported to be point-like and likely from PWN
- nearby molecular CO cloud

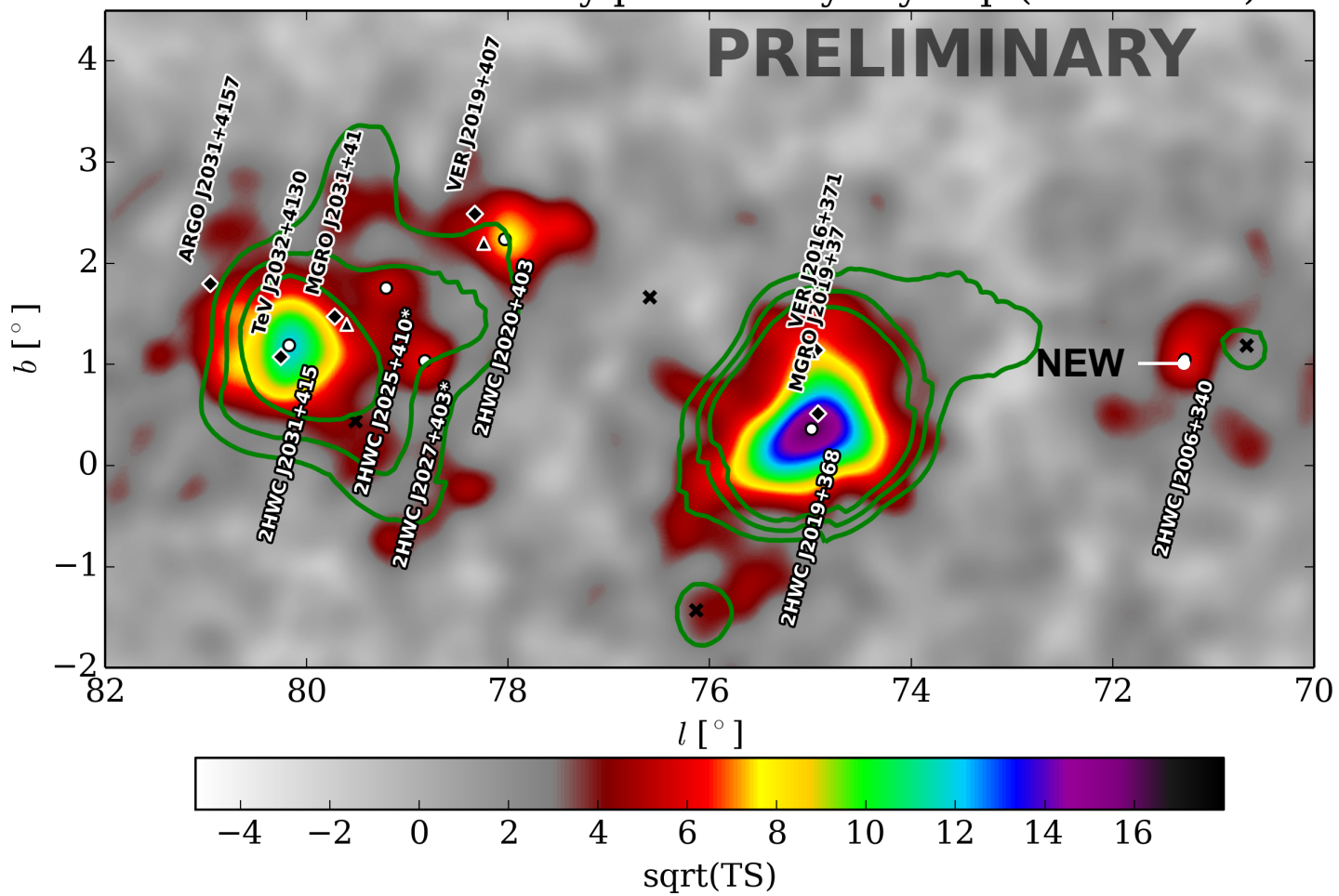
2HWC J1927+187*

- associated with 2HWC J1930+188?
- ongoing analysis on spatial morphology

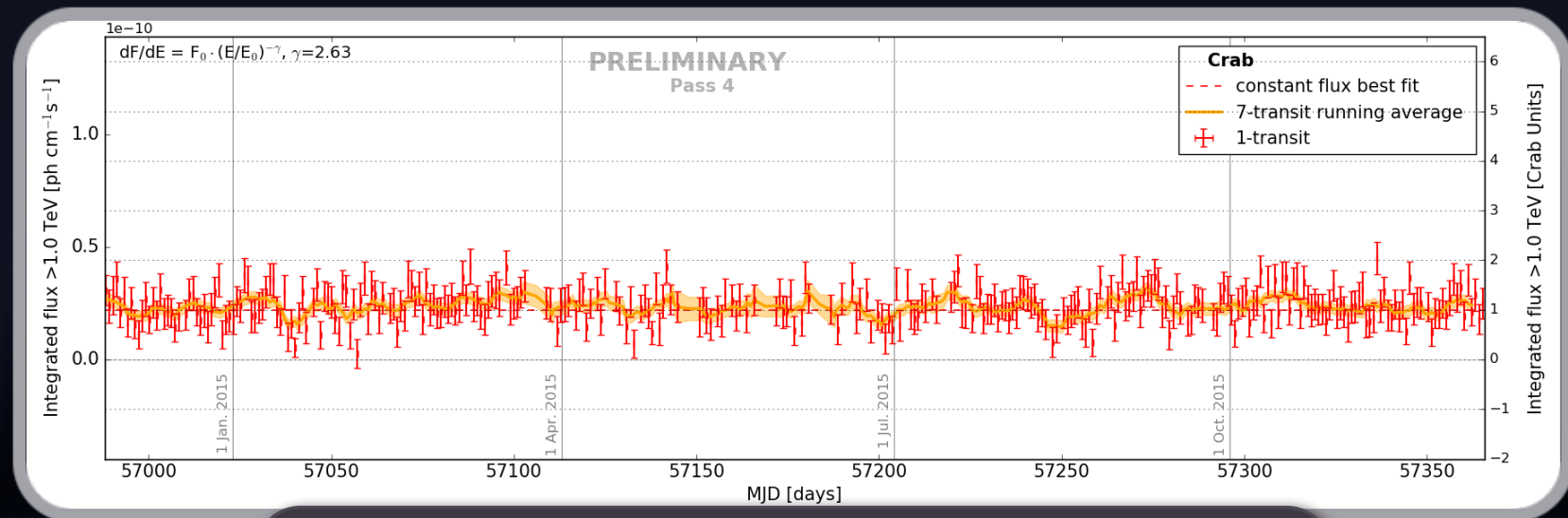
2HWC J1928+178

- coincident with PSR J1928+1746
- tail towards unidentified source 3FGL J1925.4+1727
- VERITAS pt-src upper limit $\sim 1.4\%$ of Crab

HAWC Pass 4 341-day preliminary skymap (2014-2015)



transient searches

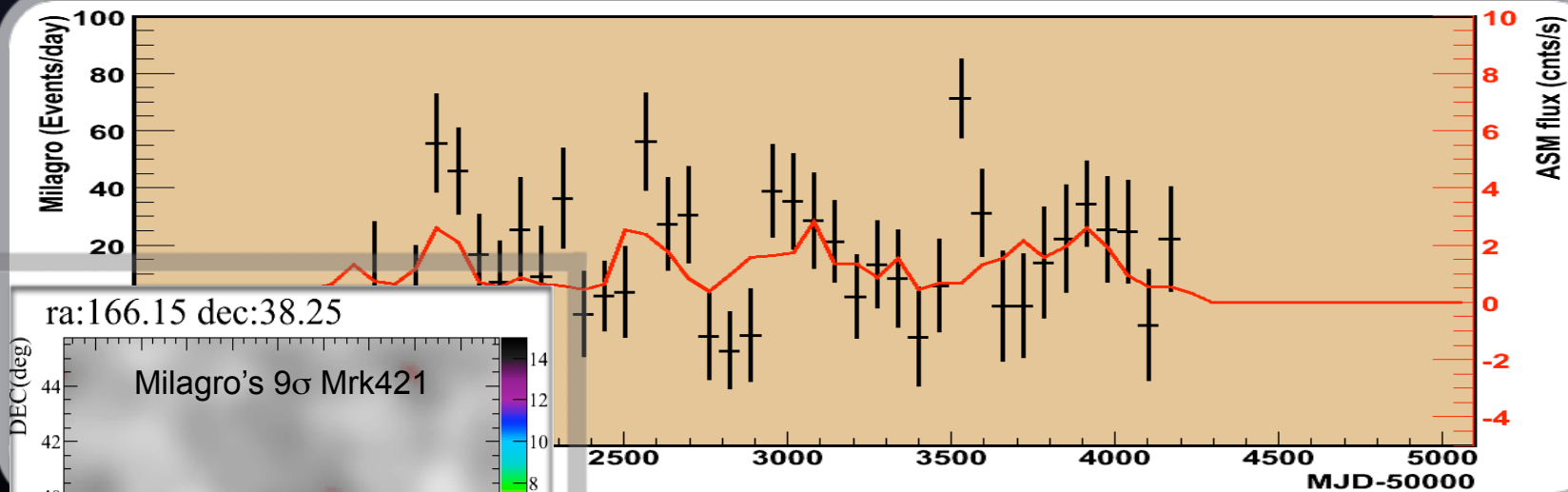


Crab

- Pass 4 data from 26 Nov 2014 to 9 Dec 2015
- >80 σ in 315 transits
- lightcurve binned in sidereal day
- consistent with constant flux

AGN flares with Milagro

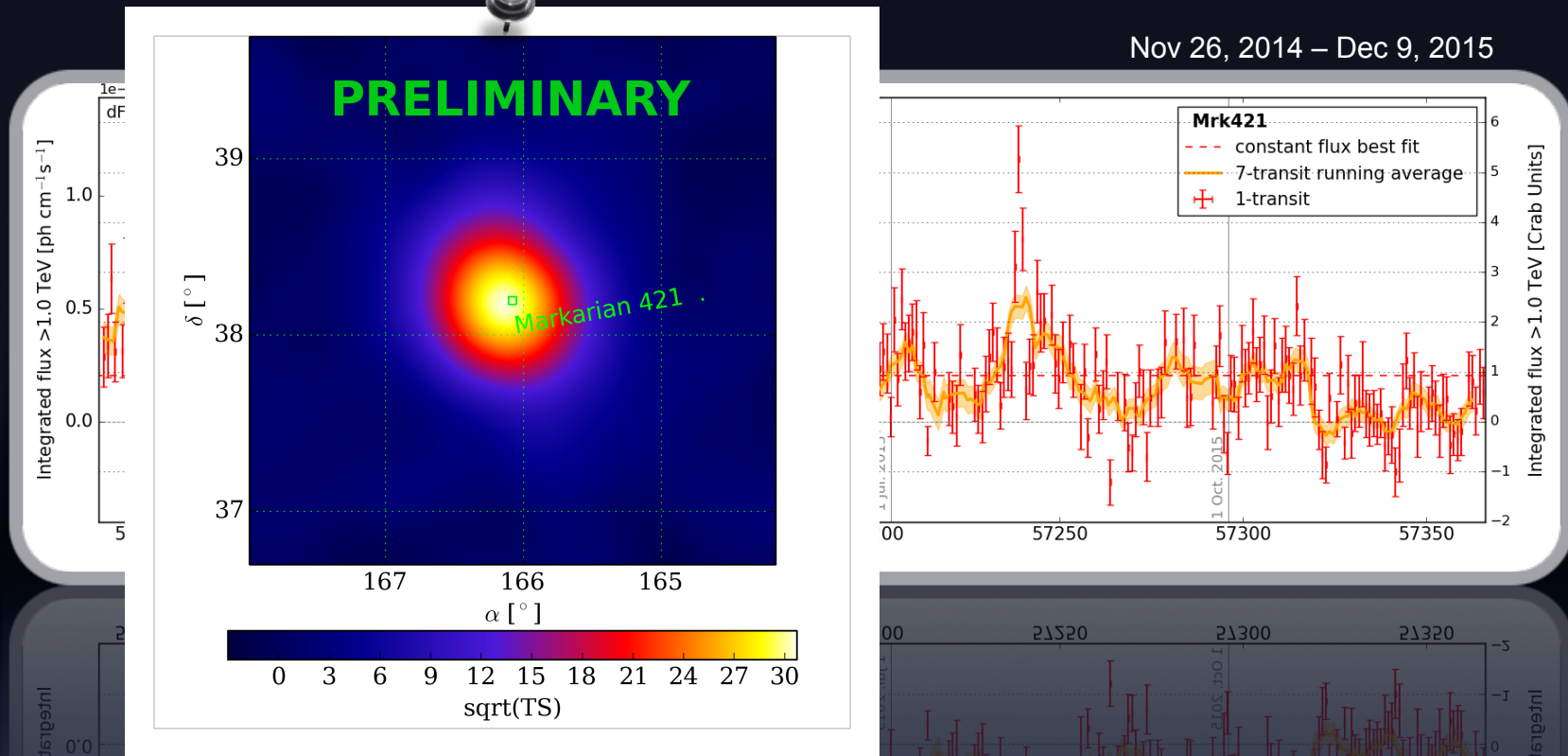
Milagro Collaboration, Proceedings ICRC'07



- continuously monitor flares
- notify multi-wavelengths observers
- discover orphan TeV flares

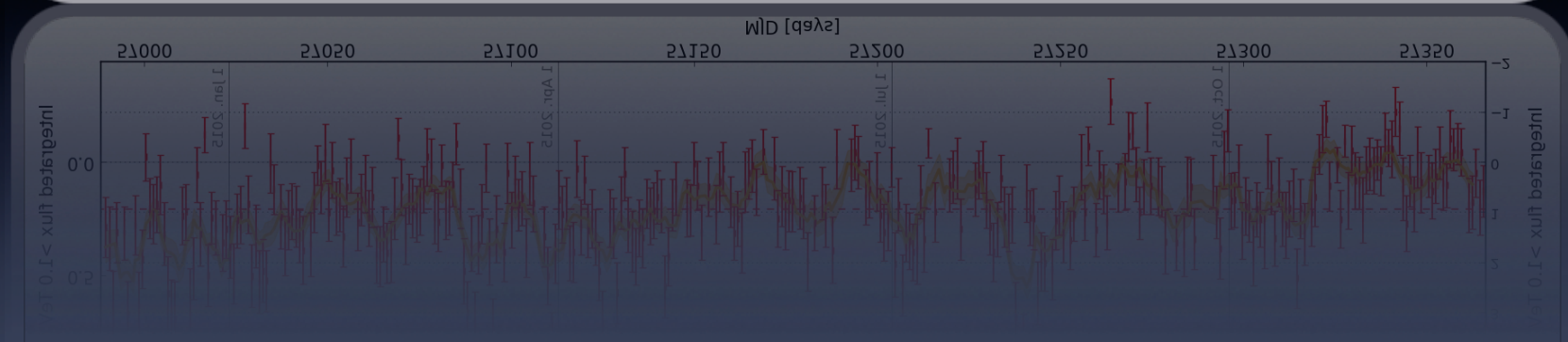
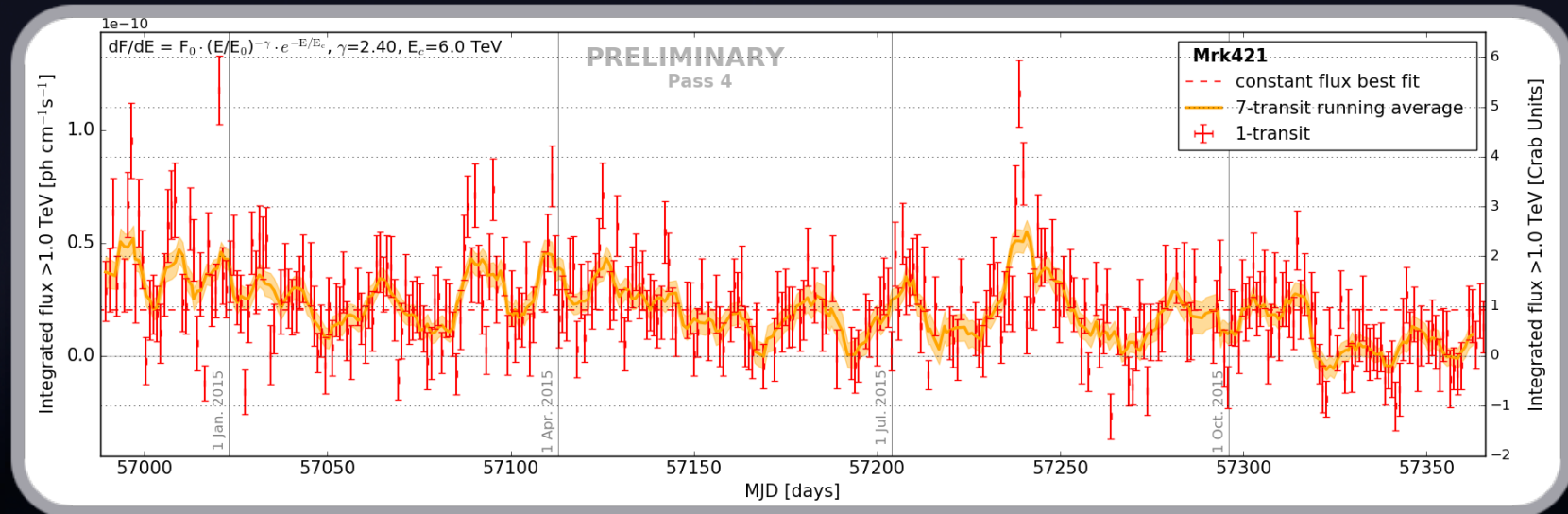
AGN flares with HAWC

Nov 26, 2014 – Dec 9, 2015



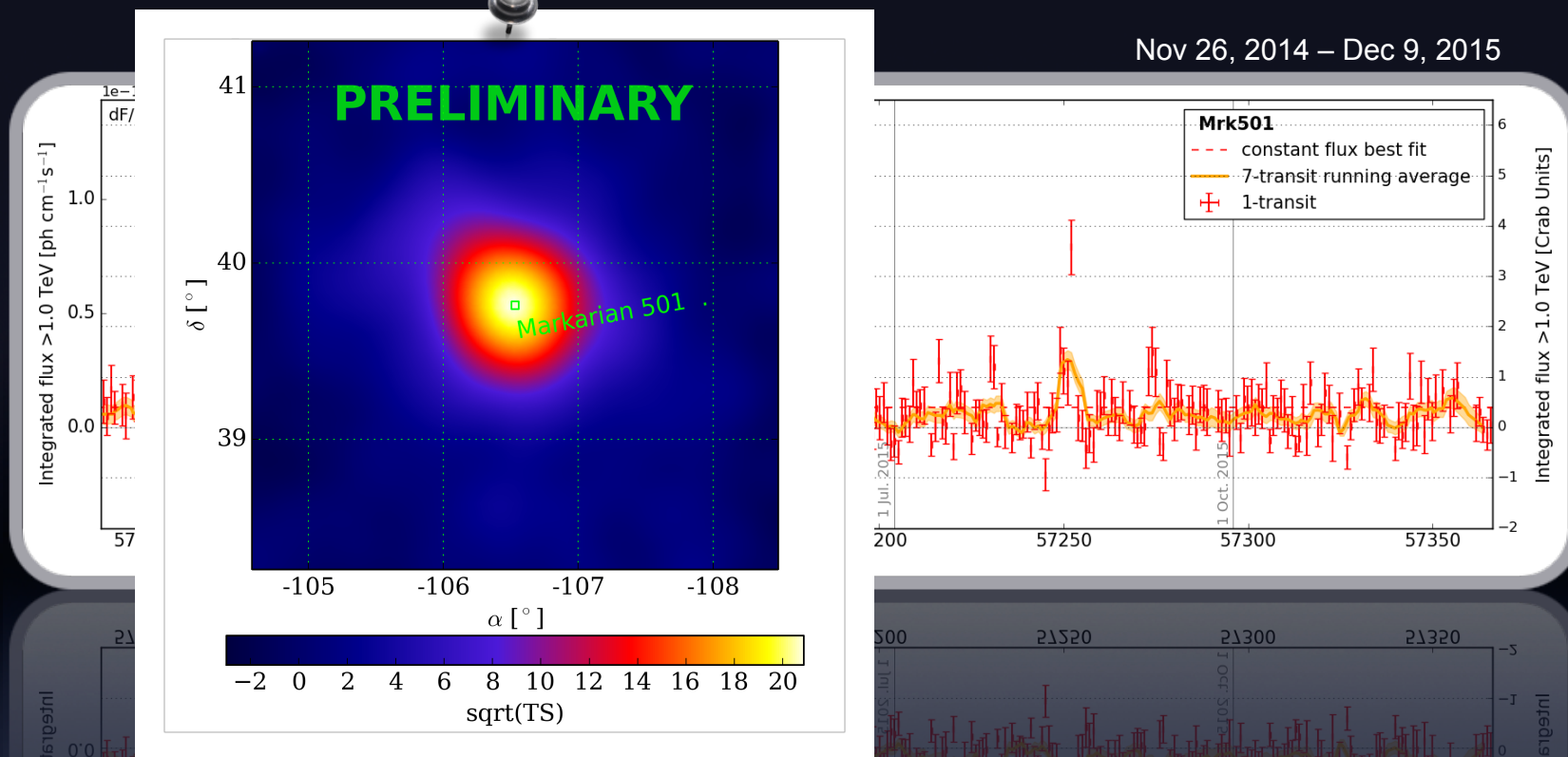
AGN flares with HAWC

Nov 26, 2014 – Dec 9, 2015



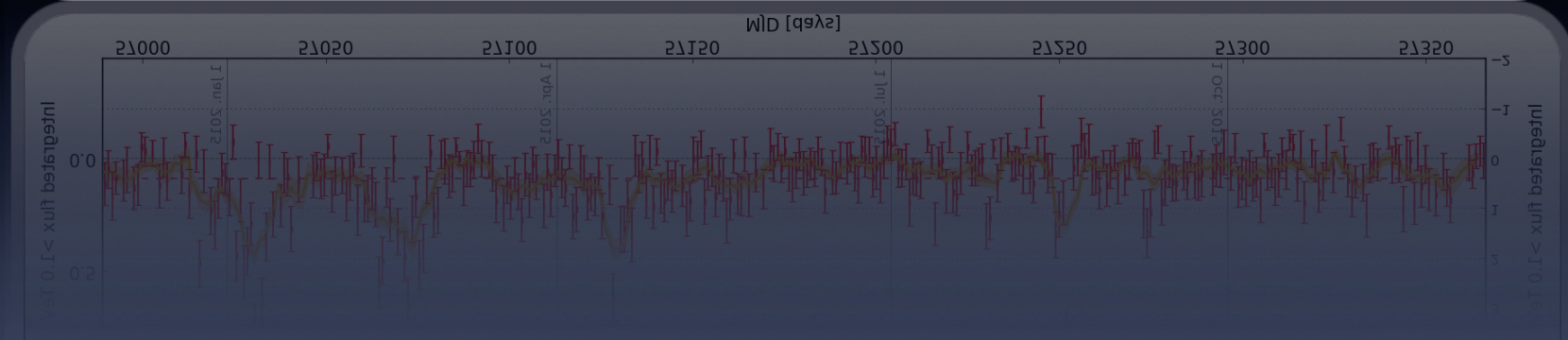
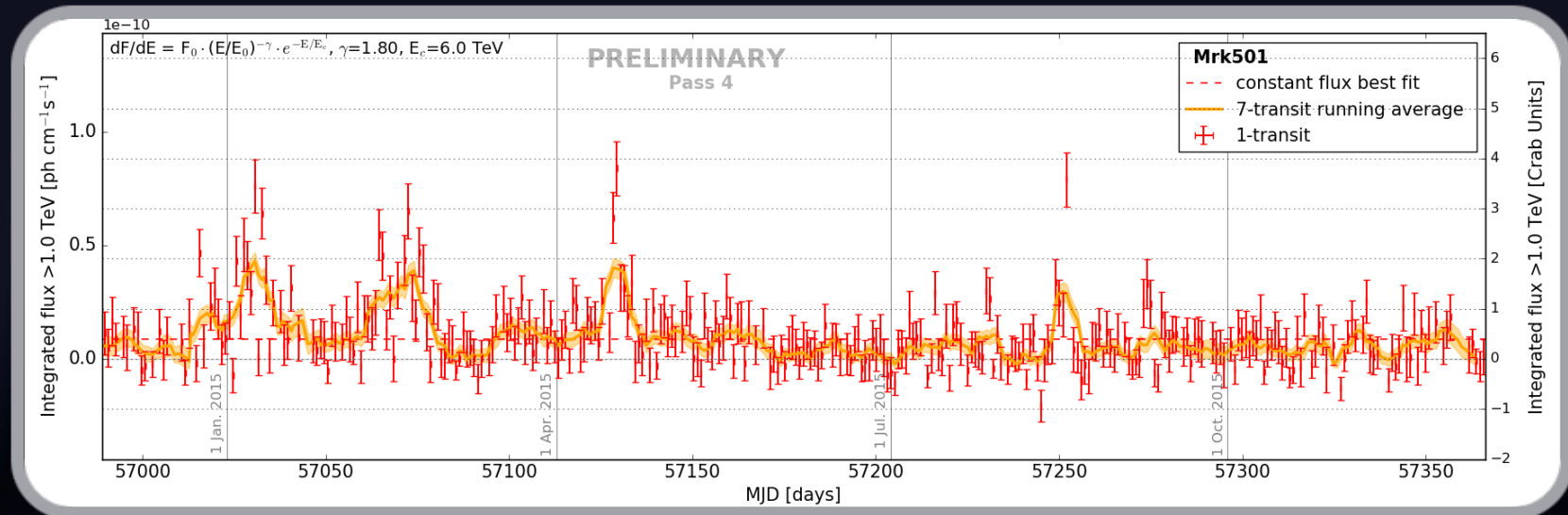
AGN flares with HAWC

Nov 26, 2014 – Dec 9, 2015

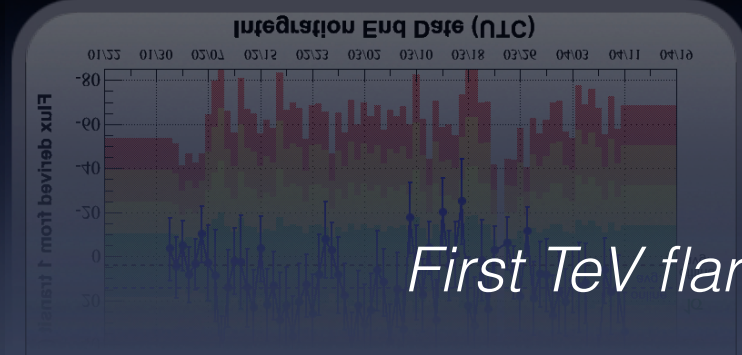
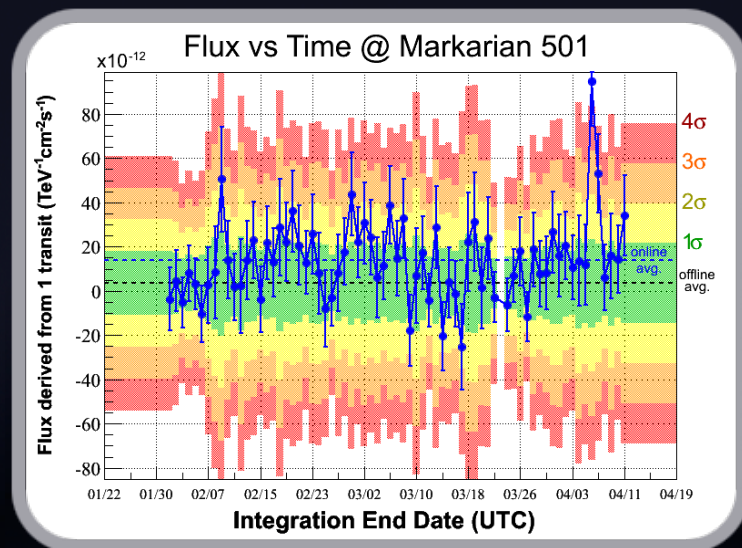


AGN flares with HAWC

Nov 26, 2014 – Dec 9, 2015



AGN flares with HAWC



HAWC detection of increased TeV flux state for Markarian 501

ATel #8922; *Andrés Sandoval (IF-UNAM), Robert Lauer (UNM), Joshua Wood (UMD) on behalf of the HAWC collaboration*
on 7 Apr 2016; 23:38 UT

Credential Certification: C. Michelle Hui (c.m.hui@nasa.gov)

Subjects: Gamma Ray, TeV, VHE, Request for Observations, AGN, Blazar

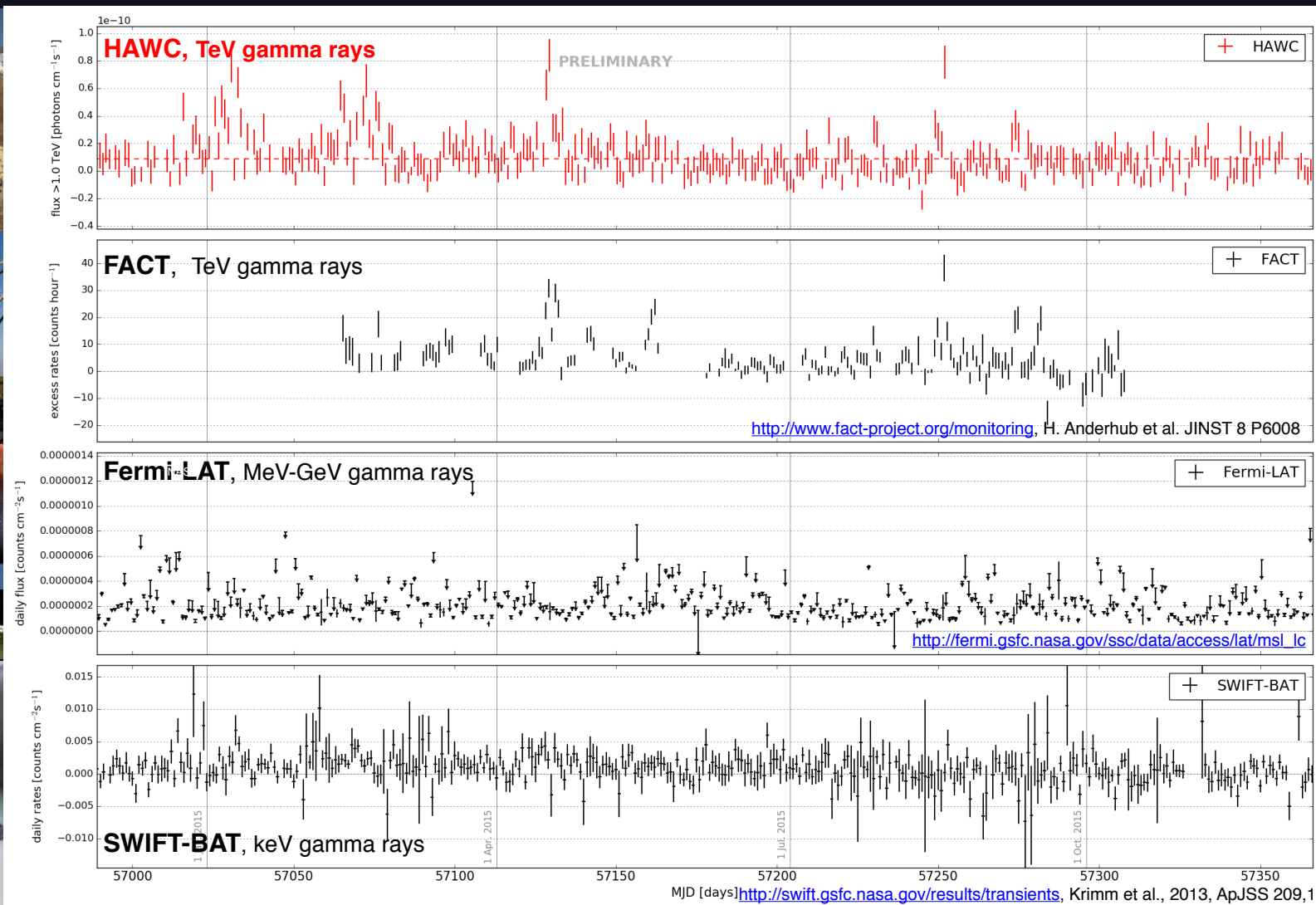
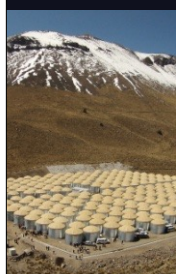
Tweet Recommend 15

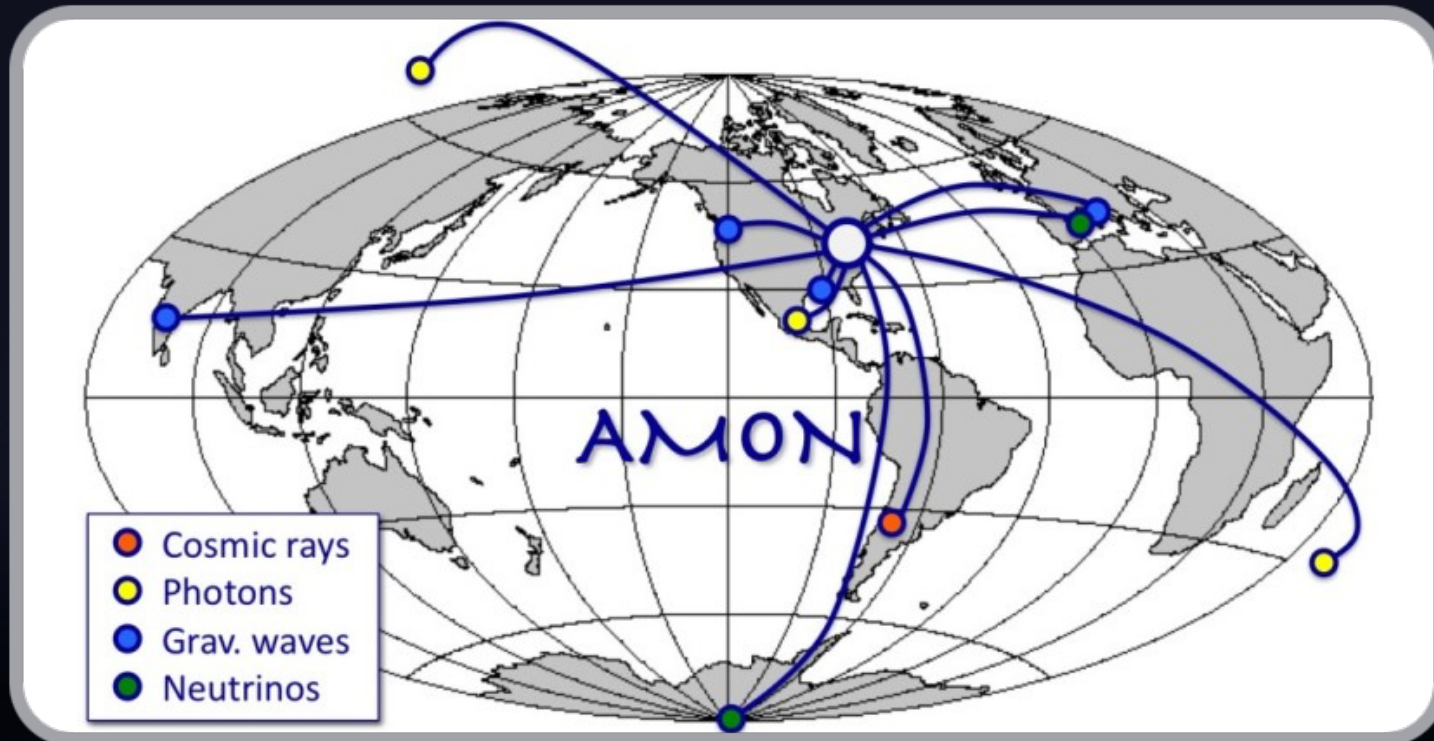
The HAWC Observatory measured an increased gamma-ray flux from the direction of the BL Lac Markarian 501 ($z=0.033$) at the level of $(4.88 \pm 1.05) \times 10^{-11}$ photons $\text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$ above 1 TeV when averaged during the 6 hour transit over HAWC on April 6, 2016 (MJD 57484.31 - 57484.56) which is 2.2 times the average Crab flux observed by HAWC. For the following transit on April 7, 2016 (MJD 57485.30 - 57485.55), a decreased but still above-average flux of $(2.78 \pm 0.09) \times 10^{-11}$ photons $\text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$ was observed, 1.3 times the Crab flux seen by HAWC. The flux on April 6 lies 4 sigma above the average flux of 0.89×10^{-11} photons $\text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$ that was measured for this source by HAWC during the previous year. The flux level on April 7 is 2 sigma above this average and seems to indicate a declining but on-going high flux state. All flux values are obtained from a maximum likelihood fit under the assumption of a fixed spectral shape with power law index of 1.8 and exponential cut-off at 6 TeV. These spectral parameters are the best fit results for HAWC data from Markarian 501 collected between November 2014 and December 2015. HAWC is a TeV gamma ray water Cherenkov array located in the state of Puebla, Mexico that monitors 2/3 of the sky every day with an instantaneous field of view of ~ 2 sr. The HAWC contact people for this analysis are Robert Lauer (University of New Mexico, rjlauer@unm.edu) and Michelle Hui (Marshall Space Flight Center, c.m.hui@nasa.gov).

First TeV flare alert from HAWC!

multi-wavelength studies

Daily Monitoring of Markarian 501

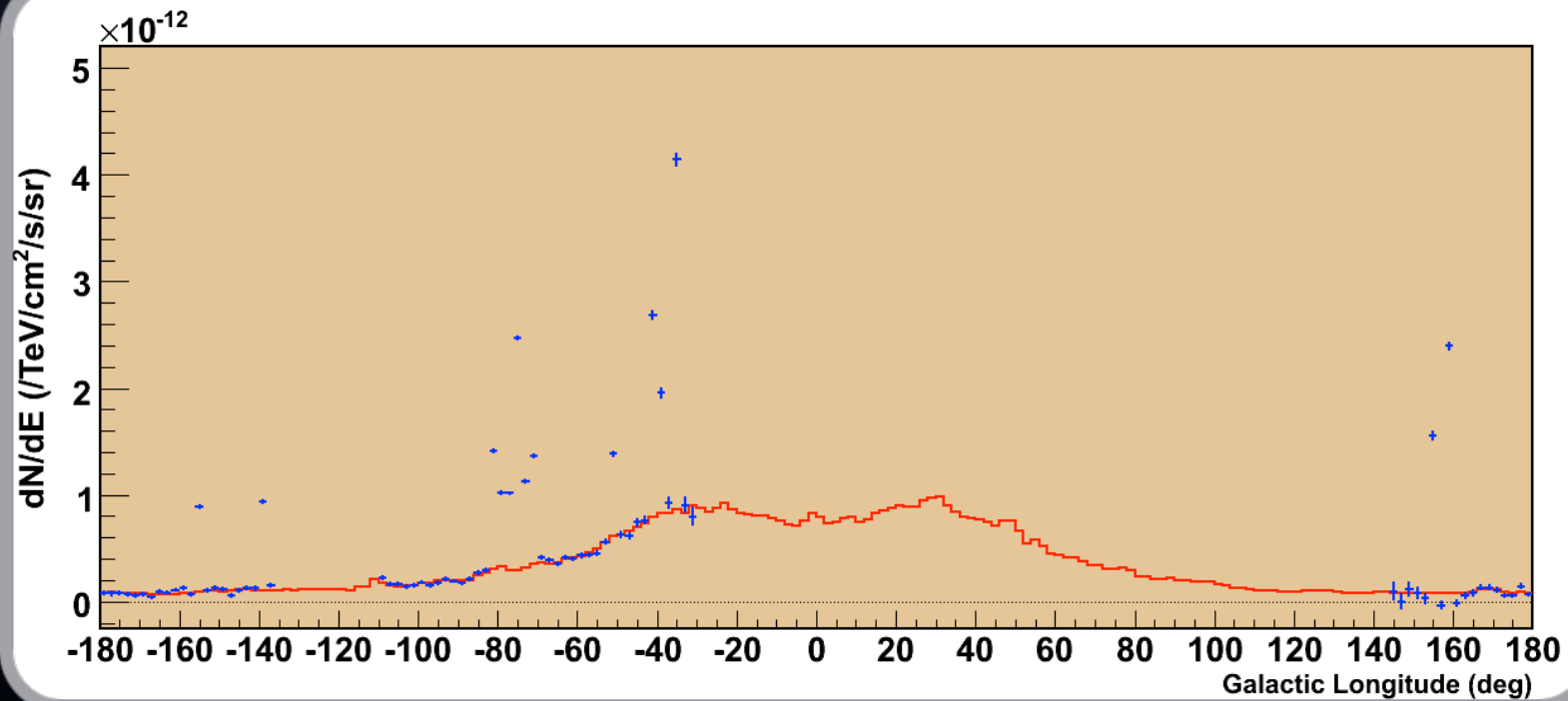




- Neutrinos
- Grav. waves
- Photons

Multi-Messenger Studies

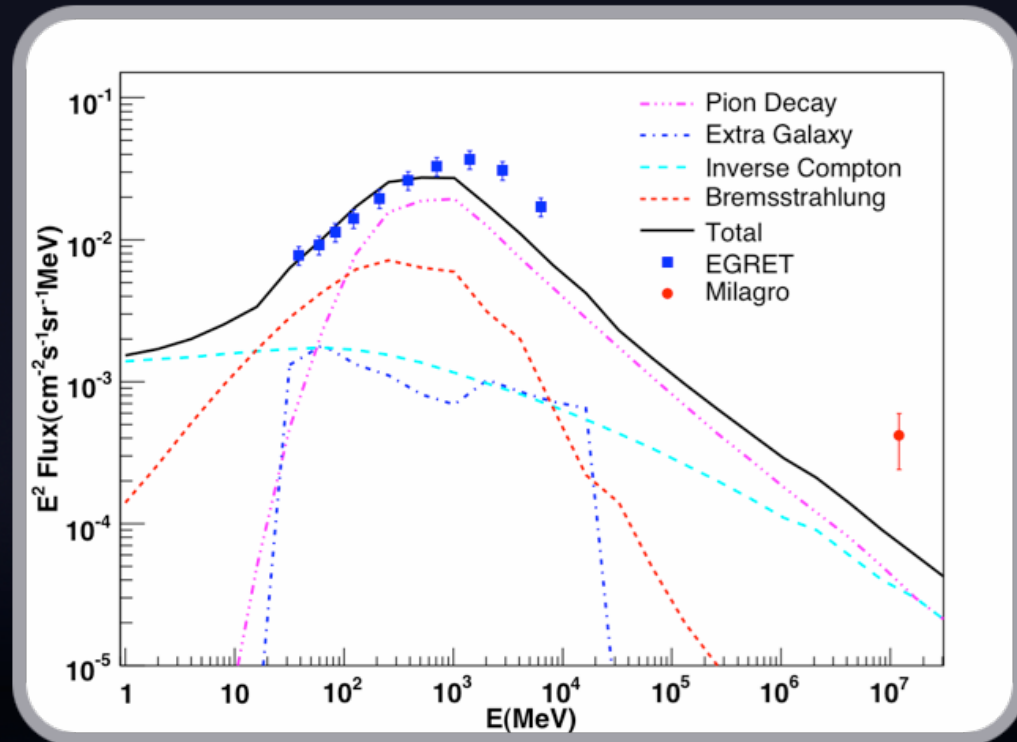
TeV diffuse emission



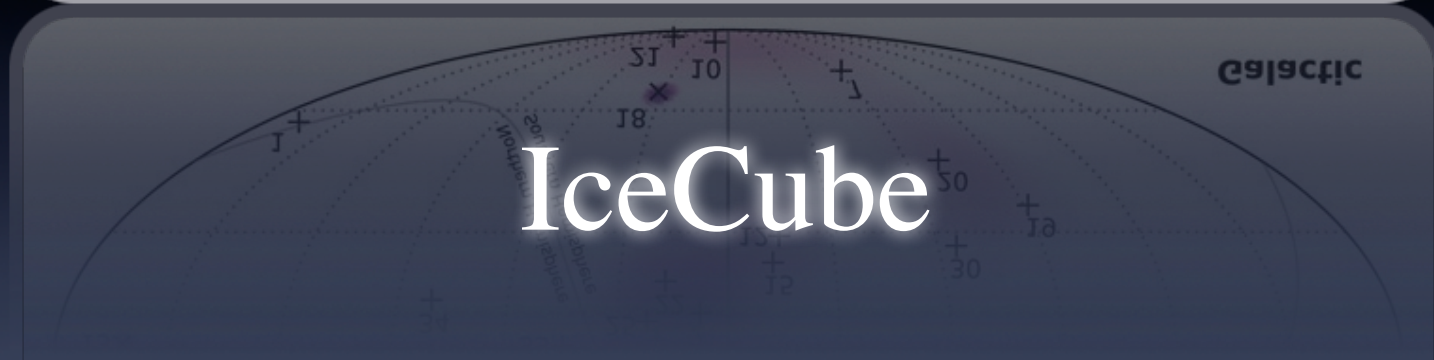
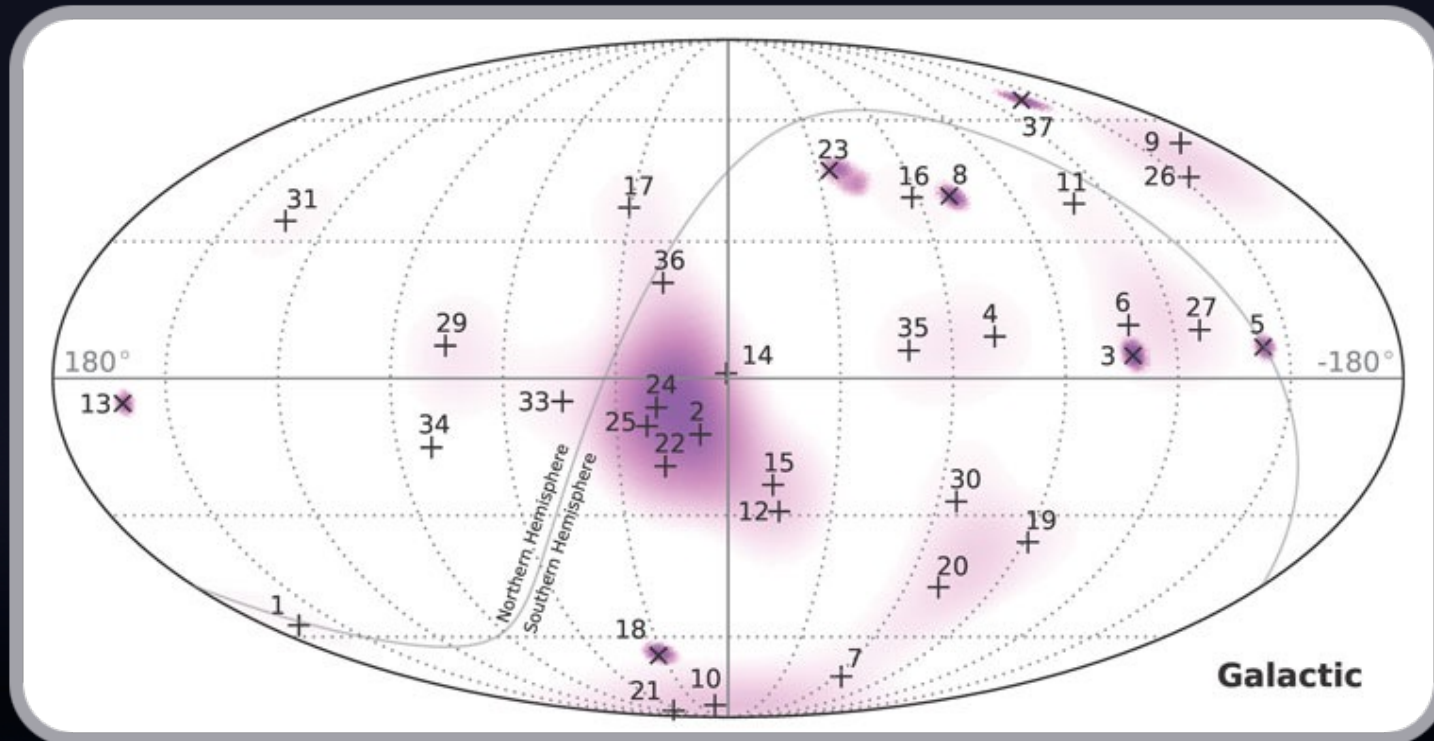
HAWC can map TeV diffuse emission with 2° longitude resolution.

TeV diffuse emission

Whether or not there is a GeV excess, Milagro sees a **TeV excess**.

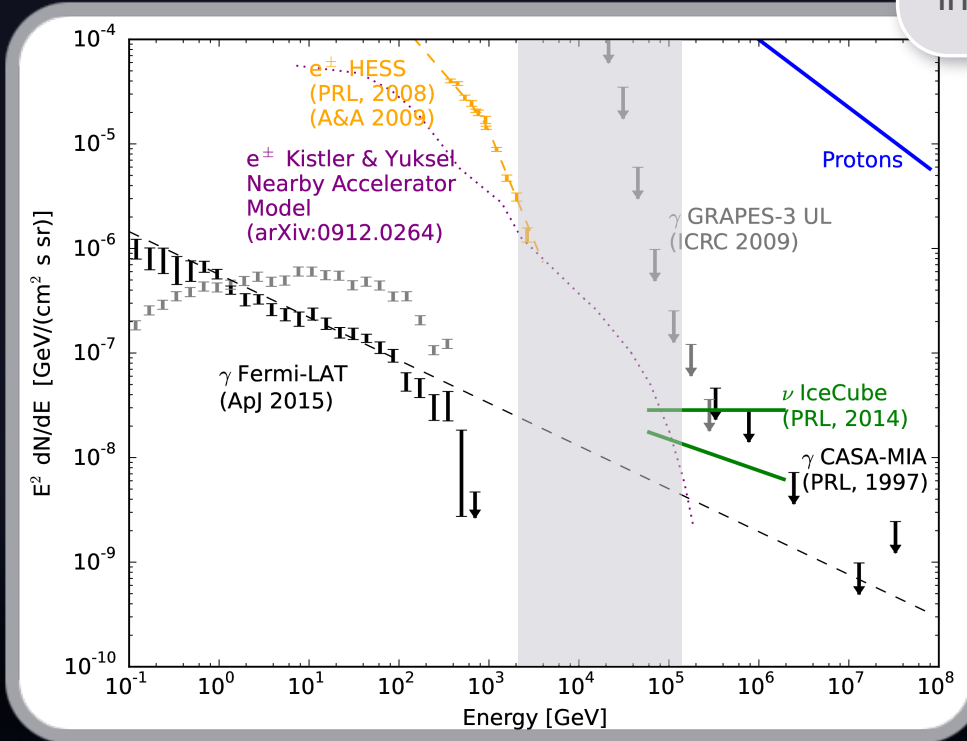


HAWC can map TeV diffuse emission with 2° longitude resolution.



Isotropic Diffuse Emission

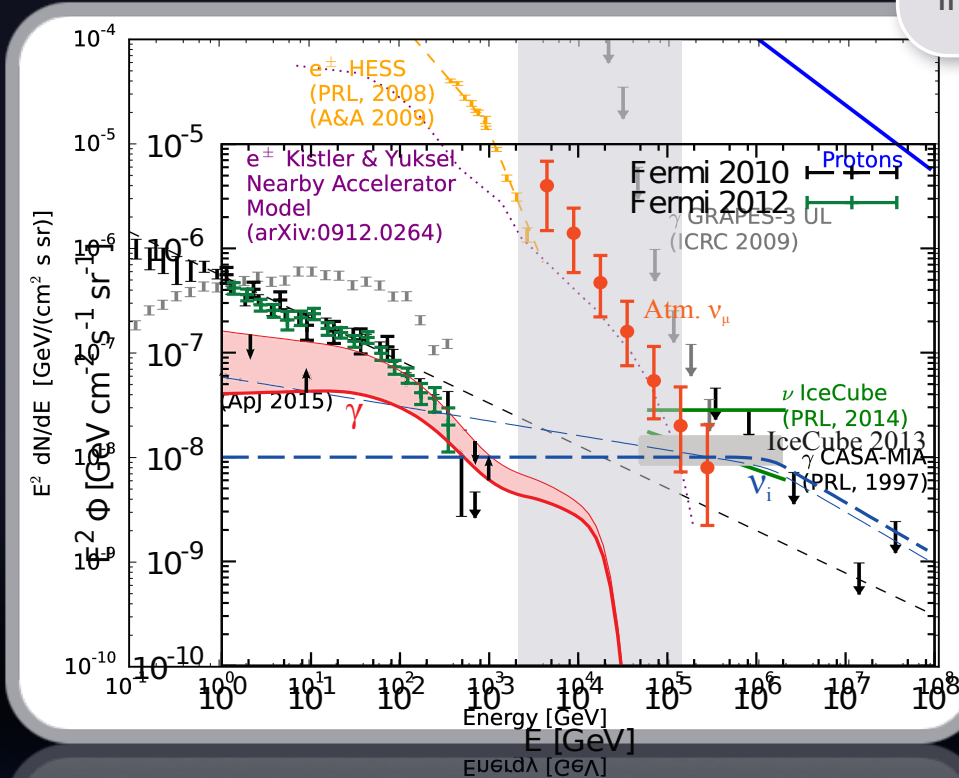
Neither measurements nor limits
in the 10-100 TeV range



connecting HAWC with IC

Isotropic Diffuse Emission

Neither measurements nor limits
in the 10-100 TeV range

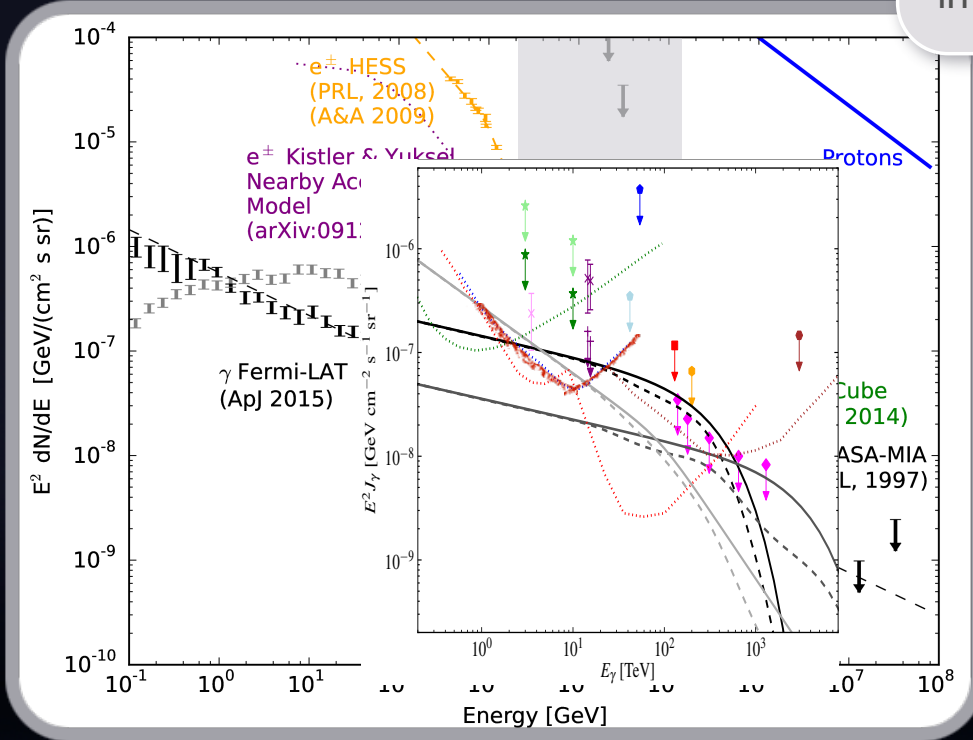


Kohta Murase, M. Ahlers, B.C. Lacki,
Phys. Rev. D 88 (2013) 121301

connecting HAWC with IC

Isotropic Diffuse Emission

Neither measurements nor limits in the 10-100 TeV range

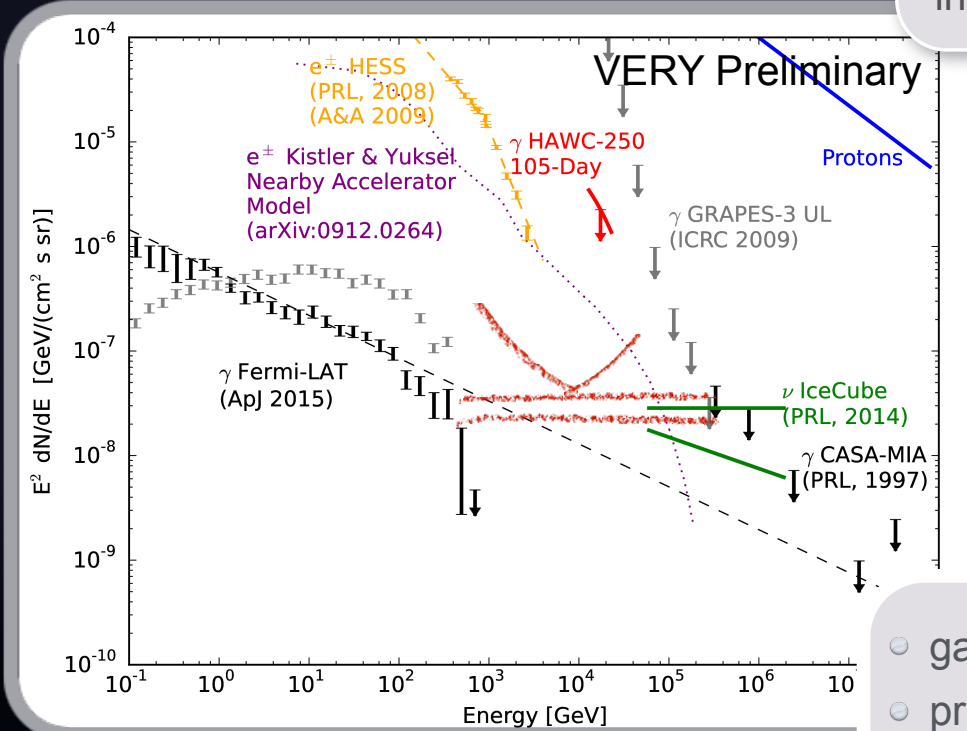


M. Ahlers, Kohta Murase, Phys. Rev. D 90 (2014) 023010

connecting HAWC with IC

Isotropic Diffuse Emission

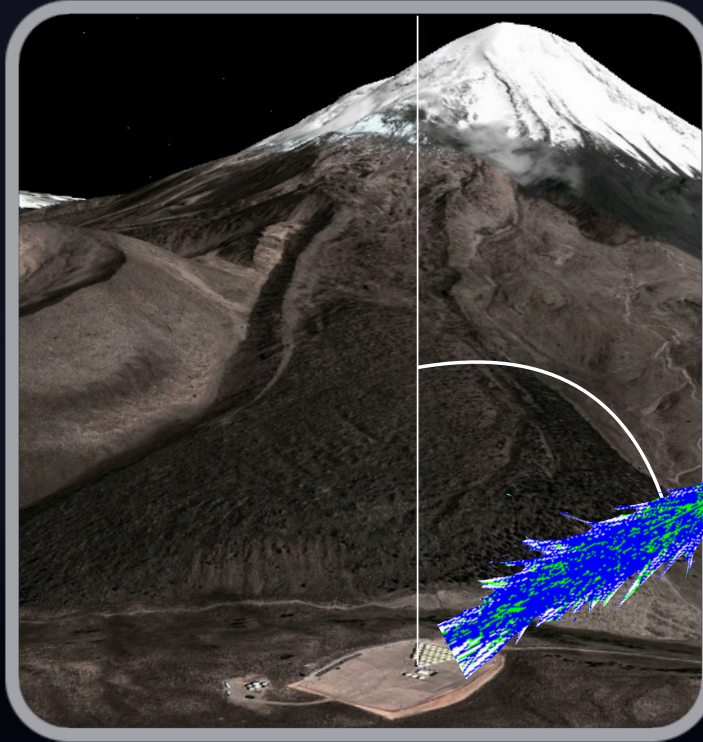
Neither measurements nor limits in the 10-100 TeV range



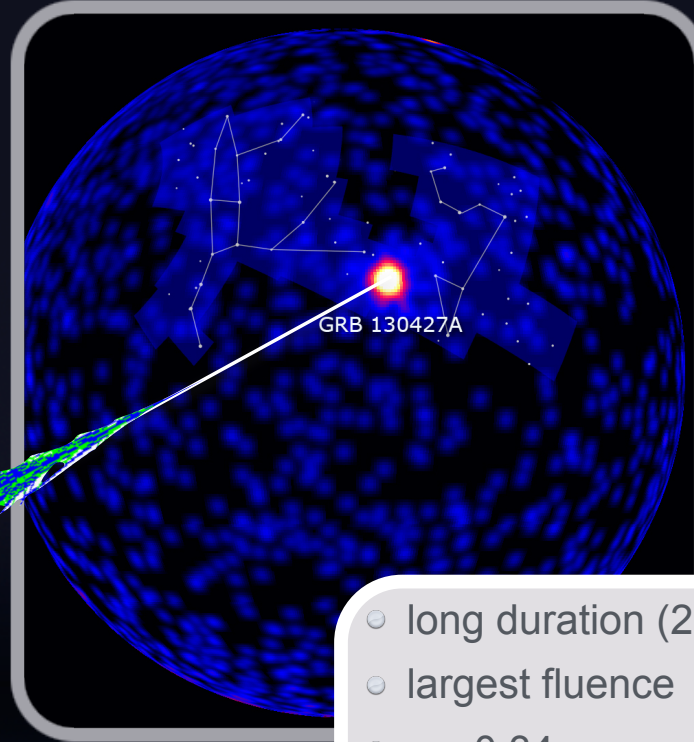
- gamma/hadron separation
- precise understanding of background efficiency

connecting HAWC with IC

GRB 130427A

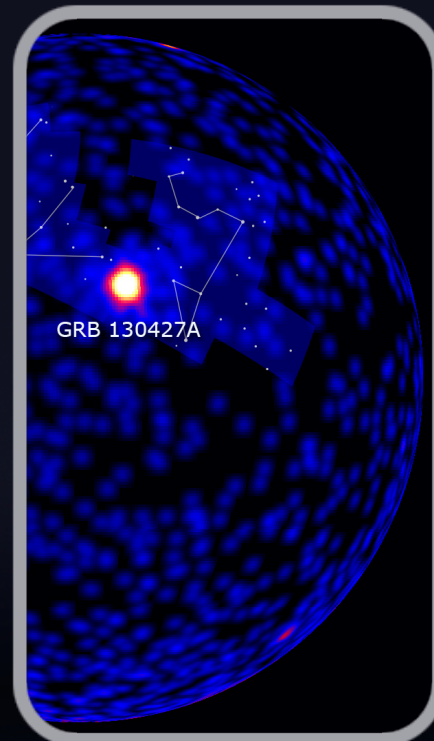
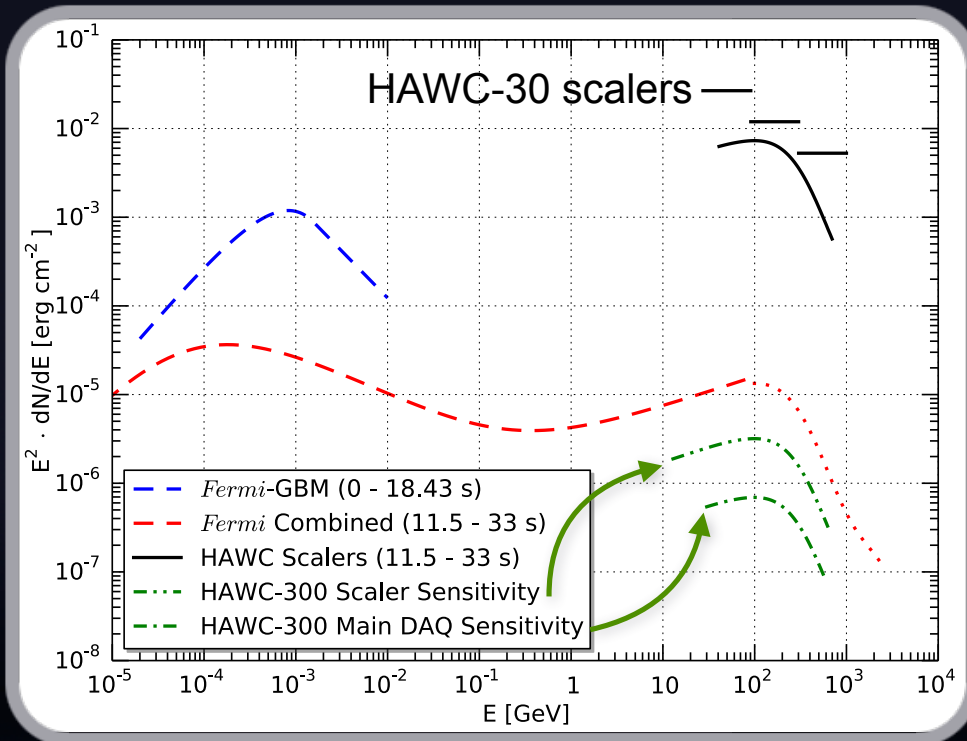


- HAWC-30
- $\theta = 57^\circ$
- only scalars DAQ up



- long duration (20 h)
- largest fluence
- $z = 0.34$
- highest energy photon (95 GeV)

GRB 130427A



- HAWC-30
- $\theta = 57^\circ$
- only scalers DAQ up

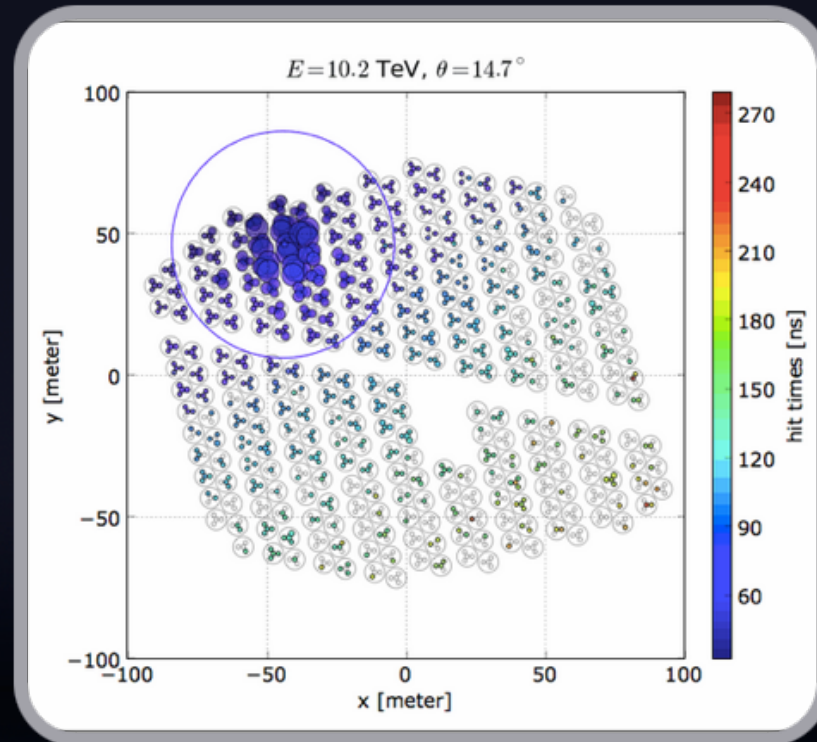
"Search for gamma-rays from the unusually bright GRB 130427A with the HAWC Gamma-ray Observatory,"
The Astrophysical Journal, Volume 800 (2015) Number 2, p78

Improvements...



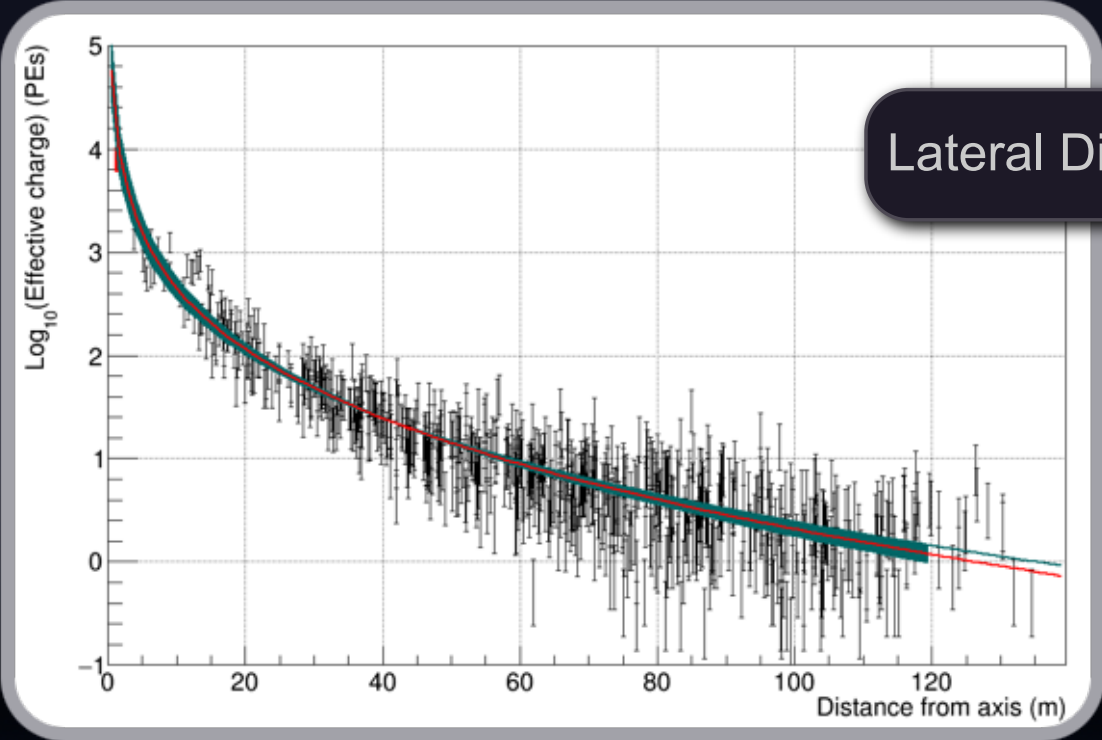
HAWC group at Penn State (2015)

Number of triggered PMTs
is the energy proxy



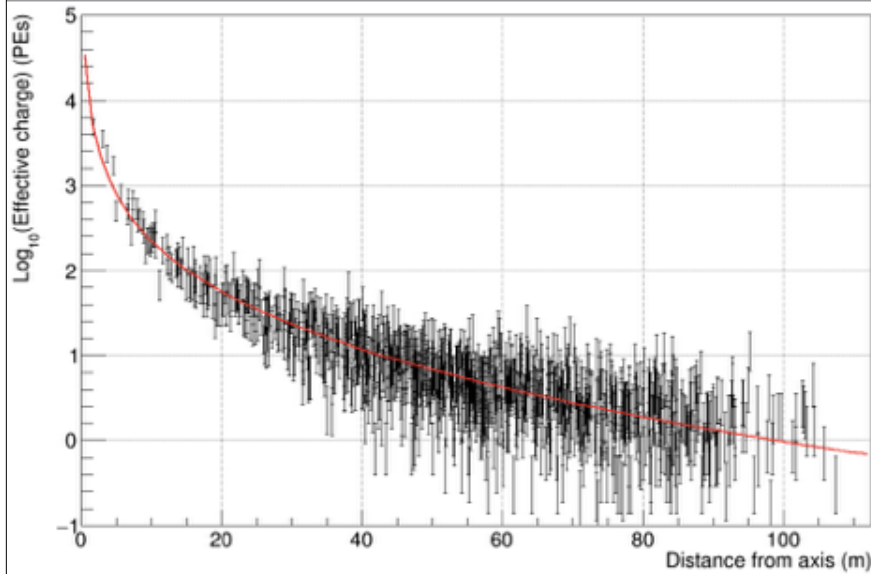
Energy measurement

Lateral Distribution Function



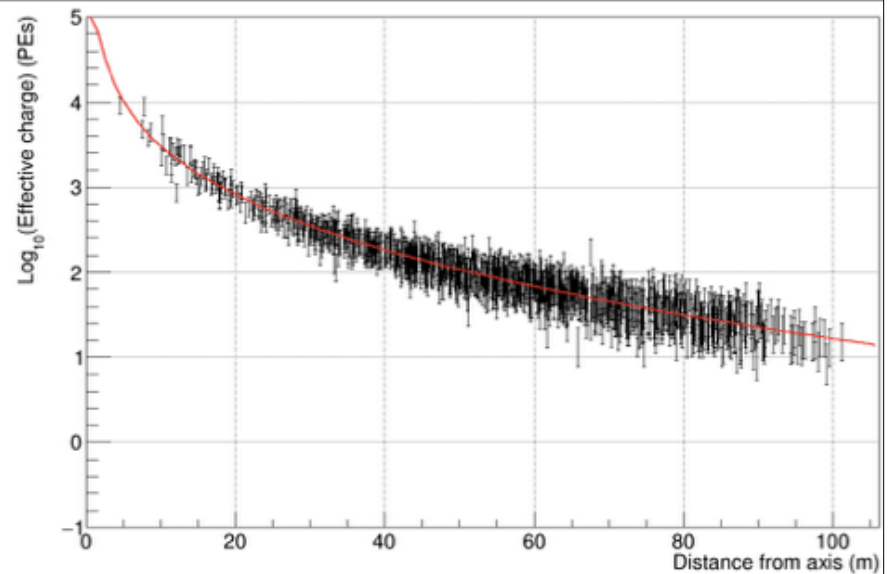
Energy measurement

Preliminary results!



True MC energy 18 TeV

Reconstructed energy 17 TeV



True MC energy 380 TeV

Reconstructed energy 350 TeV

Reconstructed energy 17 TeV

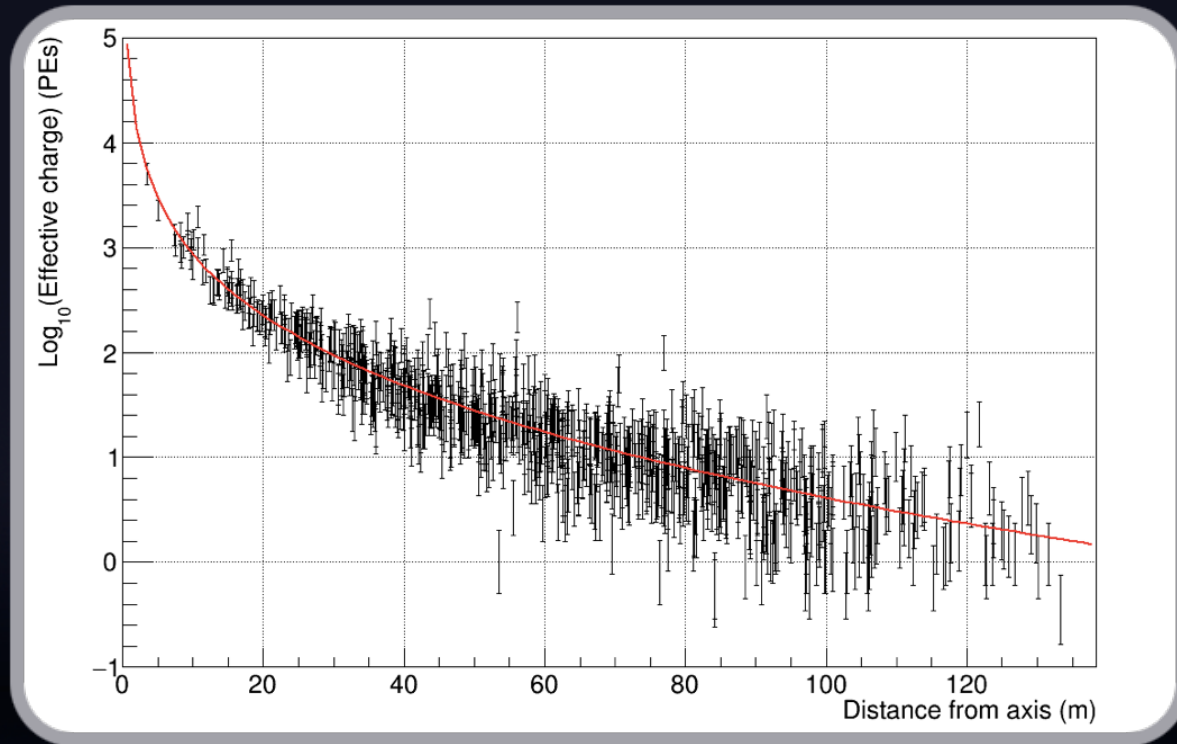
True MC energy 18 TeV

Reconstructed energy 320 TeV

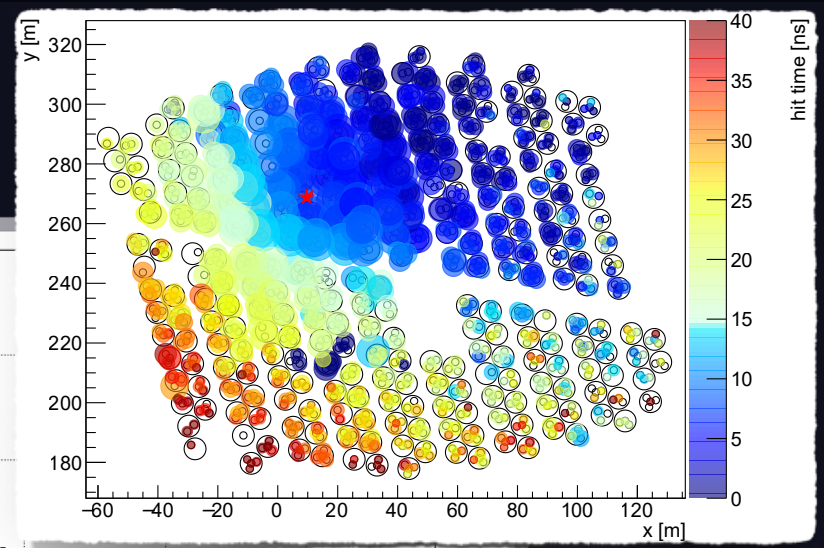
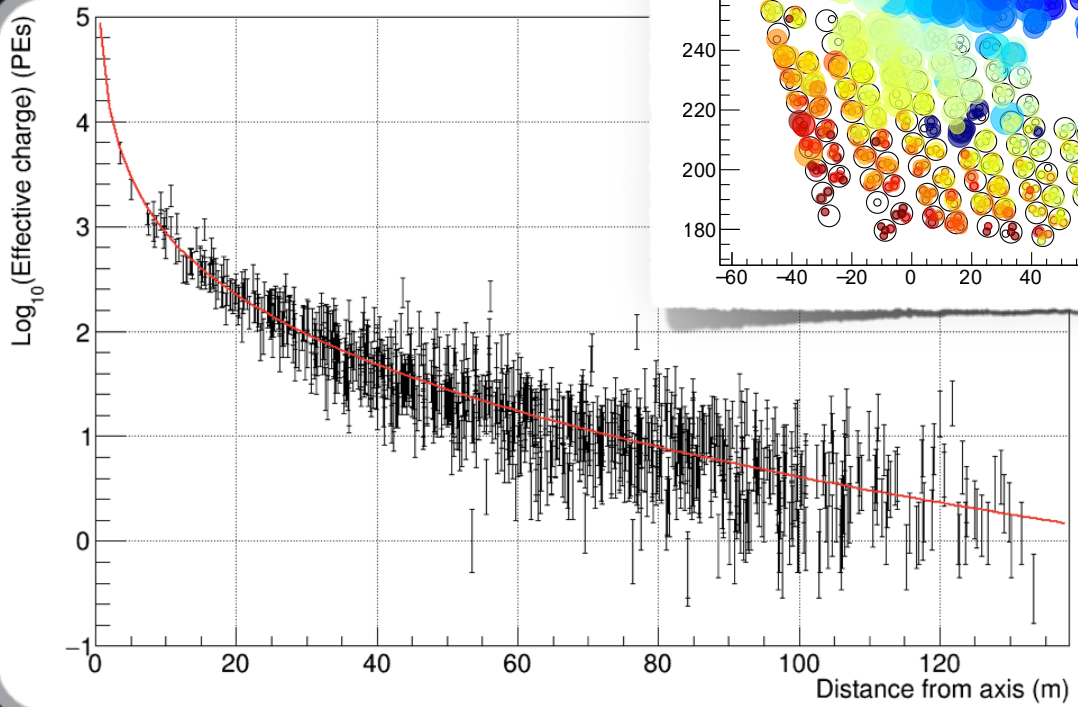
True MC energy 380 TeV

Energy measurement

Preliminary results!

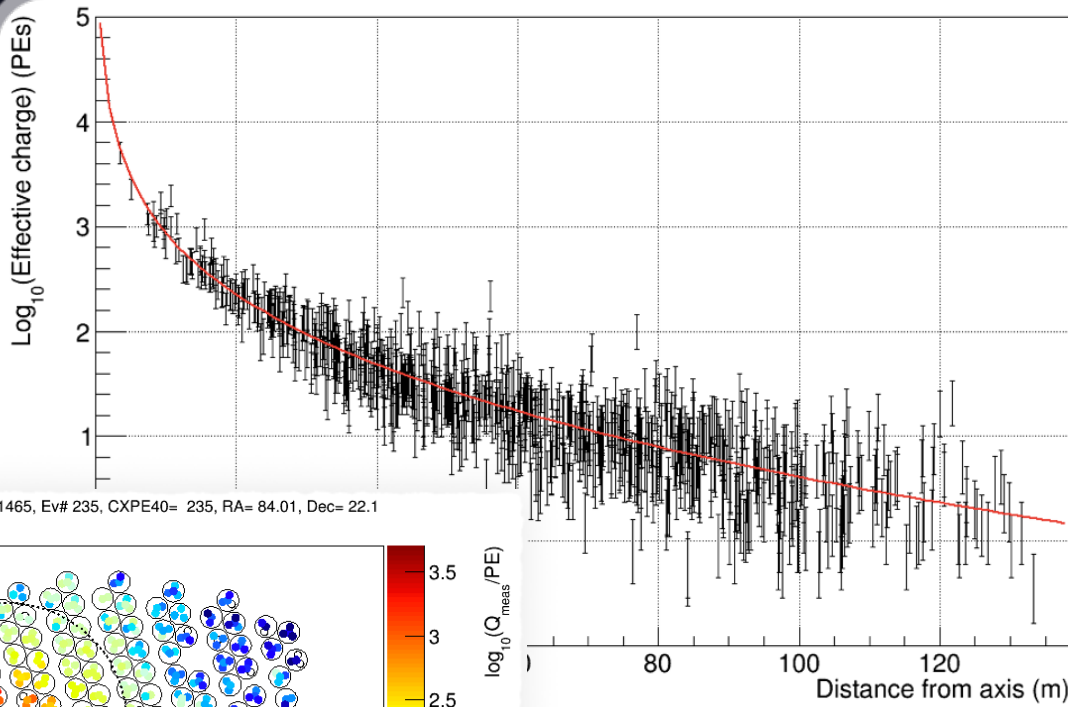


Energy measurement

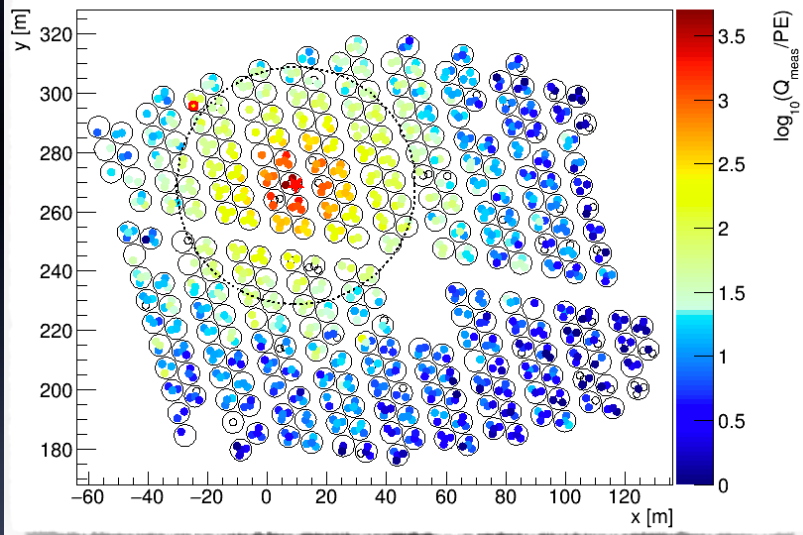


Energy measurement

Preliminary results!



Run 3108, TS 1961465, Ev# 235, CXPE40= 235, RA= 84.01, Dec= 22.1

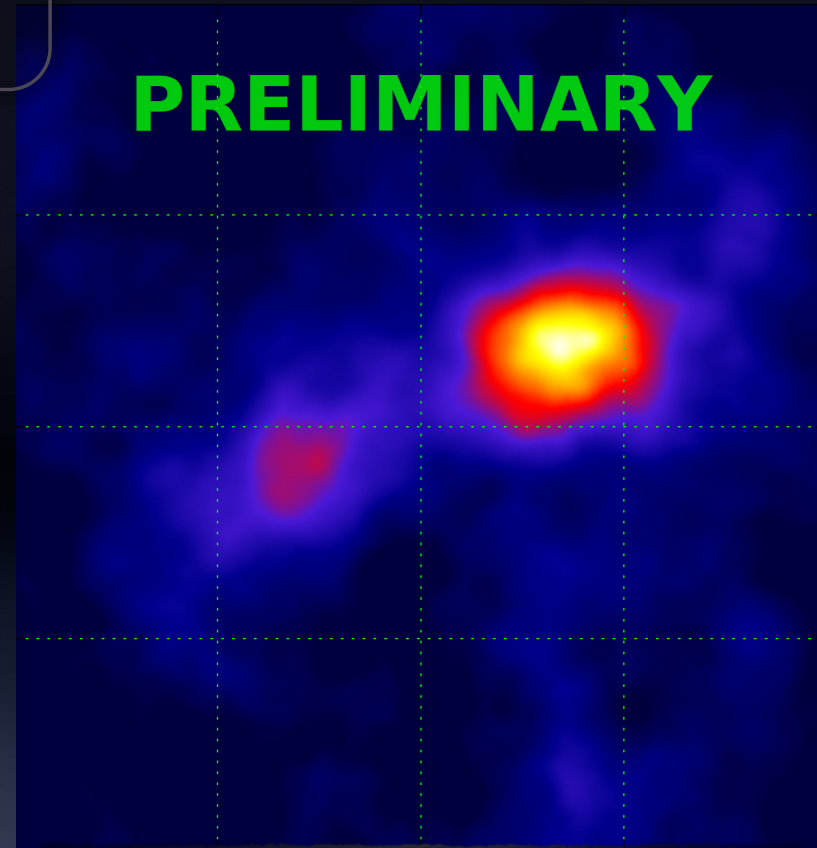


Distance from axis (m)
80 100 150
Measurement

Outlook

Other results

- Dark matter, extended regions, Cosmic rays, ...
- EBL, solar physics, ...



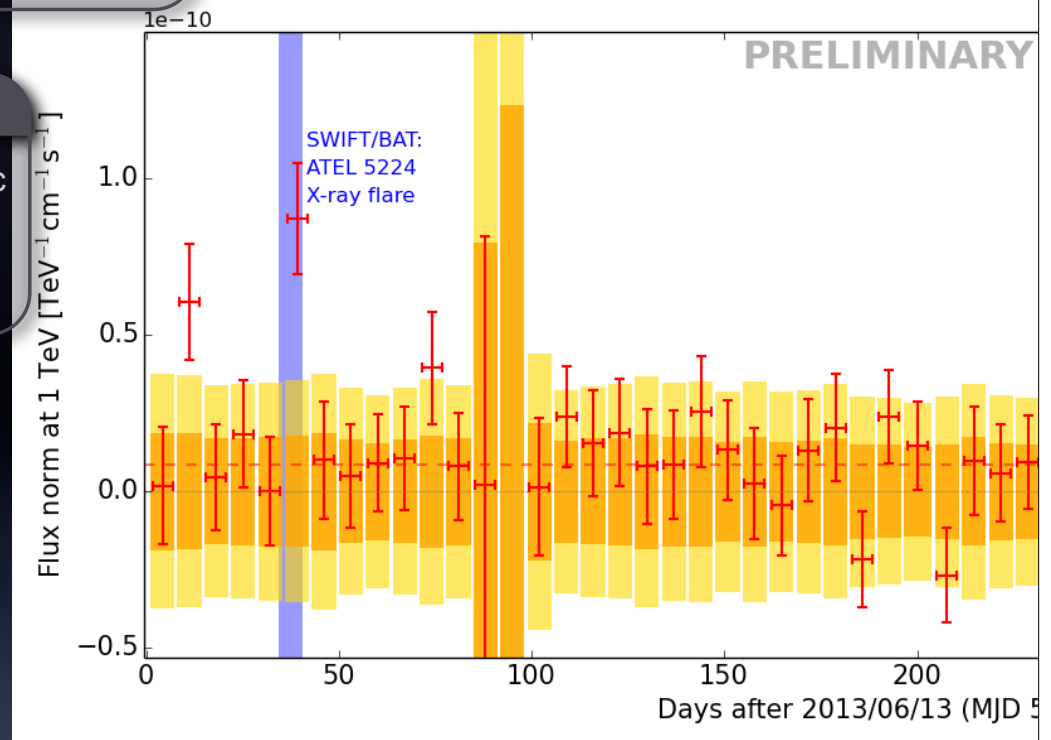
Outlook

Other results

- Dark matter, extended regions, Cosmic rays, ...
- EBL, solar physics, ...

Multi-wavelength physics

- MoUs with IceCube, IACTs, etc
- AMON
- HAWC alerts



Outlo

Other results

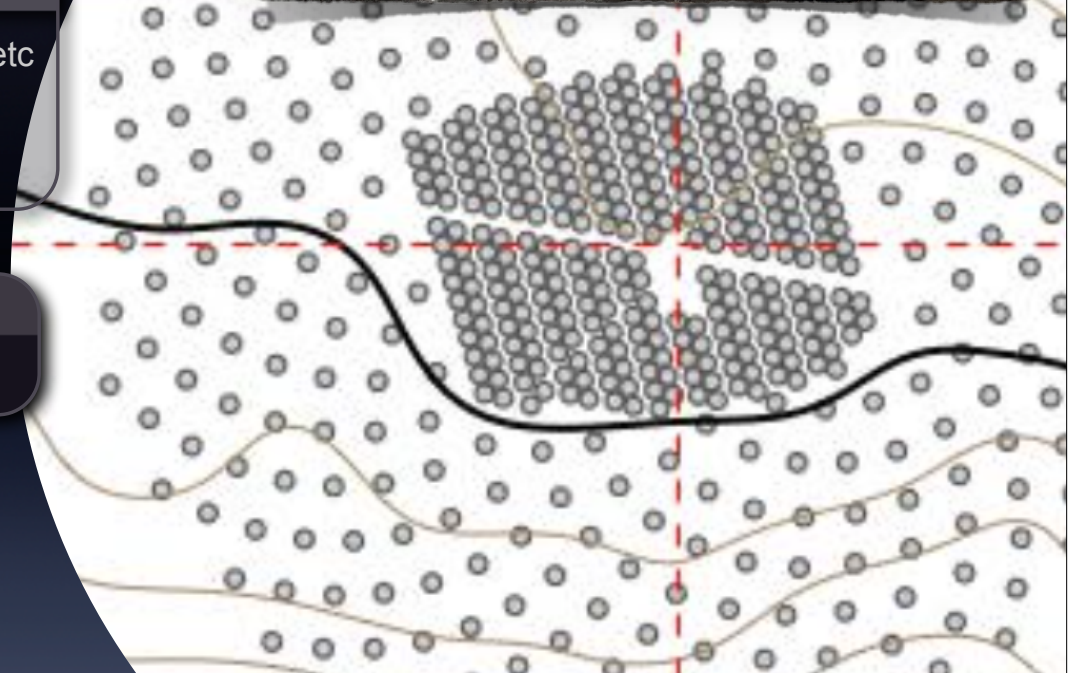
- Dark matter, extended regions, Cosmic rays, ...
- EBL, solar physics, ...

Multi-wavelength physics

- MoUs with IceCube, IACTs, etc
- AMON
- HAWC alerts

Enhancements

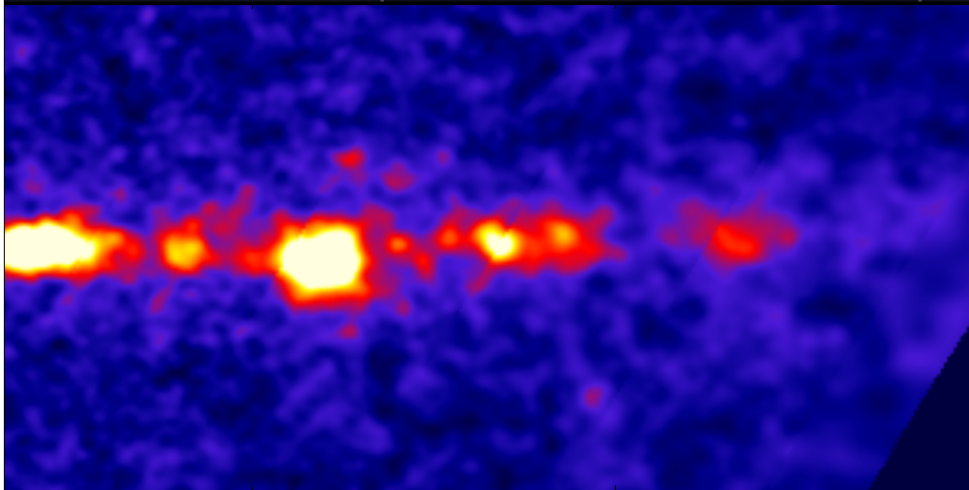
- Array of Outriggers



Outlook

Other results

- Dark matter, extended regions,



Galactic Center

Enhancements

- Array of Outriggers

Future Experiment

- Southern Observatory



Thank you very much